344 BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON LETTUCE
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢

84 DETROIT DARK RED BEET
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢

18 TENDER POD BEAN
Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 lb. 30¢

572 CRIMSON GIANT RADISH
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢
What's it Worth?

What's your garden worth to you? $25? $100? $300? No figure can be correct, because your garden gives you things that money can't buy and whose worth can't be measured.

Of course the money measure is an important one. Most folks with a good sized garden can count on saving at least $200 a year in money they would have had to spend for food. But there are three other things not measurable in cash. Here they are:

First, what could you do with the time you spent in your garden which would be so healthful, and so profitable at the same time?

Second, where but your own garden can you go to pick beans off the plant a half hour before you eat them? Fresh vegetables are delicious' vegetables; stale vegetables can never satisfy the man who's had a garden. Canned peas taste about as much like fresh peas as canned milk tastes like fresh milk.

Third, if you've had a taste of Jubilee tomato, or Tender Pod bean, or Maule's Perfection muskmelon, where will you find these wonderful Maule specialties on the market? These and other desirable garden favorites are just not commercial varieties, and if you have found them as toothsome and as hard to forget as most people, it would be sad indeed to be without them because you didn't grow them yourself.

So a garden is worth money, it's worth health, and it's worth intense satisfaction to you. Make it bigger and better than ever this year.

Free Seeds

Again this year, as in so many years past, Wm. Henry Maule expresses gratitude for loyalty with a free packet of finest flower seeds. This year's gift will be mixed colors of

Carnation Flowered Marigolds with odorless foliage.

Colors in this fine mixture range from deep orange through bright yellow to pale primrose. The plants grow 2½ ft. tall, and the blossoms are 3 in. across, appearing freely over a long blooming period.

As an EXTRA GIFT, in addition to the marigolds, we will include a free Surprise Packet of some of our finest and most expensive flower seeds. Remember, every customer will receive these two free packets of valuable flower seeds with his order.

Postal Notes

We call to your attention a new method of making remittances by mail. Postal notes sold by the post office are much more convenient and less expensive than money orders, and they are perfectly safe.

The Sign of the Four-Leaf Clover

Occasionally, through this catalog, the four-leaf clover symbol appears after a variety name. This symbol is a guide for you when you are uncertain about which variety to choose among several in a class. The ♟ indicates a double choice. It signifies public approval of the variety in terms of quantity purchased; and at the same time it expresses our own recommendation of the variety for a wide range of soil and weather conditions.

The Maule Guarantee

We guarantee the vitality and purity of Maule's seeds and bulbs to the full amount of the purchase price.

We guarantee to refill your order or refund—any time within a year—the full amount paid us for seeds, bulbs, or roots, if you are not satisfied with the results.

We send you only the highest quality seeds and bulbs and gladly stand back of them. But weather, soil, and care also influence crops, so in no case shall we be responsible for any amount beyond the sum you actually pay us for the seeds, bulbs, or roots.

Maturity Dates

With each description of vegetable seeds we show the number of days to maturity. These figures are an average and were determined at Philadelphia. More northern climates generally induce quicker maturity, and more southern somewhat slower maturity. In the case of tomatoes, and other types started first and then transplanted, the maturity is gauged from the transplanting date.

We Prepay Transportation

Everything in this catalog is sold with the understanding that we will prepay transportation charges anywhere in the United States. We may send shipments by parcel post or by express, but in either case the prices we list in this catalog show your whole expenditure. There are no "extras"; everything is prepaid to you when you order from this seed book.

Copyright, 1945

WM. HENRY MAULE CO. 4015 CLARISSA ST. PHILADELPHIA 32, PA.
Hybrid Cucumber

Resists cucumber diseases

We'd like nothing better than to claim this outstanding breeding achievement for our own. It is the kind of advancement in the seed world that changes the whole growing procedure as radically and as wonderfully as hybrid corn has changed the growing of our nation's corn crop. But this new hybrid cucumber was bred by Burpee, and is such a great stride forward that we are glad to acknowledge its origin, and to present it enthusiastically to our customers.

The remarkable thing about the Burpee Hybrid cucumber is the fact that it is resistant to the diseases which have plagued cucumber growers for many years. There are three principal cucumber diseases—bacterial wilt, downy mildew, and mosaic. When your vines shiver and die rapidly and disastrously at an early age, or just as they are beginning to bear, one of these three diseases is most likely the cause. It has been astonishing even to breeders whose stock in trade is plant miracles to see what a decisive comparison exists between this new hybrid and all other commercial varieties. The plants remain green and producing long after all others are dead. In a field of cucumber trials nothing could be more impressive than to look across the rows on September 1st and see desolation and death everywhere except for those rows of lush green foliage where the hybrid cucumber still grew freely and without hindrance from disease.

It is perfectly true that this hybrid will eventually succumb to disease, but under most conditions you can expect a month additional production from these resistant plants. This is often the means of doubling, tripling, or quadrupling your crop, or even of harvesting a good crop where absolutely none could be grown of ordinary cucumbers.

We have seen these facts repeated three successive years in our trials, and we have reports from experiment stations in all parts of the country which wholly substantiate our own observations.

This cucumber is of the white spine, slicing type, grows 8 in. long and 2 1/4 in. thick. It is of excellent type and quality, being blunt at both ends, and of a fine, dark green color. First fruits may be harvested in about 60 days from planting, and we feel sure that you who plant this great, new cucumber will find that you have a multitude of fruits to pick and to give to your neighbors long after their own vines have withered.

Burpee Hybrid cucumber carries our highest recommendation, and we are sorry that the intricate production problems connected with this seed crop make it impossible for either the producers or ourselves to offer it in larger than packet quantities this year.

Pkt. (30 seeds) 25¢.

730 Fordhook Hybrid Tomato

Every seed from a hand pollinated fruit (60 days)

Introduced in 1945, this new tomato is another hybrid, setting a new standard of excellence for this vegetable. The magic vigor of first generation hybrid plants makes new things possible in familiar crops. Fordhook Hybrid is early, in season with Earliblan, and yet it is much better quality, more nearly round in shape, and vastly more prolific. It yields more fruits than any standard variety on the market, regardless of maturity. These fruits are red, weigh about 5 oz., and have a good interior. The plants grow 2 ft. high and spread as much as 5 ft., providing a luxuriant growth of foliage to protect the fruits. A considerable degree of wilt resistance makes this the first really early tomato with the resistant characteristic. Because this seed must always be produced painstakingly by hand pollination, the amount available is small. Order early to avoid disappointment.

In packets only. Pkt. (30 seeds) 25¢.
Maule Grows Westward

NEW SEED HOUSE OPENS AT CLINTON, IOWA

This year Maule establishes a seed house in Clinton, Iowa, the seed center of the Middle West. Our new enterprise is of immediate benefit to both our western customers and those in the East. The shorter distance mail must travel will greatly increase the speed of delivery for those who live west of Ohio, while the relief in the heavy concentration of our steadily growing business will also benefit our friends who send their orders to Philadelphia.

If you live west of Ohio, send your order to Clinton, Iowa, for best service. If you live in Ohio, or east of that state, continue to send your orders to Philadelphia. Customers who live outside the United States should also send their orders to Philadelphia as usual.

Maule’s new seed house is a natural continuation of our policy of finest service since 1877.

A new Bush Lima and a new Lettuce

**56 Fordhook 242 Bush Lima**

A new and superior Fordhook selection (75 days)

*All-America Bronze Medal Winner.* A new selection of the famous old Fordhook bush lima bean. This selection has as its chief superiority the ability to make a crop under conditions where the other thick-seeded limas fail. Even where Fordhook makes a good crop, the new Fordhook 242 consistently outyields it. The quality is high, the seed holds its green color for a long time, and the shelled seed is indistinguishable from standard Fordhook. Grow 20 in. tall and spread 2 ft. Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; 1 lb. 60¢; 2 lbs. $1.15; 5 lbs. $2.75.

**321 Imperial 456 Lettuce**

A new, sure heading, crisp lettuce (90 days)

We are pleased to report that in the crisp head lettuce class in our 1945 trials Imperial 456 was not only superior to others of the Imperial group, but also in our opinion the best head lettuce of the year. It made the highest percentage of heads, and they held an unusually long time in marketable condition. Detailed description on page 27.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢.
Maule's Specialties

655 Jubilee Tomato
Vivid, brilliant orange color (72 days)

The success of this new variety is phenomenal. For many years there has been a preference for red tomatoes, but the brilliance of Jubilee's appetizing orange color is something so new and refreshing that it has placed this variety in a position of great importance in just three seasons. In addition to their superb color, Jubilee fruits are very large, smooth, and extremely solid. The canned juice is delightfully mild and flavorful. The plants are vigorous, spreading, and very heavy yielding. If you've never tried Jubilee you have a real treat in store for you.

Pkt. $1.50; 1/4 oz. 40¢; 1/2 oz. 75¢; 1 oz. $1.40; 1/4 lb. $4.20.

18 Tender Pod Bean
The finest bush bean in the world (48 days)

We have good reason to say that Tender Pod is the finest bush bean in the world, because it is the result of a world-wide search which ended in the selection of this splendid variety from the Netherlands. It is a velvety green pod bean, with relatively small pods, 4 1/2 to 5 in. long, and with long, distinctive tips. It is supremely tender, wholly free from strings or fiber, and good to eat for an incredibly long period. The yield is the highest of any early bean, and it produces pods over a very extended growing period. In just 4 years Tender Pod has assumed leadership of all bush beans.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. $2.25.

196 Silver Cross Bantam Sweet Corn
The leading white sweet corn (85 days)

Tender kernels, a pure white color, high yield and supreme quality make this hybrid sweet corn the best you can grow. Silver Cross Bantam is midseason in maturity, produces sturdy, wind-resistant plants, and is capable of making a crop under very severe conditions. It is heat and drought resistant, and immune to bacterial wilt. But even more desirable than its high degree of dependability is its superiority to all other white corns in eating quality. Ears are 8 in. long with 12 or 14 rows of broad white kernels. Most corn is in prime condition only a few days, but Silver Cross Bantam is sweet and tender until the kernels actually reach the dough stage.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 lb. 40¢; 1 lb. 75¢; 2 lbs. $1.40; 5 lbs. $3.20; 10 lbs. $6.00.

327 Deer Tongue Lettuce
A distinctly different leaf lettuce (80 days)

Leaves are of an unusual oval shape with a rounded tip. The color is quite a dark green, and the leaves are unusually thick, flavorful, and succulent. This variety reaches maturity slower than other types of leaf lettuce, and remains in prime condition much longer into hot weather.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/2 lb. 75¢; 1 lb. $1.40; 5 lb. $2.60.
Both Old and New

145 Maule's Golden Rod
Famous half-long carrot (75 days)

Long ago, in 1900, Wm. Henry Maule personally located and brought this wonderful carrot to this country from France. The roots grow from 7 to 8 in. long, and 2 to 2 1/2 in. thick at the shoulder. They are sweet, mild, and of excellent quality. Golden Rod gained popularity through merit, and has kept it 40 years because it still has real superiority.

Plt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; 1/2 lb. $1.25.

634 Butternut Squash
New variety of supreme quality, Winter keeper (85 days)

Everybody has his own favorite variety of squash, but lots of us will have to change favorites upon Butternut's arrival. It is just as rich in flavor as its name indicates. Five in. thick and 12 in. long, it's solid, very fine grained, and a wonderful baking variety.

Plt. 15¢; oz. 60¢; 1/2 lb. $1.75.

560 Cheyenne Bush
Quality pumpkin; bush type plants (100 days)

For small gardens this new variety is ideal. Cheyenne Bush takes no more space than the bush type summer squash, yet it produces the finest quality pie pumpkins you can grow. The fruits are small, shaped like Small Sugar, and just right for baking one or two pies. Good winter keeper. A very desirable and worthwhile introduction.

Plt. 15¢; 1 oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 90¢.

131 Maule's Surehead
Time tested cabbage variety (90 days)

The 69 years which have passed since Maule introduced this variety serve to emphasize its worth. The large, flattened, 10 lb. heads are still among the most popular and reliable of all varieties. Its solidity makes it a good keeper. Nearly three generations of gardeners recommend Surehead to you.

Plt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; 1/2 lb. $1.35.

Remember this one?

There's a fondness for old woodcuts which makes this old-timer a pleasure to see again. It was made in 1891.

WM. HENRY MAULE, PHILADELPHIA, PA., AND CLINTON, IOWA
Vegetables

Maule helps you choose the most popular and desirable varieties by marking them with the four-leaf clover symbol wherever they appear in the catalog.

Maule's descriptions are honest and complete. You will notice at the heading of each description that we give you assistance in planning your garden by stating the number of days generally required to bring that variety to maturity. In the case of cabbage, tomato, etc., the number of days shown refers to the time between transplanting and maturity.

Cultural instructions are printed on every seed packet, giving the time and method of planting, together with suggestions for the care of the growing crop. Free leaflets are listed on the index page. You are invited to include requests for those you want with your order.

Asparagus

Asparagus is a long-term project, but like anything else worth while it repays patience handsomely. An established bed will last for many years, each new crop repaying with interest the initiative that started it going. The cutting season continues for 7 to 8 weeks, beginning very early in the spring. Mary Washington has replaced all other varieties of asparagus because the shoots are larger, thicker and more uniform. This variety is practically immune to rust and other diseases. The delicious flavor and tenderness of the dark green shoots are unsurpassed, and their straight, tall growth makes them most attractive. Planting instructions accompany each shipment.

69B56 Mary Washington Roots

These strong, vigorous roots save you a year's wait in comparison with seed plantings, although first cuttings (next year) should be very limited in order to allow the plants to develop fully. We offer extra large one-year-old roots which transplant much better than two-year-olds. Older plants receive considerable shock in transplanting, and experiment stations recommend year-old roots exclusively.

25 for $1.25; 50 for $2.10; 100 for $3.50. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

4 Mary Washington Seed

Sow early in the spring, in rows 1 1/2 to 2 ft. apart, placing the seeds 1 in. apart and 1 in. deep. Keep weeds eliminated. A packet produces about 200 roots for transplanting, an ounce, 750. First cuttings may be made the third season and regular cuttings each year thereafter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; 1/2 lb. 50¢; 1 lb. 95¢; 1 lb. $1.80.

Soy Beans

Simplicity of planting and tending makes soy beans a gardener's delight. Plant them about 2 in. apart and 2 in. deep in rows 24 to 36 in. apart. They come up rapidly and grow swiftly, easily outdistancing weeds. Through poor soil, drought, wind, hail, insects and burning heat the plants survive where almost any other garden plant fails. Pods hang high and in great profusion. A packet plants about 25 ft.; 1/2 lb. 100 ft.; 60 lbs. to the acre. Use both for green shell and dry shell beans.

34 Bansei *

(96 days) Bansei is the variety most people have planted because it is adapted to the widest range of climatic conditions. It is early, vigorous, and very heavy yielding. Plants grow 24 to 30 in. tall, requiring no support. Pods are short, fuzzy and multitudinous, and contain two or three oval green beans. At maturity the beans turn pale yellow and become round. Heat and drought resistant.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 35¢; 2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. $1.50; 10 lbs. $2.75.

26 Funk Delicious

(111 days) Excellent for central and southern states. Plants grow 30 to 36 in. tall and stand without support. Pods contain 2 or 3 large, plump beans, rich in oil and delicately flavored. The mature beans are large, round, and straw yellow. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.

32 Giant Green

(88 days) Very early. The plants are short, growing from 12 to 18 in. high, but they bear an astonishingly heavy crop in spite of their size. Pods generally contain two beans. The plant is dark green, and the very large seeds are a vivid green during the green-pod stage, even retaining a pale green color at maturity.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $2.00.

WM. HENRY MAULE
18 Tender Pod*

The most tender podded bean grown (48 days)

Tender Pod is one of the earliest varieties to produce pods of edible size. The pods are attractive, dark, velvety green, straight to slightly curved, 4 1/2 to 5 in. long, round, smooth, with long and distinctively curved tips. Tender Pod produces more pods per plant, and bears over a longer season than any other early variety; the vines remain green and growing when other early beans have withered. The plants are dwarf, vigorous, and dark green. The seed is a clear, shining white, with a small red dot on either side of the eye. It makes an excellent dried bean. But all of these characteristics of Tender Pod merely support its superlative tenderness and flavor, which are simply supreme.

This variety was introduced in 1942 after a world-wide search for a better bean. The parent stock came from the Netherlands, and in comparison with every available variety from every country in the world it was far the best. It already exceeds all other snap beans in popularity, even surpassing Burpee’s Stringless Green-Pod which has led the field for a great many years. Take advantage of this extensive research by including in your garden this Tender Pod, the world’s finest bean.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. $2.25.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

14 Burpee’s Stringless Green-Pod

The standard green-pod bush bean (48 days) The countless thousands of gardens in which this grand variety has been a mainstay for two generations prove its unfailing dependability.

The plant is a true bush type, vigorous, and resistant to unfavorable growing conditions. The pods are 6 inches long, slightly curved, medium green, very fleshy, tender, and wholly stringless. Young pods develop quickly to a useful size, and even when quite small they are meaty and flavorful. The strain is well adapted to both commercial and home-canning. The seed is medium size and dark brown.

Our stock is grown in the irrigated Rocky Mountain region and is free of the seed-borne blight that is carried by much of the eastern grown seed. All bush beans are compared with Burpee’s Stringless Green-Pod in judging their value.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

48 Stringless Tendersweet

(52 days) Tendersweet has practically straight, 6-10-in. pods of an attractive dark green color. The flavor is particularly outstanding, and is the feature which has contributed most to its popularity. In addition to good taste-appeal, Tendersweet possesses tenderness, a plump roundness, and entire freedom from stringing.

The shape of the pods and dark green color make this variety superior for canning purposes, while its very high yield makes every foot of space count. Seeds are colored from brown, mottled with dull purple, and are Idaho certified free of blight.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $2.00.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

10 Mammoth Stringless Green-Pod

(50 days) This variety resembles Burpee’s Stringless Green-Pod, but is a selection from Red Valentine. It is larger, both in pod and plant, than Burpee’s, and only 2 or 3 days later. Pods are medium green, round, 6 to 6 1/2 in. long, and so fleshy as to appear double barreled. The yield is very heavy; the quality is excellent. Seeds are light brown and certified blight-free.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

8 Black Valentine

(51 days) Black Valentine is not the fanciest quality bean available, but it is probably the most vigorous and determined producer in the bush bean family. It is versatile, adapting itself readily to varying conditions. The pods are stringless, dark green, nearly round, somewhat curved, and meaty. They retain their color well after picking. The seeds are jet black, and are Idaho certified free of seed-borne blight.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

WM. HENRY MAULE—THE OLD RELIABLE SEED HOUSE—PHILADELPHIA
Beans

Yellow Pod Bush

Maule’s Improved Butter Wax is considered the best round-pod wax bean available today. It was introduced by Wm. Henry Maule in 1908 and has never been seriously challenged by any other variety in the yellow pod class.

The plants are bushy and very prolific. The pods are everywhere a wax bean should be. They are round, straight to slightly curved, and 6½ in. long. The color is a most attractive, clear yellow. Their brittleness when snapped proves their complete freedom from fiber or strings, and their thick-fleshed walls add to the pleasure of eating.

Uniformity of size and shape makes Butter Wax well adapted to canning. It preserves its brittle freshness through the canning procedure, and holds its rich color very well when properly stored. The seeds are white with only small brownish black markings at the eye, making the strain desirable for dry shelled beans in addition to improving the appearance of the canned product.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢.
Larger quantities not available this year.

35 Improved Rustproof Golden Wax

(48 days) An improved extra early maturing strain of Golden Wax known as Top Notch and valued because of its freedom from rust and other diseases. The rich, golden yellow pods are very attractive, 5 to 5½ in. long, nearly straight, flat, broad, brittle, stringless, of excellent quality, and borne in the greatest profusion. Plants grow compactly and more erect than the old Golden Wax, bearing the pods well off the ground. The rust-resistant quality of this variety makes it one of the safest strains to plant. The seeds are white, mottled with various shades of tan and brown about the eye.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ lb. 30¢; ½ lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. $1.95; 5 lbs. $2.25.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

37 Pencil-Pod Black Wax

(54 days) The beautiful, uniform, rich yellow pods grow 3½ to 6 in. long, round in cross-section, meaty, and deeply sudde-backed. They are always solid, brittle, without fiber and entirely stringless. Plants are vigorously and heavily productive over a long period. Home gardeners and market growers are nearly all familiar with this popular bean. Gracefully curling pods, unusually fine flavor, and time-tested dependability make Pencil-Pod Black Wax a variety that possesses the three most important bean characteristics—good appearance, good quality, and good yield. The seed is jet-black when ripe, and our stock is certified free of seed borne blight, a real protection for you.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ lb. 25¢; ½ lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

23 Surecrop Stringless Wax

(51 days) The deep yellow pods are 6 to 6½ in. long, rather flat, only slightly curved, thick, and meaty; entirely stringless, brittle, and of excellent quality. Its size and handsome appearance make it a ready seller; a reliable shipper. Surecrop seeds are black. The Maule stock is certified free of seed borne blight.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ lb. 25¢; ½ lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

31 Round-Pod Kidney Wax

(50 days) Plants grow quickly and bear a heavy crop of attractive, round, waxy, light yellow pods, 5½ to 6½ in. long. Pods are thick, firm, very meaty, brittle, tender, and never show even the slightest sign of string. Seeds are white with dark markings around the eye.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢.
Larger quantities not available this year.

22 Burpee’s Kidney Wax

(52 days) Plants are small but erect and full of pods which are 5 in. long, broad, semi-round, straight or slightly curved, fleshy, and entirely stringless. Their color is clear yellow. Seeds are white, with a brownish black eye.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ lb. 25¢; ½ lb. 30¢.
Larger quantities not available this year.

Special Collection

Add variety and attractiveness to your bean crop by growing several kinds this season. Here is a collection that is made up of leaders in each of the seven types—green-pod bush, yellow-pod bush, and green-pod pole beans. These are the best varieties for canning, pickling, and snap beans.

Burpee’s Stringless Green-Pod
Maule’s Improved Butter Wax
Kentucky Wonder Pole Bean

3100—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 35¢) for 25¢

3101—1½ Lbs. (1½ lb. of each, value 80¢) for 60¢

8 WM. HENRY MAULE, 4015 CLARISSA ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.
54 White Seeded Kentucky Wonder

Resistant to severe forms of bean rust (62 days)

This is the first pole bean to give serious competition to the old standard strain of Kentucky Wonder. It's early, Kentucky Wonder type, with distinct advantages over other pole beans. It is highly resistant to at least one form of the rust disease, entirely stringless when young, and even after the beans have grown to full size in the pod it has only slight string. The vine is vigorous and a good climber; the seed is white. Pods are 7 to 7 1/8 in. long, thick, smoother than Kentucky Wonder and less twisted, dark green, with that unexcelled pole bean quality.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

38 Golden Cluster Wax

(74 days) We are glad to be able to offer this old favorite variety again this year. Golden Cluster Wax is the only really good wax pole bean with flat pods. The plants are prolific and strong growing even under adverse conditions. The light wax yellow pods, 6 1/2 to 7 in. long, are straight, broad, flat, very fleshy, tender, and brittle. Stringless until maturity. The vines are vigorous, bearing pods in large clusters the entire length of the vine. Popular for snaps, green shell beans, and dry beans for winter use. Seeds are white.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. $2.25.

43 Kentucky Wonder

The most popular pole bean (65 days)

Everyone knows and respects this grand old variety. It was introduced in 1877, and continues to be the most popular pole bean in America and in many other parts of the world. The vines are vigorous and productive, and bear their pods in clusters. These pods are 7 to 9 in. long, nearly round, twisted, and characteristically wrinkled. When they are young, they are of greatest delicacy and tenderness and are free of strings. As the pods age some strings appear, but the wonderful Kentucky Wonder flavor never changes, and both snap beans and shell beans may be used until far advanced toward maturity. To prolong the bearing period keep the vines picked free of pods as fast as they become ready for use. The seed is a light buff-brown color.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

42 Kentucky Wonder Wax

Large light yellow pods (67 days)

True Kentucky Wonder type with a light yellow pod. The plants are vigorous and come into production quickly. The pods are round, 7 to 8 in. long, somewhat smoother and not so twisted as the green-pod Kentucky Wonder. Fine flavor and good quality, with some strings developing as the pods mature. The seeds are chocolate brown.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. $2.25.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

46 Maule's Noxall

(65 days) In 1902 we presented this bean to the public under the Noxall name. But for 60 years previous to that date the variety had been privately grown by a Pennsylvania family. The century of enjoyment this bean has brought the gardeners who grew it is only the beginning, for today the variety is more popular than ever. The pods are 7 in. long, round, tender, and bright green. It is a strong climber and a sure cropper, often producing a heavy yield when other varieties fail. Good for either snap or shell beans. Putty-colored seeds flecked with brown.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $2.00.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

45 Lazy Wife

(74 days) Green, thick, fleshy, stringless pods, 5 1/2 to 6 in. long and 3/4 in. wide. The broad, flat pods are straight and very attractive, remaining brittle and stringless until ripe. Excellent for snap, green shell and dry shell beans for winter. The dry seeds are round and white.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $2.00.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

41 McCaslan

(65 days) Dark green, fleshy, slightly flattened pods, 7 to 8 in. long, almost stringless, tender, of good quality. The vines are both early and prolific. The white seeds are delicious for dry shell use.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

39 Striped Creaseback

(73 days) Round, fleshy pods, 6 to 7 in. long, brittle, tender, but not stringless. Very heavily productive. Especially suitable for growing on corn as well as on poles. Seeds mottled light brown with dark striping.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.
Larger quantities at still lower prices.

Planting Guide

Do not plant pole beans until all danger of frost is past and the soil is warm and moderately dry. If poles are used, set 4 ft. apart each way and place 6 to 8 beans 1 in. deep around each pole. When plants are well started, thin to 3 or 4 plants to a pole, and pinch off ends when plants overgrow top of poles. A packet plants 20 poles, 1 lb. for 100 poles. When planting along a fence use 1 lb. to 250 ft. of row. Keep vines closely picked throughout the season to prolong bearing.

W.M. HENRY MAULE, PHILADELPHIA 32, PA.
Bush Limas
58 Fordhook

Thick, meaty beans. The most popular lima of all (75 days)

This most famous of all lima beans has short, erect, and bushy plants which produce a thick growth of dark green foliage, protecting the blossoms and pods from direct sunlight. The large, thick pods are produced in clusters of from 5 to 8, and contain 3 to 5 thick, meaty, plump, always green beans of excellent flavor. The sturdy, vigorous plants grow 24 to 30 inches high, spread out nearly 2 feet, and stand up well against wind and rain. They begin to bear early and continue to produce for a long time. Because of its earliness, the large size of the bean, and the long bearing season this strain is most popular, and is especially appreciated in sections where the summers are comparatively short. Our seed stock is of a specially selected strain formerly known as Improved Fordhook, and is the best you’ve ever seen.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $1.85; 10 lbs. $3.40.

Larger quantities at still lower prices.

64 Burpee’s Improved
(75 days) Produces an enormous crop of attractive, large pods measuring 5 to 6 in. long and 1½ in. wide. The sturdy bushes are loaded with pods borne in clusters of from 5 to 8 and well protected by the vigorous, heavy foliage. In fertile soil the individual bushes will grow to a height of nearly 30 in. and spread as much as 2 ft. We consider this variety’s 40-year record of service to be the finest recommendation a vegetable can receive, and we exert special effort to maintain true, original stock.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $1.85; 10 lbs. $3.40.

Larger quantities at still lower prices.

65 Baby Fordhook
(72 days) These little lima beans are certainly delectable. Their size gives them advantages in succulence and tenderness that larger beans can never possess. They are particularly fine for canning green and for making succotash. The plants grow about 14 in. tall and bear an astonishingly heavy crop even under adverse conditions. Pods are 2½ in. long, ¾ in. wide, and contain 3 or 4 thick, green seeds. Baby Fordhook is a United States Department of Agriculture introduction bearing a close resemblance to Fordhook in every characteristic except size.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $2.00; 10 lbs. $3.50.

Larger quantities at still lower prices.

61 Wood’s Prolific
(70 days) Extremely prolific, of true bush form, and very early. Really an Improved Henderson Bush Lima, with both larger plants and pods, and especially suited to northern states where growing seasons are short. Pods are 3½ to 4 in. long, and contain 3 or 4 plump beans with the true buttery lima flavor. Valuable for use either fresh or dried.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

Larger quantities at still lower prices.

Succotash Special

Here’s a truly American dish, invented by the Indians and here are the ideal varieties to combine to make it: tender Baby Fordhook Bush Limas and famous-flavored Golden Cross Bantam hybrid sweet corn. They come into heaviest production together, and for canning and straight-to-the-table cooking you’ll say they make the grandest succotash you ever tasted.

3215—2 Pkts. (one of each kind; value 25¢), for 20¢
3216—1 pound (½ lb. of each kind, value 60¢), for 50¢

COMPLETE WITH CANNING INSTRUCTIONS

Planting Guide for all Limas

Lima beans grow best on rich, well-drained, porous soil. Do not plant until all danger of frost is past; wait until the soil is warm and moderately dry. Generally, limas are planted about 2 weeks after the first planting of bush or snap beans. Plant bush varieties in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart, spacing the seed 6 in. apart; later thin to stand 12 to 18 in. apart in the rows. For pole varieties, set poles 4 ft. apart, plant 4 to 6 beans per pole, and thin later to 2 strongest. Pinch off vines that overgrow the poles. Plant all lima seeds edgewise, eye downward, 2 in. deep. Pick the pods as soon as the beans are of edible size. A packet will plant about 25 ft. of row; 1 lb. 150 ft. for bush varieties. For pole types a packet plants 10 poles; 1 lb. to 50 poles.
Wherever pole lima beans are grown, King of the Garden is almost certain to be one of the most popular varieties. The vines are very sturdy in their growth, climbing to a height of from 6 to 10 feet and with a considerable spread of branches. The pods are from 5 to 7 in. long and contain 5 or 6 large beans which are tender and fine flavored. Pods are borne close to the ground early in the season and higher up on the plant as the season progresses. Bearing will continue until frost has killed the vines. The continued popularity of King of the Garden, in spite of the competition offered by newer varieties, is really the only recommendation that should be needed. Our strain of King of the Garden has been carefully selected for uniformity, length of pod, earliness of maturity, and hardiness.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

50 Burpee’s Giant Podded

(55 days) The pods are nearly straight, very large, growing 6 to 7 in. in length, and containing, on the average, 5 to 6 large, tender, buttery beans of the most delicious flavor. Plants are vigorous and produce most freely. The immense pods form in clusters of from 4 to 8 and continue to appear until the vines are killed by frost. These plants attain a height of 10 feet or more. Our stock is now entirely re-selected for the very largest pods.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. $2.25. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

52 Maule’s Evergreen

(30 days) Maule’s Evergreen is a strong, robust, vigorous grower, and very prolific. It is one of the best main-crop pole lima beans, producing its enormous pods in great clusters. The pods sometimes grow 7 inches in length, with 5 or 6 large beans in each. During the green-shell stage the seeds are always brilliantly colored and even after maturity they retain their greenness, adding greatly to the attractiveness of the dried bean. The quality is excellent at all stages.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

28 French Horticultural

(Snap 48, shell 60 days) A fine, early bush bean, useful for snacks when pods are young and stringless; unsurpassed for green shell beans as the pods grow older. Seeds are large, easily shelled, and buff colored, becoming mottled purplish red at maturity. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $2.00; 10 lbs. $3.50.

29 Fava Bean

(75 days) Also called Broad Bean. Much hardier than other beans and should be planted as early in the spring as ground can be worked. Plants are large and erect, true bush form, and produce a heavy crop. Pods are 7 in. long and contain 5 or 7 large, broad, flat, light green beans. Dry seed is large, circular, flat, reddish brown with black eyes.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $2.00; 10 lbs. $3.50.

51 Burpee’s Best

(55 days) This remarkable pole lima bean surpasses all other pole limas in production. The attractive, lustrous green pods, 5 to 6 in. long and 1½ in. wide, are as thick and well filled as the plump pods of Fordhook Bush Lima to which it is similar in quality and flavor. Four or 5 and sometimes 6 big, thick, plum-podded beans to a pod. Burpee’s Best is exceptionally vigorous, growing to a height of 10 to 12 ft., with great clusters of pods the entire length of the vines.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. $2.25; 10 lbs. $3.50. Larger quantities at still lower prices.

24 White Marrowfat

(100 days) Long, broad, straight pods filled with 5 or 6 large, clear white beans, highly valued for dry shelling and baking. Plants grow only 1½ ft. tall but are extremely vigorous, sending out many short runners which increase the yield. The seeds are larger and plumper than the standard Navy bean. Dry shell beans need no canning equipment, and they do fill an important spot on winter menus.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 70¢; 5 lbs. $1.60; 10 lbs. $3.00.

15 Red Kidney

(95 days) This variety, like White Marrowfat, has been grown in America for well over 100 years. It has long, broad, waxy green pods containing 4 or 5 large red kidney shaped seeds. The plants grow 1½ ft. tall, bushy, and without runners.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $2.00; 10 lbs. $3.50.

Planting Guide

Do not plant shell beans until danger of frost is past and the soil is warm; sowings should be made before July 10. Plant in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart, spacing the seed 2 to 3 in. apart, and cover with 2 in. of soil. A packet will plant about 25 ft. of row; 1 lb., 150 ft.; 60 lbs. for an acre. Shell beans should be left on the vines until they are thoroughly matured and dried before they are put away for winter use. They keep very well when stored in a cold, dry place.
Beets

84 Detroit Dark Red *
Deep red skin; dark red flesh (55 days)

We offer a special strain of this famous beet. It excels in uniformity of size, shape, and color, being suited for home use, market sales, storing, shipping, and canning. Roots are of medium size, smooth, perfectly globe shaped, and of attractive appearance. The color of the flesh is a most intense, deep red, showing no signs of lighter zones after cooking. It remains tender throughout and free from fiber until fully grown. The tops are of medium size, ideal for bunching. This variety far exceeds all others in popularity and it certainly deserves its place of leadership.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 80¢; ½ lb. $1.50.

85 Detroit Dark Red Short top strain (55 days)

This strain is the same as the medium top strain (above), except that it produces smaller, darker, more spherical roots with distinctly shorter tops. The magnificent red interior has such inconspicuous zones that the flesh seems to be one solid ball of dazzling color. It is outstandingly superior for canning white.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 80¢; ½ lb. $1.50.

81 Maule's Dark Red Egyptian
(51 days) No other beet can replace this well established variety for earliness. Under favorable conditions the roots grow quickly and reach full size in an astonishingly short time. A favorite among market growers, who plant it for forcing to supply the early market. The flat roots are of medium size, and the tops have only a limited amount of foliage.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 70¢; ½ lb. $1.25.

73 Winter Keeper
(70 days) Truly a long season beet since it will remain tender and sweet all summer, and also when stored for winter. The half-long or top-shaped beets have long, leafy tops, which can be used for greens. Beets are of medium size and a very deep red color. Grow slowly, producing good-sized beets medium early, but even when they get quite large they will be found as tender as much earlier varieties. The texture of the flesh is unusually fine, and this superiority is apparent in the very high quality of the cooked beet. The fine texture also helps preserve firmness in storage.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 85¢; ½ lb. $1.60.

66 Maule's Blood Turnip
(50 days) This famous variety has an impressive list of good characteristics. It is early, yet it stands for a long time without growing coarse or tough. It has dark red skin and flesh, and is especially noted for the absence of objectionable light zones. This deepness of color makes the cooked beet a darker red than other varieties and guarantees a superior canned product. The flesh is sweet and possesses a distinctive flavor. Succession plantings should be made since the variety is good at all seasons; it is a most excellent beet for winter storage.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.40.

77 Crosby's Egyptian
(52 days) The roots are larger than other early types, nearly round, but somewhat flattened at the top, with a slightly tapered base. The tap root is small, and the foliage medium. The skin and flesh are a dark purplish red with some zones of lighter shades. Crosby's is probably the most widely grown variety for forcing, but it is not so well adapted to canning as Detroit Dark Red.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 65¢; ½ lb. $1.25.

70 Maule's Early Wonder
(52 days) Early Wonder is semi-globe shaped, early, uniform and thoroughly dependable. The variety is related to Crosby’s Egyptian, and is sometimes called Boston Crosby. However, the shape of the best differs from Crosby, since it terminates abruptly in a thin tap root, and it has less distinct zones in cross-section. The color is bright red, not so dark as Detroit, but more brilliant and fayer. The surface of the beet is smooth and well rounded, and its texture is fine. Maule’s Early Wonder is a carefully selected and refined strain, and we feel that it should satisfy any gardener.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.40.

Planting Guide

Seed for main crop may be sown in the early spring as soon as ground can be worked; later sowings for continuous supply, every two or three weeks until the middle of July. Sow seed in rows 18 to 24 in. apart, and cover ¾ in. deep. Walk on the rows to settle the soil where seeds have been sown. Beets require a firm seedbed. Thin plants to stand 3 to 4 in. apart in the rows. The later sowings will produce the best beets for winter storing. The choicest beets for canning or immediate use are the young, tender, small roots about 1½ to 2 in. across. A packet will sow about 25 ft. of row; an ounce 100 ft.; 5 to 6 lbs. to an acre.
Mangels
For planting suggestions, see Sugar Beets

94 The Jumbo *
The best long, red mangel (130 days)

Roots grow to a truly enormous size; often reaching a diameter of 6 in. and a length of 2 ft. They are uniformly straight and even, and comparatively thicker than most other mangels. Roots grow from ½ to ¾ out of the ground, and consequently are easily harvested. Flesh is white tinged with rose. Where corn cannot be grown, because of a short, cool season mangels make an excellent substitute for stock and poultry feeding. Their food value is equal to grain and superior to silage. A yield of from 10 to 15 tons per acre is average.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 90¢; lb. $1.60.
Larger quantities at special prices.

95 Maule's Gate Post
Golden yellow, oval-shaped mangel (180 days)
The name Gate Post refers to the desirable habit of the roots growing ½ or more above the ground. This makes the harvesting of this mangel much easier than those which grow mostly below the soil surface. Maule's Gate Post produces large, attractive, oval-shaped roots of a golden yellow color. The flesh is white, sometimes showing a tinge of yellow in the rings.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 75¢; lb. $1.25.
Larger quantities at special prices.

Sugar Beets
93 Klein Wanzleben Sugar Beet
You can produce your own sugar sirup (90 days)

Half the world's sugar comes from sugar beets. Special equipment is needed for refining granulated sugar, but you can make sugar sirup (part of which crystallizes to form sugar) right at home with ordinary canning utensils. Sugar beet sirup has a distinctive flavor different from other sweets, and attractive to most people. Thousands of Maule customers planted Klein Wanzleben last year, and for many the interesting processing experiment and novel flavor of this homemade sirup calls for a repeat planting, particularly since extra sweetening came in so handy in 1945. An ounce of seed can produce 24 pints of sirup. Instructions free on request.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 85¢; lb. $1.50.
Larger quantities at special prices.

Planting Guide
Mangels are grown for poultry and stock feeding. Sugar beets are grown in the same way as mangels, and are also used for stock feeding if they are not processed for sugar sirup. Sow seed in May or early June in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart and cover the seed with 1 in. of soil. Thin to stand 8 to 12 in. apart in the row. Use one packet for 25 ft. of row; one ounce for 100 ft.; and 5 to 6 lbs. to the acre.

Brussels Sprouts
109 Long Island Improved
The aristocrat of the cabbage family (125 days)
The most delicately flavored vegetable of the entire cabbage family. Plants grow 20 in. tall and produce an abundance of large, solid, dark green, tightly folded sprouts or little cabbage-like heads along the stem. Sow seed June 1st in the open ground. Transplant in rows 3 ft. apart and 18 in. apart in the row. This hardy crop may often be harvested until December 1st if the plants are given some protection. Protection may be given just before severe freezing by raking dead leaves loosely around and over the plants, holding them in place with brush or boards.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

WM. HENRY MAULE—THE OLD RELIABLE SEED HOUSE—PHILADELPHIA 32, PA.
Cabbage Early Types

119 Copenhagen Market*

The finest early cabbage. Large, round, solid heads (70 days)

Very early, solid, uniformly round heads, 6 to 7 in. across, weighing 4 lbs. or more. Plants are small, cup shaped, compact and short stemmed, allowing close planting. Very crisp, tender and of excellent quality. This variety is at its best when planted for an early summer crop. The larger, later cabbages are more often used for sauerkraut, but Copenhagen Market is also useful for that purpose, particularly where the season is too short for the late kaut types. We believe Copenhagen Market to be the best cabbage for summer use.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢; ¼ lb. $1.50.

127 Glory of Enkhuizen

(82 days) A splendid, medium-early cabbage with large, solid, round heads 8 to 9 in. across, weighing 5 to 7 lbs. each, and often more. The leaves are finely ribbed, exceedingly tender, and remarkably well flavored. Because of its superior quality this variety is often used for kraut making, especially in areas where late cabbage is not grown.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. $1.35.

110 Golden Acre*

(65 days) This is an important early cabbage, with solid, round heads which grow about 6 in. in diameter and weigh about 3 lbs. each. Compact, dwarfed plants on short stems allow them to be set quite closely. Our strain of Golden Acre is exceptionally uniform, both in size and roundness of head, and in length of growing season. With a high percentage of plants maturing at one time the crop can be handled with maximum efficiency. This is the earliest round head cabbage, very similar to Copenhagen Market but earlier and smaller.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 55¢; ¼ lb. $1.60.

116 All Head Early

(85 days) All Head Early, one of the earliest of all large cabbages, does well in a wide range of soils and climates. The deep, well-rounded flattened heads are very solid and remarkably uniform in size, shape and color. They measure 8 to 9 in. across, 6½ to 7 in. deep, and weigh 6 to 7 lbs. each. The heads may be cut before they have reached full size since compactness and solidness are reached at an early date. This variety is versatile enough to be useful both as an early and later as a storage crop. Set plants in the spring or for summer use and again in midsummer for winter storage.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. $1.35.

113 Maule's Prize Jersey Wakefield

(65 days) Our special strain of this famous Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage represents a decided improvement in earliness, uniformity and quality. The conical or pointed heads form quickly and are tightly folded. The heads are 7 in. deep, 4½ to 5 in. across and weigh 2½ to 3 lbs.; their attractive shape and extremely earliness make them welcome in many gardens.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. $1.35.

111 Maule's First Early *

Earliest of the large, flat heads (90 days)

Its plant type and its attractive head type are almost ideal for every use. It is the earliest of the large, flat-head cabbages, and excels all other early varieties in solidness. Its excellent quality and tenacity have made it a great favorite. The heads are 5½ to 6 in. deep, 8 to 9 in. across, and weigh 5 to 7 lbs. This exclusive Maule variety competes with Copenhagen Market and Jersey Wakefield because so many people prefer a solid, flat head to the round or pointed shapes.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. $1.35.

Planting Guide

Sow early and midseason cabbage seed indoors or under glass 4 to 6 weeks before your usual outdoor planting time. Set plants in the garden or field when the soil has become warm. For medium early cabbage, seed may be started in a frame or open ground seedbed early in the spring and the plants set in the open when large enough to handle. Late cabbage seed is sown in a specially prepared bed in late May or early June, and the plants set out in early July, 1½ ft. apart in rows 3 ft. apart. A packet of seed will produce about 250 plants; an ounce about 2,000 plants; ½ lb. for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants; allow 30 days for plant production.

WM. HENRY MAULE, PHILADELPHIA 32, PA.
**Midseason Varieties**

**131 Maule’s Genuine Surehead**  
Widely adapted; large, heavy, thoroughly reliable (90 days)

One of Maule’s very first introductions, in 1877, this remarkable cabbage was a strong factor in establishing Maule’s seeds as leaders in the industry. For 36 successive years a full catalog page was devoted to Surehead. The increased popularity of small headed strains has caused fewer acres to be planted to this variety, but anyone wishing a large, hard, somewhat flattened, 10 lb. head should grow Maule’s Surehead. This variety is absolutely reliable, a perfect winter keeper, and still the unchallenged favorite of thousands of gardeners.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ½ lb. $1.35.

**117 Early Flat Dutch**  
Solid, short stemmed heads (90 days)

This variety has a truly ancient lineage, and was an old standard when our company was founded in 1877. It has remained the best liked variety in some sections of the country through three generations of gardeners.

The heads are mounted on short stems, and have smaller, shorter cores than other varieties. Fully developed heads measure 7 to 8 inches across, 6 inches deep, and weigh as much as 5 to 8 lbs. The leaves are tightly folded, crisp, and well flavored.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. $1.35.

---

**Yellows Resistant Varieties**

Yellows resistant varieties of cabbage have been bred to grow successfully on yellows infected soil. To insure continued purity of the lines stock seed is grown on strongly infected soil in Wisconsin. Heads which mature there have high natural immunity.

**112 Golden Acre**  
Round, solid heads of medium size (65 days)

Yellows resistant strain of Golden Acre. Produces medium sized, solid heads, 6 in. across, weighing 4 to 5 lbs., and maturing much earlier than Marion Market. Plants are short stemmed, erect, grayish green in color, and with few outer leaves. Heads are round and well formed, and the leaves are noticeably smooth. Plants may be set closer than Marion Market. This is the earliest yellows resistant strain we offer.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. $1.75.

**128 Wisconsin All Seasons**  
(84 days) A yellows resistant strain selected from All Seasons and maturing at about the same time. It is the hardest flat-head variety, and enjoys the greatest popularity for kraut. Stands drouth.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. $1.75.

---

**123 Wisconsin Hollander**  
Firm, compact heads, flattened on top (120 days)

Yellows resistant. A selection from Danish Ballhead, requiring about 5 days longer to head but forming larger plants which yield more heavily under favorable conditions. Heads are large, round, inclined to flatten slightly at the top but quite deep. Splendid late fall cabbage for kraut and for winter keeping. The best of the yellows resistant winter cabbages.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. $1.75.

**121 Marion Market**  
Yellows resistant strain out of Copenhagen Market (75 days)

This highly yellows resistant cabbage was originally bred from Copenhagen Market. It matures about 5 days later and makes a considerably larger plant. The heads are practically round, very hard, and ship well. A standard market variety throughout the country. Weight, 5 to 6 lbs.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. $1.75.

---

WM. HENRY MAULE—RELIABLE SEEDS
Cabbage Late Types

124 Danish Roundhead *
Short stemmed; 10 days earlier than Danish Ballhead (105 days)
Very large, extremely solid, perfectly round heads having the same remarkable qualities as Danish Ballhead, from which it was taken. The heads, however, are slightly larger, shorter stemmed, and about 10 days earlier. Plants are dwarf and compact with few outer leaves. This permits close planting, and, therefore, when grown commercially, a larger yield may be expected than from any of the other Danish cabbages. On high, dry land where other cabbages are inclined to remain small, Danish Roundhead has produced wonderful results. Keeps perfectly in storage. This variety is the most popular late cabbage.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ½ lb. $1.75.

122 Penn State Ballhead
(110 days) This special selection from Danish Ballhead was made at Pennsylvania State College. It demonstrates what patience and hard work can do to improve a standard line. Penn State has hard, tight heads weighing at least a third more than Danish Ballhead heads of equal measurements. The crop matures 5 days to a week earlier. It yields exceptionally well, having many per-acre tonnage records to its credit; and in addition to these merits, it is a faultless winter keeper. Adapted to all regions where late cabbage is grown.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ½ lb. $1.75.

Chinese Cabbage
Plant outdoors in early spring and again about 10 weeks before frost. The fall crop is generally best. Sow seed ½ in. deep and thin plants to stand 12 in. apart. A packet plants 25 ft., an ounce 200 ft.

130 Pe-Tsai
(75 days) Heads grow 10 to 12 in. tall. The heart is well blanched, tender, juicy, and of an agreeably pungent flavor. Hot weather can prevent tight heading, but the leaves are as useful as ever, since the midribs are always broad, crisp, and delicious.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢.

138 Wong Bok
(75 days) Heads grow 8 to 10 in. tall, chunky, thick, and succulent. Hearts may be served as individual salads. The flavor is a taste thrill, with a crispness of midribs as tempting as celery.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢.

129 Chihli
(70 days) Long, pointed, extra firm, solid heads, pure white inside and of the finest flavor. The leaves are broad, smooth, and fringed at the edge. When fully matured, heads often measure 18 in. tall and 3½ to 4 in. thick. The many uses to which Chinese Cabbage may be put—boiling, salads, cole slaw, etc.—make it one of the most versatile and likable vegetables.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢.

141 Drumhead Savoy
Crumpled leaf cabbage (90 days)
Of a milder, more pleasing flavor than the regular cabbages. There is a certain delicacy about this variety that appeals greatly to people who dislike either the strong flavor or odor of other kinds. The heads are large, heavy, compact, round, and somewhat flattened; the average weight is 5 lbs., although they often grow much larger. Leaves are attractively wrinkled and crumpled, even into the center of the head. It is a splendid winter keeper. The Drumhead is the best of the savoy cabbages, and our strain is carefully selected for uniformity and mildness of flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ½ lb. $1.35.

134 Maule’s Prize Flat Dutch
Heads large, round, flattened, and very firm (100 days)
An old reliable variety. Heads are very large, heavy, solid, flat on the top but deep. Leaves are a bright bluish green. Our strain is low growing, with a short stem and vigorous plant growth, reaching almost 3 ft. in diameter under average conditions. Heads become firm and solid while still rather small so that you can start to use them in late summer and continue to cut until late fall. Grown principally in the northern states, where it is used as a main late crop. In addition to being a home garden favorite, the variety is frequently used for market, shipping, and quite often also for sauerkraut. Heads attain 10 to 12 lbs. in weight. One of the best winter keepers.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ½ lb. $1.35.

143 Mammoth Red Rock
Largest heading red cabbage; good keeper (100 days)
Heads are perfectly round, very solid and heavy. They often weigh as much as 8 lbs. each. The deep purplish red color continues in undiminished intensity to the very center of the head. When sliced the cabbage presents a most attractive red and white color pattern. The outer leaves of the plants are dark green with red veins. This variety keeps well in storage and is often used for pickling.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ½ lb. $2.00.
SUPER SNOWBALL
CAULIFLOWER

171 Holland Erfurt
The most widely adapted; best keeping curds (90 days)

The plant characteristics of Holland Erfurt and Super Snowball are quite similar, but the varieties differ sharply in the shape and composition of the head. Holland Erfurt has a well-rounded curd with the branches placed very close together, providing unusual compactness and weight. The bottom of the head is not hollow like Super Snowball, but solid all the way across. This solidity and firm nature helps the heads to make up in weight what they lack in size to equal Super Snowball. Erfurt is generally grown for a fall crop; it keeps and ships better than other varieties.

Plt. 20¢; ¼ oz. $1.40; ½ oz. $2.60; oz. $5.00.

165 Dry Weather
Forms perfect heads when others fail (100 days)

No cauliflower can survive continued hot weather, but this specially bred Danish introduction is highly successful in withstanding dry weather when not accompanied by extreme heat. The plants are bigger and more vigorous than the Snowball or Erfurt types, and while they mature quite late they produce excellent heads in spite of severe conditions. Dry Weather is generally sown for fall harvesting, the seed being planted late in May. The ample foliage makes good protection for the hard, white, compact heads.

Plt. 18¢; ¼ oz. $1.00; ½ oz. $1.85; oz. $3.50.

170 Super Snowball *
The earliest cauliflower (82 days)

Super Snowball is the strain most often planted by gardeners because of the speed with which it reaches maturity. This quick maturing characteristic often allows the crop to escape the hot weather, which is so disastrous to cauliflower. In some areas maturity occurs very much more rapidly than the 82 days recorded in our trials. Heads are the largest of all popular cauliflowers, and have a gently rounded top surface, white curd, good firmness and keeping quality. The under side of the head is somewhat hollow. There is good foliage growth to provide protection for the heads against light.

Plt. 20¢; ¼ oz. $1.40; ½ oz. $2.60; oz. $5.00.

Planting Guide

For early cauliflower, start the seed indoors or under glass during February or March. When soil has become warm, transplant seedlings to the garden. For a main crop to cut during autumn sow seed in May or early June in a specially prepared seed bed or frame; transplant seedlings to garden in late June or early July, setting the plants 2 ft. apart, in rows 3 ft. apart. A packet will produce about 150 plants; an ounce about 4,000 plants; two ounces for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants. The fall crop is usually best.

WM. HENRY MAULE, PHILADELPHIA 39, PA.
Celery

176 Golden Plume ★
Early maturing, blight resistant (135 days)
A perfected type developed from the famous Golden Self-Blanching. Plants are semi-dwarf, but have taller, thicker stalks than Golden Self-Blanching. The creamy hearts are very large and tightly folded. When blanched, the stalks are an attractive light yellow. The flavor is rich and pleasing. Quite resistant to blight. It's the favorite celery in the United States, since it combines great tolerance to varying soil and weather conditions with exceptionally fine eating quality.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 55¢; oz. $1.95; ¼ lb. $2.85.

182 Giant Pascal ★
Also known as Winter King (140 days)
Stalks are thick, solid, entirely stringless, brittle, and of a rich, nutty flavor. Leaves are upright, short and dark green. When properly blanched, the stalks are a beautiful yellowish white. They are very broad and quite prominently ribbed, without, however, showing any signs of fiber. Giant Pascal is easy to grow, reasonably quick to blanch, and if properly stored can be kept throughout the winter. The favorite winter celery, following along in perfect succession after Golden Plume.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. $2.50.

177 Emperor or Fordhook
(130 days) Stalks are always brittle, stringless, and blanch to a fine, silvery white. Delicious flavor. Hearts are large and tightly folded. Plants are stocky, dwarf, 15 to 18 in. high, and therefore easily blanched. Excellent for fall use. One of the best for winter storage.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 75¢; oz. $1.35; ¼ lb. $4.00.

Planting Guide
For earliest celery, sow the seed thinly in the house or hothed in February or early March. For a late crop for fall use or winter forcing, sow the seed in frames or a specially prepared seedbed in the open ground as early in the spring as the soil can be worked up into a loose condition. Cover seed with no more than % in. of fine soil. Keep evenly and moderately moist until the seeds sprout, which usually requires two weeks. Set plants 6 to 8 in. apart in single rows 4 ft. apart or double rows 2 ft. apart, allowing 4 ft. of space between each double row. Celery requires rich, well-manured soil and plenty of moisture for best results. It does especially well on muck soil. A packet of seed will provide about 400 plants; one oz. about 7,500 plants; ¼ lb. for an acre.

Celtuce

192 Celtuce
(30 days) Celtuce grows like lettuce. The young leaves produce lettuce and the immature seed stalk is a delicacy with a flavor and texture that no other vegetable combines. Cut the stalk when it is 12 to 18 in. tall. Be sure to peel off all the woody section on the outer edge. The inner portion is pale green, juicy and crisp. (Photo shows cross section.) It is delicious served raw or boiled and served with cream dressing or butter. Sow early in the spring, and thin to stand 12 in. apart.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 30¢; ¼ oz. 55¢; oz. $1.60.

Cress

Cress is full of zest and excitement. It is pungent, savory, and the best savory of all salads and itself makes a fine garnish as well as a peppery addition to many dishes. Grows rapidly. Sow very early in spring, plant successionally until mid-May, and again beginning in August.

240 Upland Cress
(50 days) Resembles Water Cress except that it is planted on dry land and is extremely easy to grow. More pungent and stronger flavored than Extra Curled Cress but with wider, smoother leaves, it has the advantage of standing all summer without going to seed. Plant in spring and late summer.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. $1.35.

238 Extra Curled Cress
(40 days) Looks like parsley, and makes a fine garnish as well as a peppery addition to many dishes. Grows rapidly. Sow very early in spring, plant successionally until mid-May, and again beginning in August.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢; ¼ lb. $1.50.

Celeriac

188 Giant Prague
(120 days) Celeriac is sometimes called turnip-rooted celery, or knob celery. The roots grow about 2 in. across and are as firm and flavorful as celery hearts. Often used in soups and dressings where it is considered superior to celery in flavor and consistency. Cultivate like celery except that it is much easier, since no blanching is necessary. Roots may be stored for winter use, prolonging the season for that delicious celery flavor in your cooking.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢.
145 Maule's Golden Rod
Half-long, stump-rooted, outstanding variety (75 days)

Seven to 8 in. long, 2 to 2 1/2 in. thick at the shoulder; smooth and uniform, fine-grained, sweet, tender, and never becomes stringy or shows rings. Skin is bright orange; flesh is deep orange with a lighter colored, tender core. Highly recommended for winter keeping, and for market gardeners who wish a quality half-long, stump-rooted carrot somewhat deeper in color than Danvers and heavier in yield. When Mr. Maule brought this carrot back with him from France in 1900, he performed a lasting service to American gardeners. There was an immediate public appreciation of the strain, and now the popularity of the variety has grown to be really tremendous. Each year's sales exceed the previous record. If you are not already a Golden Rod grower, why not compare it with your favorite variety this year?

Plat. 106; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; 1/4 lb. $1.25.

155 Touchon
(70 days) The supremely high quality of this French strain places it foremost in the favor of those who enjoy carrots most. It is of handsome appearance and grows about 6 1/2 to 7 in. in length and 1 1/2 in. in diameter, cylindrical, and holds its thickness well from the crown to the stump-rooted base. The bright orange skin is smooth and free from roughness; there is no core; the tender flesh is bright orange-red, sweet, fine-grained and without any signs of hard fiber.

Plat. 102; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; 1/4 lb. $1.35.

151 Chantenay
(70 days) Adapted to all soils and sections. Roots are 4 5/8 to 5 3/8 in. long; 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 in. thick at the shoulder, tapering to a distinctly stump end. The skin is a strong, bright orange, smooth, and clean; the flesh is the same color as the skin and varies little all the way through the root. Chantenay stores very well, and is the variety most often used by commercial canners because of its uniformity of color and its high quality.

Plat. 105; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; 1/4 lb. $1.25.

163 Mixed Carrots
(68 to 85 days) Home gardeners who like to have a variety of fresh, tender, and tasty carrots, yet do not want to plant more than a row or two at a time, will find this mixture ideal.

Plat. 101; 1/2 oz. 20¢; oz. 35¢; 1/4 lb. $1.05.

Maule’s Carrots

152 Danvers Half-Long
(75 days) The well-known favorite carrot on account of its great productiveness and adaptability to all soils and sections. Commercial crops have yielded 25 to 30 tons per acre. Roots are half-long, almost cylindrical, and under ordinary culture grow 6 to 7 in. long and 1 3/4 in. thick at the shoulder, tapering gradually toward the stump end. If grown in deeply prepared soil, roots will measure 7 to 7 1/2 in. long and 2 to 2 1/2 in. at the shoulder. Skin is rich, deep orange-red; flesh is bright orange, fine-grained, sweet and tender. Much more easily harvested than the long types, and an excellent variety for shipping or storing for winter use.

Plat. 105; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; 1/4 lb. $1.25.

150 Tendersweet
(75 days) The carrot with the sweetest flavor. It is attractive, fine in texture, practically coreless, and an exceptionally heavy yielder. The orange-red roots, when fully grown, are 8 to 10 in. long, tapering from the shoulder to a rather blunt end. The flesh is very deep orange, sweet, tender, and brittle. Closely resembles Imperator. This carrot type is distinct from the other popular kinds, and is steadily gaining new friends.

Plat. 105; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; 1/4 lb. $1.35.

156 Maule’s Perfection Chantenay
(75 days) This variety is neither so large as to be coarse, nor so small as to be skimpy. Roots are 6 1/2 to 7 in. long, 1 3/4 to 2 in. thick, slightly tapering to a blunt end. Tender and delicious, coreless, and of a deep golden yellow color.

Plat. 105; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; 1/4 lb. $1.25.

146 Oxheart
(70 days) Broad, stocky, heart-shaped. Fully matured, it will grow 3 1/2 to 4 in. long, 3 1/2 to 4 in. across the top, and 2 to 2 1/2 in. at the base. Excellent for growing in hard, shallow soils.

Plat. 104; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; 1/4 lb. $1.25.

149 Nantes Half-Long
(65 days) For quality, flavor, and attractive appearance it is one of the best. Six in. long and perfectly cylindrical, 1 1/2 to 2 in. thick the whole length, ending abruptly in a small, thin tail. There is no core; the beautiful pure orange-scarlet flesh extends right through.

Plat. 106; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; 1/4 lb. $1.35.

Collection
Three Finest Carrots
Maule’s Golden Rod
Toumichon
Tendersweet
Plat. 3125—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 30¢) for just 25¢
Plat. 3126—1/2 oz. (1/2 oz. of each, value 75¢) for 55¢

153 Improved Long Orange
(85 days) In deep, rich soil, the 10 to 12 in. roots will penetrate readily and produce a gigantic crop. Roots are 1 3/4 to 2 in. thick at the shoulder, tapering to a point. Skin is rich, bright orange.

Plat. 106; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; 1/4 lb. $1.25.
Yellow Hybrid Sweet Corn

231 Aristogold Bantam Evergreen *

The highest yielding, biggest eared yellow sweet corn (92 days)

Everything about Aristogold is superlative. It's the biggest yielding, biggest eared, deepest kernelled, stiffest stalked, darkest green, most cold-resistant, drouth-resistant quality sweet corn you can grow. It has yielded ten tons of marketable ears per acre, and that's astonishing even when reduced to garden size. The ears run 9 to 10 in. long with 16 or 18 rows of exceptionally deep, juicy, high quality golden kernels. Husks are tight, resisting ear worms and smut. Plants are sturdy and vigorous, averaging 8½ ft. tall, free from suckers, and dark green. If you live where corn crops are hurt by wind, heat or drouth, this hybrid answers your problem.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 45¢; lb. 70¢; 2 lbs. $1.25; 5 lbs. $2.80; 10 lbs. $5.20.

208 Golden Cross Bantam *

(86 days) Because of its seemingly limitless adaptability to all climates and soils, and its rare combination of good qualities, this hybrid is the most widely grown of all. It is high yielding, tender, flavorful, and dependable. The plants are wilt-resistant, 6 ft. tall, and very uniform. Each plant generally carries two ears 7½ to 8 in. long with 12 or 14 rows of light golden kernels. Decisively outyields varieties like Whipple's, Golden Giant, etc., but it is so superior to those strains in flavor that it must be compared with Golden Bantam in that respect.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. $1.20; 5 lbs. $2.75; 10 lbs. $5.00.

198 Spancross *

(71 days) This is the earliest corn we have ever seen with ears of marketable size. It is the earliest corn we offer, and it is really nine full days ahead of Golden Bantam. Ears are 6½ in. long and 1½ in. in diameter, very slightly tapering, well filled to the tip with 10 or 12 rows of delicious golden yellow kernels. Stalks grow 4 to 5 ft. tall with the ear set low on the stalk. Resists bacterial wilt.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. $1.20; 5 lbs. $2.75; 10 lbs. $5.00.

197 loana

(88 days) Ears grow 7½ to 8 in. long, cylindrical, well filled with 12 or 14 rows of deep, medium narrow, light yellow kernels of delicious flavor. A midseason yellow hybrid originated at Iowa State College; highly resistant to bacterial wilt and does well under dry conditions. Very successful in the deep south. Plants usually grow about 7 to 8 ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. $1.20; 5 lbs. $2.75; 10 lbs. $5.00.

232 Carmelcross

(79 days) Carmelcross is a good early hybrid which matures half way between Spancross and Golden Cross Bantam. In areas where early drouth makes Spancross hard to grow Carmelcross is often the first corn to make ears. The ears are 7½ in. long, with 12 or 14 rows of yellow kernels of excellent flavor and tenderness. Plants grow 5½ ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. $1.20; 5 lbs. $2.75; 10 lbs. $5.00.

Collection of Hybrids

How long does your corn patch last? Is the season over in just a week or two? Does it come in spurts between plantings? Here is a way to have a steady supply of corn for eating and canning all summer long. Make balanced succession plantings with properly chosen hybrids and your crop will span the very extremes of the season.

Free planting chart with every collection

Spancross
Golden Cross Bantam
Aristogold Bantam Evergreen

3151—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 45¢) all for ... 35¢
3152—1½ Lbs. (½ lb. of each, value $1.10) for 85¢

210 Golden Hybrids Mixed

(71-92 days) In this mixture is some of each of the hybrids listed on this page. Since these hybrids mature at different times, a single planting provides corn over a period of several weeks. If two or more plantings are made there should be roasting ears available for most of the season. Be sure to plant at least four rows at a time to insure good pollination.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. $1.20; 5 lbs. $2.75.
White Hybrid Sweet Corn

196 Silver Cross Bantam

The most tender, delicious corn you can grow (86 days)

When we introduced Maule customers to Silver Cross Bantam in 1942 we said that it was without doubt the finest white sweet corn ever placed on the market. So many of our friends agreed with us that to date more than half of the standard white varieties we listed at that time have disappeared from our catalog, each wanting this wonderful corn. We sell more Silver Cross Bantam than all other white corns combined, and it's simply because it's the best of its kind. Like its yellow twin, Golden Cross Bantam, this hybrid is adapted to every part of the country where corn can be grown. The ears are 8 in. long with 12 or 14 rows of broad, white kernels. They are supreme in sweetness and flavor, but most of all in tenderness. They continue to be delicious at an age that most corn is inedible. The plants are 6 ft. tall, strongly two cored, and well equipped to resist wind, heat, and drought. For highest quality corn, and a swell yield as well, grow Silver Cross Bantam.
Pkt. $1.50; 1/2 lb. 40c; 1 lb. 75c; 2 lbs. $1.25; 5 lbs. $2.00; 10 lbs. $3.20.

Special prices for commercial growers and canners.

200 Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid

(92 days) You will harvest lots of corn if you plant this vigorous, full season hybrid. It is like the old Stowell's Evergreen which was the leading sweet corn for many years, but it is superior to the old Stowell's because it is a hybrid. The hybrid vigor and breeding background eliminate barren stalks, irregular ear type, weak plants, and susceptibility to wilt. Instead, this hybrid has uniformly 7 1/2 to 8 1/2 in. ears with 16 or 18 rows of narrow, deep, clean white kernels. It easily outyields the open pollinated strain, and is actually more widely adapted than the parent variety. Plants grow to a height of 8 ft. We recommend this hybrid as better corn than Stowell's Evergreen.
Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 lb. 40¢; 1 lb. 75¢; 2 lbs. $1.25; 5 lbs. $2.00; 10 lbs. $3.20.

White Varieties

(Not Hybrid)

221 Stowell's Evergreen

(93 days) The first sweet corn known to American settlers was obtained on an expedition against the Indians in 1779, and it seems likely that Stowell's Evergreen springs from those very ears taken from a tepee in the Susquehanna valley. Stowell's was almost the first variety to be listed in seed catalogs, and its tremendous life span is all the more remarkable when we consider the fact that only two other white corns (the hybrids, Silver Cross Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid) now surpass it in popularity. Ears are 8 to 9 in. long and contain 16 to 20 rows of deep kernels. The plants grow 7 to 8 ft. tall.
Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.20.

216 Country Gentleman

(95 days) Easily recognized by the irregular arrangement of the kernels on the cob. Seeds, when dry, are long and narrow, hence the appropriate common name of Shoe Peg by which it is widely known. Ears are quite large, 7 to 8 in. long, with a small white cob thickly covered with long, slender, white grains of good sweetness. This variety has the favorable characteristic of remaining in edible condition a long time. It has been well known and liked by gardeners everywhere. Stalks grow 7 ft. tall and generally bear two large ears, which makes the strain a heavy yielder.
Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $2.00; 10 lbs. $3.70.

222 Maule's Lead All Evergreen

(93 days) Of all the old-time white sweet corn varieties this is probably the best. It was introduced by Maule in 1918. We believe that it surpasses all the old standard white sweet corns in sweetness and in size of ear. Where it is an advantage to have the crop come to maturity steadily for an extended period, where very long, large, sweet ears are desired, and where a heavy, leamy plant is useful, Maule's Lead All Evergreen is the corn to grow. The plants generally become 8 to 9 ft. tall, and bear ears 8 to 10 in. long with 14 or 16 rows of kernels.
Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $2.00; 10 lbs. $3.70.

Silver Cross Bantam Hybrid

219 Howling Mob

(82 days) The curious name of this variety was chosen by the originator because of his experience in offering ears for sale at his market stall. He was so overwhelmed by shouting customers (this was in 1902) whenever he had the corn, that he could scarcely hand it out fast enough. Ears are 7 to 8 in. long, with 12 to 16 rows of kernels. Plants grow 6 ft. tall.
Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $2.00; 10 lbs. $3.70.

205 Maule's Colossal

(90 days) Competes successfully with Stowell's Evergreen. It is as big as Stowell's, and has the advantage of ripening earlier under favorable conditions. Plants grow 6 to 7 ft. tall, many of them carrying 2 ears. Ears are 7 to 9 in. long, with 12 or 14 rows of kernels. We believe you'll find that Silver Cross Bantam is earlier, higher yielding, and much better quality.
Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

Planting Guide

Full cultural instructions are given on the next page, but here we give important advice. Choose a HYBRID corn to plant, and buy fresh seed annually.
Sweet Corn

Standard Yellow Varieties

207 Golden Bantam

The true 8-rowed strain. America's old favorite (80 days)
The most widely known yellow sweet corn. The handy sized ears are 5 to 6 in. long with 8 rows of broad, deep golden yellow, sweet kernels. Plants are 5 to 6 ft. tall. There are many kinds of corn that are larger and some that are distinctly earlier, but the rare excellence of Golden Bantam flavor keeps it a best-loved variety all over the world.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.20.

227 Golden Sunshine

(74 days) The outstanding feature of this variety is the fact that it is both earlier and larger eared than Golden Bantam. Instead of 8 rows, Golden Sunshine has 10 or 12 rows of kernels. Plants grow 5 to 5½ feet tall, many bearing 2 ears. These ears are 7 in. long, of good girth, and the bright golden yellow kernels are closely set together. Its sweetness and flavor combined with its extreme earliness make it a very popular variety.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.20.

221 Golden Giant

(88 days) Golden Giant combines the flavor of Golden Bantam with the large size of Howling Mob. Ears grow 7 to 8 in. long with 12 or 14 rows of creamy yellow kernels. Stalks grow 6 ft. tall. This variety is the largest and latest standard yellow sweet corn we list. You will find Golden Cross Bantam will yield much more corn, but Golden Giant does have the advantage of maturing gradually over a longer period than the hybrid.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.20.

Planting Guide for All Sweet Corn

Plant the seed after all danger of frost is over and the ground has become thoroughly warm. Plant 2 rows 2½ to 4 ft. apart and the seed 8 in. apart in the rows; or put 4 seeds in a hill and space the hills 3 by 4 ft. apart. Cover seed with 1 in. of soil. If planted in hills, allow 2 or 3 plants to remain in each hill. For a continuous supply of good fresh corn make successive plantings every 10 to 14 days up to July 10. Allow enough time for your last planting to mature before your first expected frost. Never plant corn in a single row; it is necessary to plant several rows (3 or 4) side by side. Hybrids show many great advantages over old style varieties, but there is one point to remember. Do not save seed from a hybrid crop. Seed saved from a hybrid crop gives 1½ less yield, loses uniformity, size, and vigor. Buy fresh hybrid seed annually. A packet will plant 4 rows, each 25 ft. long; 1 lb. for 200 hills; ½ lb. for an acre.

239 Broom Corn

Have you been having trouble buying good brooms? Here's your chance to grow your own, making your whisk, hearth, and straight brooms easily yourself. The plants grow like sorghum and will mature whenever corn can be grown. Harvest at the dough stage, cut, and brush out the seeds. Plant like corn; drought resistant; a novelty of real value.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75.

241 New Hybrid Jap Husless ♦

(105 days) With hybrid sweet corn and hybrid field corn showing such tremendous advantages everywhere, it was inevitable that hybrid pop corn would eventually appear to displace the old varieties. Hybrid Jap Husless is a product of the University of Minnesota, and it is an ideal example of hybrid superiority. It outyields regular Jap Husless by 16%, and that's the least important advantage. The biggest step forward is the fact that although the kernels look the same they pop 29% larger by actual measurement! This hybrid has rapidly monopolized the quality pop corn market. Kernels are white, and the ears resemble Japanese Husless, listed below. You probably will not be able to buy this wonderful Jap Husless crop seed for popping; so the way to have some next winter is to grow it yourself. It's worth the effort.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 40¢; 1 lb. 75¢; 2 lbs. $1.40; 5 lbs. $3.20; 10 lbs. $6.00.

235 Japanese Husless

(105 days) Yields 2 or 3 thick, 4 in. ears per stalk, having 20 to 30 rows of kernels. Kernels are white, small, but deep, like a long, thick grain of rice. Wonderful quality.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.20.

236 South American Mushroom

(120 days) Largest of all, kernels measuring over 1 in. across when popped. Seed is golden yellow, but when popped it's creamy white. Ears are long; plants grow 6 to 7 ft. tall. 2 or 3 ears to a stalk.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.20.

WM. HENRY MAULE
New Hampshire Hybrid Egg Plant

A rich, sandy, warm soil produces the best plants and yields the highest number of fruits. Seed should be started indoors in boxes or small pots some time during February. Do not cover seed with more than ½ in. of soil. Keep moderately warm until the plants are ready for setting out. A packet should produce about 100 plants; an ounce about 2,000 plants; ¼ lb. for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants.

282 Black Beauty
(73 days) Produces fruits that grow to really enormous size, but may be used while still quite small. When fully developed, they weigh 2 to 3 lbs. each, are a glossy uniform, black-purple with no lighter or greenish spots on any part; blunt and broad at blossom end.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. $2.50.

279 New Hampshire Hybrid
(60 days) The very heavy yield and well-colored fruits make it an outstanding variety everywhere, even in competition with later strains. The purple fruits are medium sized, two weeks ahead of other varieties, and mostly pear shaped or round.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; ¼ lb. $2.30.

277 Maule's Excelsior
(80 days) The favorite with many growers because of its blight resistance and endurance in drought and bad weather. The dark purple fruits are of large size and even, oblong shape, and are easily packed for shipping. They are borne well above the ground on strong, upright plants. Where earliness is not the primary consideration, Excelsior holds highest favor.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. $2.50.

Deep Heart

Endive

For early use sow in the open ground in April; for main crop, sow in June or July in rows 18 to 24 in. apart. Cover seed 1 in. deep. Thin plants to stand 1 ft. apart in the row. When nearly full grown, the endive is blanched by drawing the outer leaves together over the center and tying them, or by laying a board upon the plant. Use a packet to 25 ft. of row; an oz. to 100 ft.; 4 lbs. per acre.

286 Deep Heart
(85 days) This popular salad plant has large, thick, dark green leaves with curled edges. Forms a compact head which Blanches to a light yellow. Hearts are large and mild. Added to a salad or used as garnish it always enlivens the appetite with its piquancy.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. 90¢; ¼ lb. $1.70.

284 Green Curled
(85 days) The finely cut leaves are a rich green color; when blanched, they become a beautiful creamy white, crisp, and pungent.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ¼ lb. $1.40.

287 Broad Leaved Batavian
(90 days) Also called Escarole. Large, broad leaves, forming enormous, well-rounded heads often measuring 16 in. across.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ¼ lb. $1.40.

Four Popular Kitchen Herbs

Four most popular herbs—bargain collection.

Dill—Summer Savory—Sage and Sweet Basil

3185—4 Pkts. (1 of each value 55¢) for 35¢

Kohl-Rabi

Improved Imperial
Kohl-Rabi

Maliner Kren (Roots)

Matures very quickly and has pure white flesh. Horse Radish is grown from small pieces of young roots. Set them 15 to 18 in. apart in an upright position, thick end up, with the tops about 2 in. below the surface, in rows 2 to 4 ft. apart. Mature roots may remain in the garden all winter or until needed. Volunteers readily spring from side roots left in the ground. 6 for 4¢; 12 for 8¢; 25 for $1.00; for $3.00; 100 for $5.00.

69884 Maliner Kren
Horse Radish

A large bulb is produced on the stem which is used when young, about 2 in. across, making a delicious vegetable with the combined flavor of both cabbage and turnip. Sow thinly in early spring in rows 12 to 18 in. apart. Cover ½ in. deep. Thin the plants to stand 6 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 40 ft. of row; an oz. 200 ft.

310 Improved Imperial
(60 days) Pale green skin, white flesh. When peeled and eaten raw, it has the crispness of a celery heart. When cooked, it is tender and delicately flavored.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

312 Early Purple Vienna
(60 days) Light purple skin and pure white flesh. Good to eat raw, since it is crisp and mild flavored. Very excellent appearance.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

WM. HENRY MAULE
23
260 National Pickling *

Heavy yielder (55 days)

Its remarkable solidity will recommend it to everyone, and it is just as firm and crisp after pickling as before. Early, heavy producer, and valuable for pickling in the small sizes or for slicing when large. Fruits are straight, symmetrical, rather blunt at each end but not chunky. Color is always dark green. Wonderfully even in growth, so that a great number of fruits can be picked at one time. Fully grown cucumbers measure 7 in. long and 3 in. thick.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.40; 1 lb. $2.60.

247 Straight Eight *

Gold medal winner (58 days)

The straight symmetrical fruits grow 8 in. long and about 2½ in. thick. When ready for use, they are rich dark green, well rounded at the ends and do not show any of the striping so objectionable at the tips. A good producer, an ideal shipper, attractive in appearance, high in quality, one of the best for slicing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. $1.70; 1 lb. $3.10.

246 Davis Perfect

(58 days) Introduced by Maule in 1906. Ideal for shape, color and quality, and just about perfect for size. It retains its rich, dark green color long after picking; in fact, it greatly resembles the handsome, large hot-house cucumbers offered at high prices in all the better markets. Vigorous, sturdy, productive vines bear an abundance of large fruits, 10 in. in length, 2½ in. in diameter and somewhat tapered at each end. Flesh is crisp and of the most delicate flavor. Contains few seeds.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.40; 1 lb. $2.60.

261 Chicago Pickling

A specialized pickling strain (56 days)

Developed in the Chicago area, this variety is one of the leading pickle types, and is especially desirable for making dill pickles. Fruits are dark green and become 6 in. long and 2 in. thick. Also used for slicing. Flesh is crisp and has an excellent flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 65¢; ½ lb. $1.15; 1 lb. $2.10.

257 Maule’s Improved Long Green *

Long, dark green fruits; pure white, solid flesh (65 days)

Fruits are dark green, from 10 to 12 in. long, 3 in. across, straight, tapering gradually toward the stem end. They are more slender and show less warting or irregularities on the surface than the common Long Green. Flesh is white, firm and crisp. When very young the fruits are used for pickling, but they rapidly reach their full size, and are then used for slicing. Of all the long varieties this has been the most consistent favorite for over 100 years.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. $1.70; 1 lb. $3.10.

252 Maule’s Early White Spine

(68 days) An extra fine improved type of this famous old variety. Fruits are used for pickling when small and for slicing when large. They attain a length of 7 to 8 in., becoming quite plump toward maturity. The vines are very productive.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.40; 1 lb. $2.60.

256 Green Prolific or Boston Pickling

(55 days) Fruit moderately short and plump when mature, and suitable for slicing. Its principal use, however, is for pickling, and it has a long, gentle taper toward the tip which, together with a dark green color, is its identifying characteristic.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 65¢; ½ lb. $1.15; 1 lb. $2.10.
Don't miss the new Hybrid Cucumber

259 Burpee Hybrid Cucumber

A remarkable breeding achievement; resists disease (60 days)
The very first cucumber which resists the three most common cucumber diseases—mosaic, bacterial wilt and downy mildew. These are the diseases which normally cut your cucumber crop short just when the vines have begun to bear. This hybrid is produced from inbred lines like hybrid corn and shows the same vigor and high yield advantages as corn hybrids. The result is even more outstanding because this cucumber often makes a crop when other varieties are a total failure, and it frequently makes anywhere from double to quadruple the crop of any other strain. The vines are extremely vigorous, large leaved, and dark green. The fruits are dark green, 8 in. long, 2½ in. thick, and of the slicing type. No gardener, regardless of his previous experience with cucumber varieties, can afford to overlook this new hybrid. It's the best we've ever seen. For a detailed description see page 2.

274 Mixed Cucumbers

(55 to 65 days) An excellent opportunity for the home gardener to obtain a wide assortment of both slicing and pickling varieties without having to purchase each kind separately.

254 Maule's Earliest Black Diamond

It stays green longer than others (56 days)
This excellent white spine cucumber is adapted to all sections and all soils, and we highly recommend it to both small and large growers. Whether used for pickling when small or for slicing when fully grown, it is considered the best by the majority of gardeners. The cylindrical fruits grow 7 to 8 in. long, 2½ in. thick, and retain their dark green color for a very long time after picking. Firm, white flesh of the finest quality.

253 A and C

Unusually attractive, shipping type (62 days)
The beautiful, straight, cylindrical fruits are about 10 in. long and 2½ in. thick, well rounded at the ends, and dark green over all. This dense green color remains long after picking, making the fruits especially suitable for delayed use. A relatively new variety, A and C has quickly assumed a leading position because it overcomes many of the faults common to ordinary cucumbers, particularly the undesirable flaw of sharp tapering at the stem end of the fruit. Vines are robust and remain productive over a long harvesting season.

262 Heinz Pickling

(57 days) When small, fruits are of the ideal shape and dark green color which show up so well when bottled. The young fruits at pickling size are very freely and prominently warded, making a distinctly superior appearance for small pickles. If left to grow for slicing, fruits are of uniform size, about 6 in. long and 2 in. thick. A heavy yielder, with fruits that are smooth and crisp when fully sized.

266 Everbearing

Particularly desirable for small pickles. Prolific (55 days)
A general favorite because it gives regularly it goes on bearing throughout the entire season. The fruits may be used at any stage of their development. When fully matured, they are about 4½ in. long and 2 in. thick, and a medium green color.

WM. HENRY MAULE NOW HAS A SEED HOUSE FOR WESTERN CUSTOMERS AT CLINTON, IOWA 25
**Lettuce**

**Loose leaf Type**

**344 Black-Seeded Simpson**

The best cut-and-come-again leaf lettuce (45 days)

Widely grown loose leaf or cutting lettuce with broad, light green, frilled and crumpled outer leaves; the center leaves blanch almost white. Growth is rapid and the quality of the crisp, tender leaves is excellent. Withstands heat and drouth better than heading varieties.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ½ lb. 60¢; 1 lb. $1.10; lb. $2.00.

**342 Grand Rapids**

(45 days) The easiest to grow of all lettuces. Forms a large bunch of intensely fringed and curled leaves which are exceedingly tender, crisp, and sweet. Grows equally well during the spring, summer, and fall. Make succession plantings.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ½ lb. 60¢; 1 lb. $1.10; lb. $2.00.

**326 Early Prize Head**

(45 days) Forms large, tender, crisp, loose bunches of bright green, attractively curled and crimped leaves, the outer ones having an overlay of brownish red. They have a decidedly sweet flavor. Belongs in this loose leaf class with Black-Seeded Simpson and Grand Rapids.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ½ lb. 60¢; 1 lb. $1.10; lb. $2.00.

**327 Deer Tongue**

(80 days) Compact, semi-headed plants maturing after most leaf lettuce has gone to seed. Leaves are thick, dark green, savoyed, fairly long and rounded at the tip. Plants measure 12 in. across and 7 in. high. The succulence and flavor of this variety are unusual.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; 1 lb. $1.40; lb. $2.00.

**341 Chicken Lettuce**

(40 days) Will yield more food for your poultry or rabbits than any other plant you could sow for greens. After cutting, the stumps start out again, making another crop. If not cut, plants grow 4 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ½ lb. 60¢; 1 lb. $1.00; lb. $1.50; 2 lbs. $3.00.

---

**Crisp-head Lettuce**

**328 Maule’s Improved Hanson**

A crisp-head lettuce with a long service record (84 days)

Entirely free from any bitter taste; is always crisp, tender, and sweet flavored, not only in the well-blanched white heart but also in the outer leaves. Heads are large, quite broad, slightly flattened, the outer leaves being bright green. Its reliability is widely recognized.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. 90¢; 1 lb. $1.40; lb. $2.60.

**393 Iceberg**

(83 days) The original Iceberg as offered here makes large, handsome heads of light green curled leaves with reddish tinged edges; hearts are crisp, tender, silvery white and of good quality. Must not be confused with the familiar New York type commonly called Iceberg by shippers and merchants.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. 85¢; 1 lb. $1.50; lb. $2.75.

---

**COLLECTION**

**3 Choice Lettuces**

Maule’s Improved Hanson, Black-Seeded Simpson, Crisp-As-Ice

3125—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 30¢) for only 25¢
Crisp-head Lettuce (continued)

320 Imperial 44*

Excellent header in hot weather; illustrated on opposite page (80 days)

Relatively new, this variety has won friends where heat is a hazard. It has strong competition from the two newer varieties listed below, but its large, solid, slightly flattened heads are hard to beat for crispness and all-round goodness. First-rate market type.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. $1.25; ½ lb. $2.25; 1 lb. $4.25.

322 Great Lakes*

Now; sure heading; free from tipburn (90 days)

This fine, new head lettuce was developed at the Michigan Agricultural Experiment Station. It surpasses all other varieties in its ability to make good heads in warm weather, being even more reliable than Imperial 44. It is phenomenal in its freedom from tipburn (blackened edges on the leaf tips inside the head). The plants are large, vigorous, and most attractive. The heads are unusually solid, and they have the fine characteristic of holding for a considerable period if they are not cut at once.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25; ½ lb. $4.00; 1 lb. $7.00.

321 Imperial 456

Newest and best of the Imperial series (50 days)

This variety was the best head lettuce in our trials last year. The heads are medium size, extremely crisp, and wholly free from tipburn. They hold in good condition for a surprisingly long time, and it seemed as if every head right down the row was a perfect one. We strongly recommend a trial of this fine variety in comparison with your current favorite.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢.

329 New York 515

(80 days) A little earlier than New York 12, which it resembles in general appearance. The large heads are solid, bright green in color, bleach to a beautiful white; always crisp, juicy and sweet. New York 515 has been bred for resistance to tipburn and will stand hot weather better than others of the New York type. It also makes wonderful heads in the fall from late summer sowings. This is a strain of New York (commonly called Iceberg by shippers) which is very successful for most gardens. It is the most popular of the New York group.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. $1.00; ½ lb. $1.75; 1 lb. $3.25.

333 New York 12

(82 days) On rich soil the heads grow very large, 10 to 12 in. across, almost round, and solid as a cabbage. Outer leaves are dark green; inner leaves are tightly folded, well blanched to a beautiful silvery white, crisp, sweet, and tender. Widely adapted for early spring and fall growing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 85¢; ½ lb. $1.50; 1 lb. $2.75.

331 Crisp-As-Ice*

(70 days) Compact, solid heads of medium size; tender and brittle. The rich green outer leaves are thick, glossy, slightly curled and overlaid with reddish brown; the yellow heart is of a delicate, buttery flavor. This is the most consistently dependable butterhead variety in our trials. Illustrated on opposite page.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. $1.60; 1 lb. $3.00.

340 Wayhead

(75 days) Attractive, tightly folded heads of medium size with bright green outer leaves, and inner leaves that blanched to an appetizing rich buttery yellow. Heart is firm, cream colored, of excellent quality and sweet flavor. It holds its color nicely and stays crisp and tender longer than many varieties.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 80¢; ½ lb. $1.40; 1 lb. $2.60.

332 White Boston*

(78 days) Large, uniform, solid heads resembling Big Boston but earlier, lighter green in color and without the reddish tinge on the outer leaves. Heads are tightly folded so that the large, solid heart blanches to a bright creamy yellow; tasty, crisp and always tender. An excellent heading lettuce for all seasons and also well suited for forcing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.40; 1 lb. $2.80.

344 Big Boston

(82 days) Heads grow to a very large size; the bright green outer leaves show a slight reddish tinge at the margins. Inner leaves form a tightly folded head, buttery yellow at the heart. It is crisp, tender and has a good rich flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.25; 1 lb. $2.10.

Planting Guide

Sow the seed in the open ground as soon as the soil can be worked, in rows 1 to 1½ ft. apart; cover seed ½ in. deep. Thin plants of loose-leaf varieties to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row and, as they get large, use every other one. Thin heading type lettuce to stand 1 ft. apart. For early lettuce, seed may be sown in a cold frame or in a box in a sunny window in February, and the seedlings set out in April. Lettuce grows best during the cool weather of the year. Successive sowings should be made every two weeks from early spring until late August and September will provide lettuce during the fall. A packet will sow about 50 ft. of row; an oz. about 200 ft.; use 3 lbs. for an acre. For additional information ask for leaflet A 9.

White Boston

New York 515

MAULE 27
Kale

Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch Kale

One of the choicest vegetables for boiling greens and certainly unlike all others. Plants will withstand considerable frost, which seems to improve the flavor. In most sections of the country they live nearly all winter. Sow seed in July and thin to 12 in. apart in rows 24 to 36 in. apart. A packet produces about 400 plants; an oz. 5,000 plants; ½ lb. for an acre.

305 Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch

Very tightly curled leaves (55 days)

Very early and very hardy; low-growing, compact plants with densely curled, dark green leaves making admirable greens. Plants seldom grow more than 18 in. tall. A most satisfactory, long-standing plant. Never bolts to seed prematurely.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. $1.00; lb. $3.00.

304 Hardy Dwarf Siberian

Healthful greens during the winter (60 days)

An extremely hardy, dwarf, spreading kale with broad, thick leaves of a grayish green color and slightly curled at the edges. Better than capsules or pills, kale is an unusually fine source of vitamins A, B₁, B₂, and C—and tastes good besides!

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. $1.00; lb. $3.00.

Mustard

Southern Giant Curled Mustard

Sow seed broadcast or in rows 1 to 1½ ft. apart and thin young plants to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row. Matures quickly; succession should be made for a continuous supply of healthful greens. A packet will sow about 50 ft. of row; an oz., 200 ft.

421 Southern Giant Curled

(40 days) Large, light green leaves with intensely curled edges. Plants are upright or slightly spreading in growth, hardy and productive. Mild flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. $1.10.

424 Tendergreen

(30 days) A mild spinach mustard of Oriental origin. Produces broad, flat, smooth, rounded leaves in spray form. Can be used like spinach when cut about 3 in. long, or used like turnip greens.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. $1.10.

Okra

Clemson Spineless Okra

Okra pods are used for thickening and flavoring soups, stews, catsup and other relishes. They are also used as a vegetable when the pods are young. The pods develop very rapidly, and should be picked regularly as they appear for best quality and to lengthen the producing season. Sow in May and June, after the ground is warm, in rows 3 ft. apart; cover the seed with about 1 in. of soil; thin young plants to stand 18 in. apart in the row. Use a packet for 15 ft. of row; an ounce for 50 ft.; ½ lb. for an acre.

435 Clemson Spineless

(56 days) Similar to Perkins' Perfected in type of fruit and habit of growth, but pods are absolutely without spines and, therefore, easier to pick. Pods are 7 to 9 in. long, 1 in. in diameter, only slightly grooved, and of fine quality.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 50¢.

Leek

Sow seed in early spring in rows 12 to 18 in. apart and cover 1 in. deep. Thin plants to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in rows. Draw earth up around plants when cultivating to blanch, as you would celery. A packet will sow 25 ft. of row; an ounce, 200 ft.

69B68 Pure Culture Spawn

One brick spawns 10 sq. ft. of bed

If proper spawning conditions are available, mushrooms are easy to raise. The crop may be harvested continuously over a period of two to four months. Temperature must always remain between 50° and 63°, and fresh horse manure must be available. Inexperienced growers should write for our free leaflet on mushroom culture. A copy of this leaflet is included with each brick of spawn.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 45¢.

313 Giant Italian

Mild onion flavor (85 days)

Stems are long, thick, and after blanching are pure white, tender, and more delicate in flavor than the mildest onion. For soups, stews or finely sliced in mixed salads. The stalks are also prepared and served like asparagus. Responds very well to fertilizer.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

Maule's Seeds
371 Maule's Perfection
The overwhelming first choice of Maule customers since 1884 (32 days)

Maule's Perfection is the best muskmelon we've ever seen, and its steady leadership for the past 60 years shows that our customers think so, too. You'll seldom see it offered on the market because it isn't a shipping type melon. It's too big and too tender. But, while its size and its ability to ripen clear out to the skin are the things that keep it from shipping well, they are the very qualities that make it so attractive to you folks who pick them dead ripe right off the vine. Perfection fruits average about 6 lbs., which is twice as big as Hale's Best. There are records of fruits weighing very much more. Best of all, its thick, juicy, salmon-orange flesh is so sweet and perfectly satisfying that other kinds compared with it taste either flat or unpleasantly musky.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ½ lb. $1.00; 1 lb. $1.75.

364 Pride of Wisconsin
You will call it your Pride, too (90 days)

In our melon patch the best strains disappear most rapidly. Maule's Perfection is gone first, and then Pride of Wisconsin is "tested" to extinction. This Wisconsin variety is relatively new, but it's certainly important. It is almost round, well netted, thick flesher, and flavored with an ideal balance of sweetness, spice, and aroma. It weighs 3½ to 4 lbs., has orange flesh, and easily carries long distances.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ½ lb. $1.00; 1 lb. $1.75.

350 Lake Champlain
(80 days) Very early. Melons are almost round, medium sized, well netted, and moderately ribbed. The thick, golden orange flesh is sweet and melting. The most popular extra early melon because it combines good size and flavor with early maturity.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. $1.60.

357 Hearts of Gold
(90 days) Melons are of medium size, almost round, about 5 in. thick, heavily netted, and weigh about 2 lbs. each. The deep orange flesh is sweet flavored, very thick, and ripens close to the rind; small seed cavity. The rind is tough, making it a good shipper.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. $1.00; ½ lb. $1.75.

347 Select Rocky Ford
(85 days) Melons are oval, finely netted, and of a size that makes them ideal for serving in halves. Flesh is luscious, green, sweet, very thick, firm, and ripens close to the rind.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. $1.00; ½ lb. $1.75.

360 Honey Rock
(86 days) Deeply colored salmon flesh and singular sweetness and flavor. Nearly round, 3 lbs., with yellow skin, and heavy, gray netting.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. $1.00; ½ lb. $1.75.

368 Hale's Best
(87 days) The earliest melon of the Rocky Ford type. The bright salmon-orange flesh is exceptionally thick, firm, and of such a rich flavor as to make it a favorite everywhere. Fruits are oval, about 8 by 4½ in., and heavily netted.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. $1.60.

383 Banana Melon
(95 days) Unique both in flavor and type of fruit. Fruits grow 18 to 24 in. long and 4 to 5 in. thick. The melon tastes sweet and has a tantalizing aroma. Cool orange flesh color, and a texture like firmly frozen ice cream.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. $1.00; ½ lb. $1.75.

367 Bender's Surprise
(95 days) Melons are large, many weighing 10 lbs. each; they are short oval in shape, distinctly ribbed, and exquisitely netted. Rind is light green turning to a gold tint when ripe. Flesh is very thick, salmon-orange, deliciously sweet, and of fine flavor; bright, firm and attractive.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. $1.00; ½ lb. $1.75.
**Onions**

**441 Maule's Prizetaker**

LARGE, ATTRACTIVE YELLOW ONION OF SWEET, MILD FLAVOR (100 days)

A most handsome, fine flavored, extra productive, very large yellow globe onion. Bright, clear, thin, straw yellow skin; pure white, solid, crisp, mild flesh. Grows to a uniform globe shape and has a very small neck. Ripens firm and hard, and can be depended upon to bring a good price in any market. Of even size, shape and color. Introduced by Maule in 1886, and immediately met with great popularity which has continued ever since. Not so large or bland as Sweet Spanish, but a much better keeper.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; 1 oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.20.

**439 Maule's Large Sweet Spanish**

UTAH STRAIN. EXTRA LARGE; MILD FLAVOR; YELLOW (112 days)

This onion is now the most popular of all varieties, and it has gained its place for two reasons: great size and extreme mildness. It has light yellow skin, crystal white flesh, and is often used raw because of its sweet, bland flavor. When properly dried, it keeps for several months. Resists thrips.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. $2.50.

**448 Green Bunching**

LONG, WHITE, CRISP STALKS (60 days to green onions)

Green Bunching stands for a long time without forming a bulb. During this long period excellent scallion type green onions may be harvested. The flesh and skin are pure white, presenting a very attractive appearance. Allow these plants to stand very close together instead of thinning, as with regular bulbing types. This will create longer stalks and discourage bulbing. Plant this variety to extend far into the summer your supply of delicious green onions for the table.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. $2.40.

**451 Ebenezer or Japanese**

LONGEST KEEPING ONION (100 days)

An all-around variety with many desirable characteristics. Ebenezer is reasonably early, tops dry down quickly and completely; the outer scales are tough; its color is attractive; it yields heavily and keeps well. Sets grown from Ebenezer are of excellent color, shape and keeping quality. Onions are 2 ½ to 3 in. or more in diameter when well grown, flattened, yellow in color, moderately strong in flavor. Very dependable throughout the East and favorably known wherever onions are grown commercially.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; ¼ lb. $2.00.

**438 Maule’s White Sweet Spanish**

UTAH STRAIN. LARGE AND MILD FLavored (110 days)

All the outstanding features of the above Large Yellow Sweet Spanish will be found in this onion, but the flesh and the outer skin are both pure white. Large size, mild flavor, and handsome appearance combine to make this a most valuable onion.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. $2.50.

**SPECIAL COLLECTION**

Three Favorite Onion Varieties

Prizetaker . . . White Portugal . . . Early Yellow Globe

1370—3 Packets (one of each, value 35¢) for only 25¢

**452 Early Yellow Globe**

CHOICE STRAIN. 10 DAYS EARLIER THAN YELLOW GLOBE DAVENS (100 days)

One of the best and earliest globe-shaped onions; beautiful deep yellow skin and clear white flesh. The skin is thick and tight, which makes the onions less susceptible to damage through handling and it also helps to keep them better over winter in storage. An enormous cropper and an especially fine variety for growing on mucklands.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

**436 Maule’s Large Red Wethersfield**

A FINE RED ONION WITH GOOD, PUNGENT FLAVOR (110 days)

Solid, decidedly flattened, and very large around. Skin is deep purplish red; flesh is white, tinged with pinkish rose near the skin. Beautiful for garnishing and salads, well flavored, moderately pungent.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; ¼ lb. $2.00.

ALL MAULE ONION VARIETIES GROW BEST IN AREAS WITH 13 HOURS OR MORE OF DAYLIGHT
ONION and GARLIC SETS

Maule supplies the highest quality onion sets available. The bulbs are
large, plump, and in first-class condition. If your sets arrive during cold
weather, we suggest that you examine them immediately upon arrival
to see if they have been frozen in transit. Onions and garlic are fairly
resistant to freezing, and if they are thawed slowly and kept in a cool,
well-ventilated place until planting time, light freezing in shipment need
not be injurious.

69B76 Yellow Skinned Sets

The finest quality sets available on the market. These bulbs produce mature
onions long ahead of plantings from seed. Green onions are available in
a few weeks, and the crop is useful continuously through maturity. The ripe
bulbs are excellent keepers, excelling the white sets in this respect. It's
easy to grow onions from these fine sets.
Lb. 40f; 2 lbs. 75f; 5 lbs. $1.75.

69B72 White Skin Sets

Without equal for flavor and clean whiteness. Green onions are
ready very quickly. The plants then reach the picking
onion stage (about 1 in. thick). The bulbs mature well ahead
of seed plantings and are white, firm, well flavored and
slightly flattened in shape.
Lb. 45f; 2 lbs. 85f; 5 lbs. $2.00.

69B64 Garlic Sets

Extra select California-grown sets; large, pure white (150 days)
The pear-shaped bulbs have a strong, pungent odor, but if used in small
quantities are highly esteemed for adding zest to soups, stews, sausage,
salad dressings and dill pickles. The bulbs (sets) are composed of several
sections or cloves, which should be separated and set in rows 1 ft. apart
and 4 in. apart in the row. Cover with 1 in. of fine soil. When the tops
turn yellow, take up the bulbs, dry in the shade, and store in a cool, dry
place away from frost. They will keep perfectly all winter.
1/2 lb. 25f; 1 lb. 45f; 2 lbs. 85f; 5 lbs. $1.95.

437 Maule's Yellow Globe Danvers

The old reliable yellow globe; perfect keeper (110 days)
The onions are of deep globe shape with small necks. The skin is
bright golden yellow; the flesh is white and well flavored.
Maule's Yellow Globe Danvers has been famous for many years
in commercial onion growing districts for uniform shape, color
and keeping qualities. Like the other onion varieties listed
by Maule, this strain is designed for areas having 13 hours or more
of daylight during the midsummer growing season.
Pkt. 10f; 1/2 oz. 35f; oz. 65f; 1/4 lb. $2.00.

446 Southport Yellow Globe

True globe shape; sweet flavored; keeps remarkably well (135 days)
The most popular of the Southport type. Perfectly globe shaped,
with rather full shoulder, small neck, rich yellow skin, and fine-grained,
mild, creamy white flesh. Very productive and a good
keeper. The most largely grown yellow market onion, and pre-
ferred by many home gardeners.
Pkt. 10f; 1/2 oz. 40f; oz. 75f; 1/4 lb. $2.20.

445 Southport White Globe

(110 days) These onions, because of their handsome appearance and unsur-
passed quality, always bring top prices in the city markets and are held in the
highest esteem by home gardeners everywhere. The silvery white, globe-shaped
onions have a delightful mild flavor, are firm, solid and of the highest quality.
Pkt. 15f; 1/2 oz. 45f; oz. 85f; 1/4 lb. $2.50.

444 Southport Red Globe

(110 days) Perfectly globular, with rich, glossy red skin—the red-
est of all onions. Flesh is pure white, fine,
gained, and pleasantly flavorful. The best keep-
ing red onion, and adapted everywhere ex-
cept in parts of the world where daylight is
less than 13 hours in duration during the
 growing season.
Pkt. 10f; 1/2 oz. 35f; oz. 65f; 1/4 lb. $2.00.

470 Mixed Onion Seed

(100 to 115 days) A grand assortment of red, white and yellow onions
of various shapes and maturities. Will pro-
vide onions for use all through the summer,
fall and during the winter if stored.
Pkt. 15f; 1/2 oz. 40f; oz. 75f; 1/4 lb. $2.25.

Plants Guide

For seeds: Sow seed in rows 12 to 18 in.
apart, as early in the spring as the soil
can be worked. Sow thinly and cover
with 1/4 in. of soil. When the plants
are a few inches tall, thin out to stand
about 3 to 5 in. apart in the row. A
packet will sow about 25 ft. of row,
an ounce about 200 ft. Onions are easily
raised from seed and can be pulled as
needed during the summer or kept to be-
come fully ripe for late fall or winter use.

For sets: Onion sets should be planted
as early in the spring as the ground can
be worked. Make furrows about 1 in.
deep and press the onions into the surface
lightly but do not cover; the rows
12 to 18 in. apart and set the onions about
2 in. apart in the row. Green onions may
be had in a few weeks. At Philadelphia,
onions large enough to keep are ready in
early July, and large ripe onions about
the middle of July. By planting sets,
onions can be produced several weeks
earlier than can be had from seed. A
packet of onion sets will plant a row about
50 ft. long.

IF YOU LIVE WHERE DAYS ARE SHORT ASK FOR ADAPTED VARIETIES
Peas Smooth seeded types

488 Maule’s Earliest of All (Alaska) *

The earliest and hardiest of all garden peas (51 days)
The main reliance of thousands of truckers and gardeners who wish to be first in market with new peas. Popular with canners because of the uniformity of maturity. Vines grow about 30 in. tall and produce in about 54 days a wonderful crop of medium-sized pods filled with small, round green peas of excellent flavor. Unsurpassed for extra-early production combined with flavor, size of pod, prolificness, vigor and regularity of growth. Gardeners who are unable to raise any other peas because of heat or drought find that Earliest of All solves their problem by maturing before hot weather comes. The later, wrinkled varieties may be expected to be sweeter, and under good growing conditions much higher yielding. But peas are a cool weather crop, and where the weather changes rapidly from cool spring to hot summer, Earliest of All gives the best crop insurance.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

506 Maule’s Radio

(58 days) Plants are exceptionally vigorous and productive, with crops generally heavier than it seems possible for so early a variety. Vines grow from 12 to 13 in. tall and are loaded with medium-sized pods which, on the average, contain 6 large, round, bright green peas. The flavor is good. The dried seed is not perfectly round, but distinctly dimpled and slightly wrinkled. Maule imported this variety from England in 1924.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

487 Early Bird

(58 days) Hardy, robust and attractive semi-wrinkled or dimpled pea of considerable earliness. Vines grow 18 in. tall and bear a fine crop of beautiful bright green pods about 4 in. long, plump and broad, each containing 7 to 9 very large green peas which are tender and of good quality. This variety straddles the fence. It is earlier, harder and surer to succeed than the true wrinkled types; and better quality than the smooth-seeded strains.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

Planting Guide for All Peas

Almost as important as the variety you plant is the speed you exercise in getting your peas from the garden to the table. Pick the pods when they’re young and just before you’re ready to serve them. The sweetest peas are the wrinkled-seeded varieties, but the earliest and hardest are smooth-seeded. Both types should be planted as early as possible in the spring. In order to have peas over a considerable period, plant a group such as the collection offered above. Then, at 10-day intervals until the 10th of May, continue to plant seed of each of these varieties. Sow again during August for a fall crop. Space the rows 2 to 2½ ft. apart for dwarf varieties; 2½ to 3 ft. apart for tall varieties. Cover the seed 1 to 2 in. deep. A packet will sow about 20 ft. of row; a pound 100 ft. Varieties growing more than 2 ft. tall do better if staked up or otherwise supported.

Edible Podded Peas

When pods are young and peas are beginning to form, they are prepared and cooked like snap beans. They taste like fresh green peas. After the young pods have developed they may be shelled and cooked like other peas.

524 Maule’s Giant Sugar-Pod

(70 days) Vines are well-branched and make a vigorous growth about 3½ ft. tall; they carry an immense crop of large, flat, bright green-paired pods 6 in. long and about 1¼ in. broad. They are of the most luscious flavor. Like all edible podded peas, the quality of the pods is at its peak just as the peas begin to form.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

525 Dwarf Gray Sugar

(66 days) Plants grow 2 ft. tall and bear an abundance of medium size, sweet and tender pods of good flavor. The dwarfest growing and the earliest edible podded sugar pea.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

508 Giant Butter

(72 days) An entirely new type of edible podded pea, possessing the tenderness and fleshly qualities of a snap bean. The curved, semi-round pods are 6 to 7 in. long, very meaty and free from fiber or toughness. The pod is edible until the peas are fully formed and can therefore be used at almost any stage of growth. Vines are sturdy and grow from 4 to 5 ft. tall. Support of string or brush should be provided for best results.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $1.85; 10 lbs. $3.50.

Collection

How many kinds of peas do you plant? For gardeners who are not already familiar with the advantages of planting more than one variety, as suggested in the Planting Guide, Maule assembles this collection. By planting the four varieties listed here, you provide for a longer producing season and a surer crop.

Maule’s Earliest of All Little Marvel Dwarf Telephone Maule’s Potatch
3189—4 Pkts. (1 pkt. of each, value 40¢) for 30¢
3191—2 Lbs. (½ lb. of each, value $1.00) for 75¢
3193—4 Lbs. (1 lb. of each, value $1.75) for $3.40

500 Mammoth Podded Extra-Early

(56 days) Relatively new and a lusty competitor in the earliest group, this variety tells its story in its title. In some areas it has proved to be even earlier than Earliest of All. The oversize 4 in. blunt pods and the 30 to 36 in. vines would be found, normally, in a much later group. Round-seeded, but tender and good quality.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.
509 Giant Laxtonian

One of the largest podded of all early dwarf varieties and considered the best of its class for home or market garden. Vines are vigorous, about 18 in. tall and produce a heavy crop of large pods, often more than 4 in. long, each containing from 8 to 10 attractive dark green peas of the choicest quality. The pea are almost double the size of other dwarf varieties.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

499 Blue Bantam

(62 days) Unequaled for its combination of earliness, superb quality and unusual productiveness. The dwarf, vigorous vines average 18 in. in height and carry a very heavy crop of large, deep bluish-green pods 4 in. long, with as many as 8 or even 10 peas in a pod. The green shelled peas have that same characteristic bluish tone that makes the pods so distinctive.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $1.85; 10 lbs. $3.50.

507 Maule’s Potlatch

(78 days) The best large-podded semi-dwarf late pea, and one of our most popular main-crop peas. Vines grow from 2 to 3 ft. tall and bear an abundance of rich green pods, 4½ in. long, each containing 8 or 9 very large, luscious peas of a sweetness and flavor that is hard to describe to those who have never tasted such huge peas fresh from the garden.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $1.85; 10 lbs. $3.50.

497 Dwarf Telephone

(73 days) The vines are exceptionally thick and strong, requiring no support although they grow over 2 ft. tall. The yield is excellent, but the extremely fine sweetness and flavor are the things that have made the variety so popular. The pods are 4 to 5 in. long, and contain 6 or more giant peas.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

513 Maule’s Prodigious

(75 days) Also known as Prince Edward. This excellent variety was introduced in the United States by Wm. Henry Maule in 1901, and because of its great size and fine quality became popular immediately. Pods become 6 in. long, double the length of the ordinary pea. There are 9 to 11 large, dark green, flavorful peas in a pod. The vine grows 5 ft. tall. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

502 Laxon’s Progress

(60 days) The dwarf, vigorous peas grow about 18 in. tall and bear an enormous crop of deep bluish-green pods 4 in. long, packed with extremely large, luscious, dark green peas. Unusual quality and flavor plus extra-large pods make this a fine early variety.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

504 Maule’s World Record

(58 days) About 2½ ft. tall, with many broad, pointed pods containing 5 to 7 very large, dark green peas. Sweet and of delicious flavor. Always gives a good crop, and a special favorite in many sections. Large pods and good color make it a desirable market pea.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

517 Maule’s Telephone

(75 days) Vigorous vines grow 4 to 5 ft. tall and are heavily loaded with dark green, straight, broad and pointed pods, 4½ in. long, each containing 7 to 10 bright green peas. The length of the vine makes support necessary, but correspondingly heavier crops are obtained on a relatively small piece of land.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

491 American Wonder

(60 days) A real dwarf of excellent value. This pea has a vine that grows only 1 ft. to 1½ ft. in height, and yet is loaded with pods. The vines are straight, blunted, and 3 in. long. They contain 5 to 8 tightly packed peas. The quality is superb. This is the smallest plant of all, standing sturdy in the windiest places.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.

492 Nott’s Excelsior

(60 days) Early dwarf variety only 1½ ft. tall. The bright green foliage is stout and heavy. Pods are light green, 3 in. long, round and straight, with 6 or 7 round peas of choice, sweet flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. $1.75; 10 lbs. $3.00.
Parsnips

Maule's Improved Half-Long

Parsnips grow best in a loose, rich, deep soil. Sow seed early in the spring in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart and cover only ½ in. deep. Since parsnip seed germinates slowly it is a good idea to sow a little radish seed in the row to act as a marker to permit early cultivation. Thin seedlings to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 40 ft. of row; an ounce about 200 ft.; 3 lbs. per acre in drills 3 ft. apart. Roots may be stored for winter use, or some may be left in the ground all winter for use early next spring.

478 Maule's Improved Half-Long ★

(95 days) Roots are smooth, snow-white, and have practically no side roots. They are uniform, and grow to a good length, but not too long. Their whiteness is remarkable. This is by far the best strain of parsnip for the home gardener.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; 1 lb. $1.30; ½ lb. $2.35.

477 Maule's White Lisbon

(100 days) Produces uniformly large and handsome white roots of stocky form. They are heavy at the shoulder, well rounded, and gradually taper toward the base. The white, sweet flesh is of fine texture, free from core and stringiness. They cook tender, and have a fine flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; 1 lb. $1.30; ½ lb. $2.35.

483 Improved Long Smooth

(100 days) Also known as Hollow Crown or Improved Long Sugar. The straight, smooth, and handsome white roots are 10 to 13 in. long. The length and attractive appearance make this a very desirable variety. The white flesh is fine grained and of superior flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; 1 lb. $1.30; ½ lb. $2.35.

Pumpkins

555 Small Sugar ★

The best for pies (115 days)

Plant in May or June, in hills 8 by 8 ft. apart, or drop 5 or 6 seeds in every fourth hill in the cornfield. Thin to the best 2 plants in a hill. Use 1 oz. for 25 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. are needed to plant 1 acre.

557 Connecticut Field

(115 days) Large, round or slightly oval fruits with a smooth, hard, rich reddish orange skin and thick, dry, orange-yellow flesh so highly valued for making pies or canning. Fruits make a vigorous growth and need ample room to spread. This pumpkin, which weighs about 25 lbs., is also grown extensively for stock feeding, often planted with corn. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ½ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. $1.00.

560 Cheyenne Bush

(100 days) A brand new bush type pumpkin ideal for small gardens. The fruit is shaped like Small Sugar, except that it is still more miniature, ideally suited for making just two pies. The quality is superb, and it's very early maturing.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. 90¢.

561 Hundred Weight

(120 days) A selected strain of Potimarron sometimes called Jumbo because the pumpkins grow to such an enormous size. The fruit frequently attains a weight of 100 lbs. or more. In spite of its large size it is a shy seeder and among the best for table and for making pies. Skin is dark salmon and the flesh is bright yellow, fine grained, and sweet.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. $1.60.

Peanuts

485 Virginia or Jumbo

(120 days) Early, large, and prolific, yielding fewer imperfect pods than any other kind; produces as much as 100 bushels per acre on medium land. Two or 3 large, richly flavored kernels to the pod, which is borne on a stem underground. Vines spread 3½ to 4 ft., making valuable fodder for stock. Not adapted to the northernmost states.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 35¢; lb. 60¢.

476 Paramount ★

(70 days) This parsnip is superior to all other strains, and it shows it under almost all growing conditions. The leaves are a slightly darker green than Double Curled, and slightly shorter stemmed; but the curling is distinctly tighter and more uniform than the regular Double Curled. It dresses up parsley buttered potatoes like a new hat on Easter Sunday.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. 50¢; ¼ lb. $1.60.

474 Double or Moss Curled

(70 days) Plants are of semi-dwarf, compact habit, growing about 12 in. high and spreading to as much as 18 in. The leaves are finely cut and tightly curled, and are emerald green when young, becoming much darker as they grow older.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

Parsley

Double Curled

Sow seed as early as the soil can be worked in the spring; space rows 12 to 18 in. apart, and after covering the seed with no more than ½ in. of fine soil, gently but firmly press it down. Thin seedlings to stand 6 to 8 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 30 ft. of row; an ounce about 200 ft. Parsley germinates slowly, so have the ground clean and in good condition.

476 Paramount ★

(70 days) This parsley is superior to all other strains, and it shows it under almost all growing conditions. The leaves are a slightly darker green than Double Curled, and slightly shorter stemmed; but the curling is distinctly tighter and more uniform than the regular Double Curled. It dresses up parsley buttered potatoes like a new hat on Easter Sunday.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. 50¢; ¼ lb. $1.60.
Sweet Varieties

542 Burpee’s Fordhook Pepper 🌶
All-America Bronze Medal Winner (67 days)
The fruit is blocky, just the right size and shape for stuffing, 3½ in. across and 3½ in. long. It is nearly round in cross section, with 3 or 4 lobes, glossy dark green turning bright red when ripe. Flesh is nearly ⅛ in. thick, tender, crisp and always sweet. Plants grow 15 to 18 in. tall, erect, bearing fruits upright in large clusters. This pepper is a new variety, and while it is not the largest fruited type available (Chinese Giant and California Wonder are larger), it is much earlier than these other types, and has a more uniform and better shaped fruit. It does well over a much wider area and under more difficult conditions than most other kinds.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 60¢; oz. $1.10; ½ lb. $3.25.

552 Early Pimento 🌶
All-America Medal Winner (65 days)
Large, top or heart shaped fruits, 3½ in. long and 2½ in. broad; very smooth and glossy, dark green turning to bright red when ripe. The flesh is thick, very sweet and tender. Three weeks earlier than the old strain.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 55¢; oz. $1.00; ½ lb. $3.00.

544 Worldbeater
(73 days) Fruits grow 4½ in. long and 3½ in. across, deep green turning to glossy, rich scarlet when ripe. Its flesh is thick and has a mild, sweet flavor. Adapted over a wide area, and very productive.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 55¢; oz. $1.00; ½ lb. $3.00.

532 Chinese Giant
(79 days) Very large, 8 in. or more across and fully as long, almost square, and blunt at the end. Rich, dark green, changing to a deep red when ripe. Flesh is thick, mild and sweet. Plants make a stocky, bush-like growth, 1½ ft. tall and 2 ft. across. Too late for northern states, but the biggest there is for other areas.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 55¢; oz. $1.00; ½ lb. $3.00.

533 Maule’s Ruby King
(68 days) Fruits grow 5 in. long and 3 in. across, tapering gradually from the crown; deep green turning to bright ruby-red. Flesh is quite thick, sweet and mild. Early and heavy yielding.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ½ lb. $2.75.

537 King of the North
(85 days) Successful in northern gardens. Bears early and profusely; the fruits are 4 in. long, 2½ in. across, mild and sweet. Dark green turning to red.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ½ lb. $2.75.

Planting Guide
Sow pepper seed in March or April in hotbed, greenhouse or in boxes placed in a warm window. Cover seed lightly and keep the soil moist and very warm. After all danger of frost is past, set the plants out in the open ground, in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart and 18 in. apart in the rows. A packet will produce about 100 plants; an ounce about 1,500 plants; ¼ lb. for an acre. Days of maturity are from field setting of plants.

Hot Varieties

549 Hungarian Wax 🌶
(65 days) Quite hot and pungent but milder than the other hot types. Wax yellow changing to orange-red when ripe, 6 to 8 in. long and 1½ in. across at the largest part; the stem end tapers to a blunt point. Flesh is quite thick.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. $2.75.

535 Maule’s Red Hot (77 days) 5 in. long; 1 in. thick. Red.

547 Long Red Cayenne (72 days) Long, twisted fruits. Hot.

543 Small Red Chili (82 days) 1½ in. long. Very, very hot.

Any of the above three:
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. $2.75.

Burpee's Fordhook Pepper

Peppers

King of the North
Radishes

The first vegetable from your garden

584 White Icicle

The most popular of all radishes ★
Continues to be delicious over a long period during the growing season (30 days)

The attractive, straight roots grow about 5 in. long, are very smooth and free from side roots, and are shaped like real icicles. Skin is pure white, thin and tender; flesh is icy white, crisp, brittle and juicy. It is perfectly mild and of a delightfully sweet flavor with just enough pungency to appeal to the appetite. It remains solid during the entire growing season, and is fully as good when 1 in. in diameter as when only ½ inch.

White Icicle, like other radishes, will stand some frost, so extremely early planting as well as late fall crops are possible. These crops at the extremes of the growing season are likely to be the finest of all because radishes thrive best during cool weather, and are of the highest quality when the plants have not been subjected to much heat.

Remember that your White Icicles are going to grow deep into the ground and prepare the earth to a considerable depth to make growth rapid and even.

This is one of the finest radishes grown, and should be in every garden, whether for home or market, spring or fall use.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; 1 lb. $1.25.

572 Crimson Giant ★
Extra large, crisp and tender (28 days)

Large, early maturing, turnip-shaped radish almost double the size of any of the other turnip-shaped varieties; single roots often weigh one ounce and are 5 to 6 in. in circumference. It grows quickly and has a most attractive, deep crimson skin; flesh is pure white, of fine flavor, firm, crisp and never shows any hollow or pithy centers. Used by many people as a sandwich radish because of its mildness and slicing size.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; 1 lb. $1.25.

580 Maule's Sparkler ★
Attractive, round, red with white tip (25 days)

The best scarlet, white-tipped radish. Flesh is white, crisp and sweet, remaining fit for use longer than most of the other globe-shaped varieties. The color is very vivid and attractive, rich bright scarlet with a large tip of the purest white. An excellent forcing sort and highly recommended for growing in the open for home or market use. This variety supplants the Old Scarlet Turnip White Tipped strain.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; 1 lb. $1.25.

590 Saxa or Rapid Red
The very earliest (22 days)

Desirable, quick growing, red button radishes as round as marbles, with very small tops and small tap-roots. The skin is bright scarlet. The firm, white flesh is crisp, brittle and juicy. Adapted for forcing or outdoor planting. Grown in large quantities, it is the earliest of them all—your first garden dividend.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. 90¢; 1 lb. $1.55.

Planting Guide

The seed of Spring and Summer Radishes may be sown as early in the spring as the soil can be worked. Successional sowings may be made every 10 days until September, except where summers are hot, in which sections sowings should be stopped from the middle of May until the first of August. Sow seed thinly in shallow drills 12 to 18 in. apart, cover with ½ in. of soil; thin to 1 in. apart for small varieties; large varieties, 3 to 4 in. apart. A packet will sow about 20 ft. of row; 1 oz. about 100 ft.; 10 to 12 lbs. per acre. With little care, anyone can grow radishes. They are at their best, however, in finely and deeply prepared soil and when growth is quick and steady.
583 Maule’s Earliest Scarlet

The favorite early red radish

Perfectly round, mild flavor (24 days)

The very first vegetable from your garden will be the earliest radishes, and you’ll enjoy Maule’s Earliest Scarlet just as thousands of other gardeners have during the past 60 years. This grand variety has constantly held a favorite place, and has been surpassed only by White Icicle in popularity.

The skin is rich, gleaming scarlet, and is very thin and tender. The flesh is pure white, always crisp, brittle, mild and sweet. It is hard to imagine a more satisfactory sensation than the first crunching bite from one of these delightfully flavored radishes.

Maule’s Earliest Scarlet has a short top, and is well adapted to growing under glass as well as early planting in the garden. It reaches an average size of one inch in diameter and is always perfectly round in shape.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.25.

597 Vicks

Early Scarlet Globe

(23 days) Has a good reputation as a forcing variety; it stands the heat required for forcing without becoming pithy in the heart or losing any of its flavor. The thin skin is rich scarlet; flesh is white, crisp and tasty. Grows round to olive shape, has medium-sized tops and very thin, fine roots. Also one of the best outdoors.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.25.

593 White Strassburg

(40 days) A handsome, white, smooth radish of oblong shape, 4 to 5 in. long and 2 in. broad at the shoulder; gradually tapers toward a thin tap root. Both the skin and the flesh are pure white, crisp, tender and pungent. A favorite summer radish for many years.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.25.

610 Mixed Radishes

(22 to 55 days) Included in this mixture are many different varieties so you may sow a row and harvest from a wide selection of different shapes, sizes and colors in all maturities.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.25.

603 Maule’s Winter

The best radish for winter storage (55 days)

Attractive, smooth, pure white roots growing about 8 in. long and 2 to 3 in. in diameter at the base where they are the broadest. Flesh is pure icy white and of mild flavor—the mildest and least pungent of all winter radishes. Good keeper. Winter radishes require cool weather at the end of their growing season, and for that reason seeds are sown from mid-June until mid-August. Plant in rows 15 to 24 in. apart; cover seed ½ in. deep; thin seedlings to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. $1.55.

3155 COLLECTION

Four Choice Early Radishes

This group represents the four most popular types of early radishes.

Maule’s Earliest Scarlet

White Icicle

Crimson Giant

Maul’s Sparkler

4 Pkts. (1 each of the four, value 40¢) for only 30¢

WM. HENRY MAULE, PHILADELPHIA 32, PA.
Sunflower

Plant and tend much the same as corn. Wild birds love sunflower seed. If you have room, why not plant a few rows for them? A pkt. plants 75 ft. of row; 8 lbs. to the acre.

856 Mammoth Russian

In addition to their impressive and stately beauty these giant flowers are valuable for their seed. The immense heads grow 18 to 20 in. across and bear a heavy crop of seed which is used to feed poultry and other birds. Plants are vigorous and often grow 10 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 70¢; 5 lbs. $1.60; 10 lbs. $3.00.

709 Golden Neckless

(85 days) This new Canadian selection brings the greatest refinement yet attained in rutabagas. The shape is a deep globe, with generous purple coloring at the top, and the remainder gold. It is fine grained, excellent quality, and remarkably uniform. Extremely small neck. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ½ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 80¢; lb. $1.60.

Salsify

The striking similarity of flavor between salsify and oysters has made the species known as Oyster Plant. Roots are equally attractive when creamed or prepared in a stew. Sow seed early in the spring in rows 18 in. apart; cover 1 in. deep. Thin seedlings to stand 4 to 5 in. apart in the row. The best roots are grown on rather light soil, but good ones can be grown in any ordinary garden loam if deep and mellow. The roots are perfectly hardy and may remain in the ground all winter for early spring use. A packet will sow about 20 ft. of row: an oz. for 100 ft.

614 Mammoth Sandwich Island

(110 days) Long, thick, tapering roots. The flesh is almost white and has a delicious oyster-like flavor.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

Rhubarb

Rhubarb needs a sharp freeze during the winter to make it grow properly the following season. Accordingly, gardeners in the extreme southern region in Florida and along the Gulf are denied the pleasure of growing this hardy perennial. Set the crowns of the roots deep enough to be covered with 2 or 3 in. of soil, spacing them 3 or 4 ft. apart.

69B87 MacDonald Roots

New variety of superior quality

This new variety produces such tender stalks that peeling is unnecessary. Their color is a strong and uniform red which completely covers the stalks. Propagation is entirely by roots, since these plants never produce fertile seed. MacDonald makes a better looking, bigger, and more delicately flavored rhubarb variety, and it remains useful longer into the summer because of its tenderness. The stalks are frequently 2 ft. long and exceptionally thick.

2 roots for 75¢; 3 for $1.10; 5 for $1.75; 10 for $3.25.

69B88 Victoria Roots

The old standard variety

Roots planted this spring provide a moderate crop next spring, and bear heavily for years afterwards. The stalks are thick, tender, and heavily shaded with red. Caution: never use rhubarb leaves for greens because they contain an acid which makes them unfit for food.

2 roots for 40¢; 5 for 90¢; 10 for $1.45.

Tampala

A brand new vegetable greens (50 days)

Tampala grows best in hot weather and greatly outyields spinach. Plants grow 2 ft. tall, and have long, light green leaves which are held high above the ground. The flavor is very mild. Plant thinly and very shallow after the ground has become thoroughly warm. Let plants stand 18 in. apart. Leaves and branch tips may be harvested all summer.

Pkt. 15¢; 2 pkts. 25¢; ½ oz. 45¢; ¼ oz. 75¢; oz. $2.00.
622 New Zealand ✶
Perfectly heat and drought tolerant (70 days)
This variety thrives under adverse conditions. It grows freely in heat and drought, produces heavily all through the summer, and only the most energetic cutting will prevent the plants from spreading to 4 ft. across by the time frost kills them. Not the same family as ordinary spinach, it equals it in flavor, succulence, and tenderness.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.40.

623 Bloomsdale Long Standing ✶
America’s favorite spinach (45 days)
The remarkable long standing qualities of the strain make it one of the best for home garden use as well as for canning. It has an exceptionally large plant, with glossy, dark green, intensely crinkled, blistered, and very thick leaves. Best adapted to spring sowing, but also good in the fall. The plants develop slower than other strains. This slowness of growth is their chief virtue in warm weather.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. $1.10.

627 Nobel
(45 days) Moderately smooth, easily cleaned leaves, rapid growth, and long standing ability. The leaves are a very dark green and thick fleshed, and are produced in greater abundance and for a longer time than any other true spinach.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. $1.10.

621 Bloomsdale
(42 days) Extremely dark green leaves. winters over when fall planted in the north. The very crinkled, thick, erect leaves are at their best when harvested from the earliest spring crop. High quality.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. $1.10.

626 Savoy Leaved Blight Resistant
(40 days) An improved, very blight resistant selection of Bloomsdale; leaves are darker green and more heavily crinkled. Fine for late fall planting to winter over, but bolts soon in warm weather.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. $1.10.

Sow seed as early in the spring as the ground can be prepared, and cover 1 in. deep. Seed may be broadcast or sown in rows 1 ft. apart; thin seedlings to stand 6 in. apart. For a succession, sow every two weeks until May 15; for fall use sow from August 10 to September 15; and for early spring use, sow in September and cover with a few inches of hay, leaves, or litter during the winter. A packet will sow about 25 feet of row; an oz. 100 ft.

86 Rhubarb Chard ✶
The most vivid color in the garden (60 days)
A new Swiss Chard that looks like rhubarb. The stalks extend 10 to 12 in. before the leaves begin, and are of the most spirited, glowing crimson you can imagine; the rich red color extends out through the veins into the dark green heavily crinkled leaves. In addition to being by far the most colorful and attractive plant in the vegetable garden it has a wonderful chard flavor to make it attractive on the table as well. Plants grow about 2 ft. tall, and continue to provide greens and tender stalks from July until frost. They are very easily grown, and thrive on poor soil, in drouth, and in all parts of the country. Plant it along the edge of your garden where it will be on display.
Pkt. 15¢; oz. 50¢; ¼ lb. $1.40; ½ lb. $2.30; lb. $4.75.

89 Lucullus ✶
(60 days) Well-known cut-and-come-again spinach beet; grows 2 to 2½ ft. tall, and has rich light green, savoyed or crinkled leaves which are tender and flavorful. The white, thick midribs may be prepared separately and provide a most appetizing dish.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 70¢; ½ lb. $1.25; lb. $2.25.

87 Fordhook Giant
(60 days) Fordhook Giant differs from Lucullus in the color of the leaves, which is a much darker green, and in the greater thickness of the stems. These stems are outstandingly broad and fleshy.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 80¢; ½ lb. $1.50; lb. $2.75.

Swiss Chard
635 Improved Hubbard

The leading Hubbard squash (100 days)

Maule's Improved Hubbard Squash represents the perfection of all large winter squashes. The fruits grow about 10 by 12 in. in size and weigh about 12 lbs. The flesh is rich orange-yellow, fine grained, solid, dry, and lusciously sweet. The toughness of the dark olive-green warty rind makes it the favorite for winter use, keeping well until spring if properly stored. Improved Hubbard is not only used in every squash recipe but also as a superior material for baking pumpkin pies.

Pkt. 10¢; 0z. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. $1.60.

641 Blue Hubbard

Splendid for pies (305 days)

Fruits are large, heavy, and of a distinctly deep blue-gray color. The shell is extremely rough and hard; the flesh is attractive bright yellow-orange, fine grained, very dry, and exceptionally sweet. Unusually productive and easily stored. Larger than the green or orange-red skinned Hubbards. Fruits grow 18 in. long, 12 in. thick, and average 15 lbs. in weight. The biggest squash we offer for sale.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. $1.00; ½ lb. $1.75.

631 Buttercup

Highest quality of all (100 days)

A fine squash of a shape that is quite unique and attractive. Fruits grow 4½ in. thick and 6½ in. across, with a heart-shaped protuberance at the blossom end. Skin is green with stripes and spots of gray; flesh is thick, orange, dry, sweet, of the finest texture, and really supreme quality. The fruits are small enough to be baked whole, and this method of preparation is something which must be tried to be appreciated. Medium sized fruits require about 1½ hours in a moderate oven. Good keeper.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90; ½ lb. $1.60.

630 Acorn

Also known as Table Queen (58 days)

The smooth, hard shell is deeply ribbed and dark green, 5½ in. long and 4 in. thick. Vines are long and vigorous. The half-grown fruits are fine for summer use; fully grown fruits are excellent winter keepers. The mature Acorn, like other small squashes, is at its best when baked whole. It is then cut in half, the seeds removed, and served in the shell. Prepared this way, it is the world's finest squash.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

645 Red or Golden Hubbard

Orange-red skin (82 days)

Similar to the Improved Hubbard in size and shape, often weighing the same in spite of its earlier maturity, but differing from it in having deep orange-red colored skin which makes it particularly attractive. The thick orange-yellow flesh is richer in color than Hubbard, but of the same fine-grained texture and sweet luscious flavor. Red or Golden Hubbard is easily stored throughout the winter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. $1.00; ½ lb. $1.75.

634 Butternut

A new variety of exemplary quality (85 days)

A number of fine characteristics make this new squash worthy of a place in your garden. The seed cavity is very small, being confined to the globular bottom of the fruit. The thick neck is solid flesh, just right for slicing. The fruits when baked have an indescribable nut-like flavor superior to any squash we have ever tasted. Fruits measure 4 to 5 in. thick at the widest point and 10 to 12 in. long. Just right for baking whole. Winter keeper.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. $1.75.

650 Mixed Squashes

(48 to 105 days) A fine mixture of all the excellent squashes we list, both summer and winter varieties. One sowing will provide for summer, fall and winter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

Planting Guide

All squash grows best in a deep, fertile soil. Bush varieties are grown in rows or hills 4 by 4 ft. apart; running varieties, 8 by 8 ft. apart. Sow seed in spring when soil has become warm. Thin bush varieties to 4 plants in a hill, running varieties to 2 to 4 plants to a hill. A packet will plant 8 hills; bush varieties, one oz. 40 hills; running varieties, one oz. 50 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. per acre.

Winter squashes require the same general cultural directions as the summer varieties but need a longer growing season to mature. Fruits must remain on the vine until they have fully matured; gather them before frost, leaving part of the stem attached. Keep in a moderately warm, dry place until used. Handle carefully so as not to bruise them, for bruises may cause decay.

Examine fruits in storage from time to time. Many of the winter squashes make excellent "pumpkin" pie.
628 Early White Bush

Early; scalloped fruits (50 days)

Also known under the name of Patty Pan. Squashes are creamy white and scallop around the edges; flesh is milk-white, smooth, firm and of the most delicious flavor. Plants are of bush form and bear a great crop of fruit. Probably the most used and best liked of all summer squash.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

644 Yankee Hybrid

A genuine hybrid squash (48 days)

Entirely new and different, Yankee Hybrid is a first generation cross by controlled pollination. It produces the earliest squash in the garden, and makes a heavier crop than any other kind. In addition, the fruits are amazing uniform, and the bush vines are extremely vigorous. A cross between Early Prolific and Connecticut Straightneck; its fruits are bright yellow and average 8 to 9 in. long, tapering only slightly at the neck.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ½ lb. $2.25.

632 Mammoth Golden

Summer Crookneck

Fine-grained flesh (60 days)

An improved strain of the old Yellow Summer Crookneck. Fully twice as large, it matures just as early. Fruits grow 18 in. long, have a beautiful deep golden-orange warty skin and salmon-orange flesh. Necks are curved; entire fruits are filled with fine-grained flesh of luscious flavor. Compact, bushy plants.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

629 Giant Summer Straightneck

(60 days). This variety is really just the same as Golden Summer Crookneck except that it is not handicapped by a crooked neck. This improvement makes the squash easier to prepare for cooking, and allows easier packing and handling.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

A welcome fall and winter crop—Turnips

693 Extra Early Purple-Top Milan

Purple-top, white, flat (48 days)

Quickly produces good-sized, smooth turnips with few leaves. The roots are flat, 4 in. across, purplish-red above and white below. The white flesh is choice, sweet and fine-grained. They are without equal for the table and for early or late market. It is one of the best for bunching. Adapted to spring and fall planting outdoors, and is desirable for forcing under glass.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 75¢; lb. $1.35.

686 Purple-Top White Globe

The most popular (55 days)

A large, rapid growing turnip, with globular roots of attractive appearance—lower part is white while the upper part is bright purplish-red. The flesh is pure white, fine-grained and tender. It is the best flavored of all turnips, raw or cooked.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 15¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 75¢; lb. $1.25.

702 Large Yellow or Amber Globe

(70 days). Large, almost round roots with light yellow skin and creamy yellow flesh which is agreeably sweet and tender. Keeps perfectly throughout the winter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 80¢; lb. $1.40.

Planting Guide

For spring planting, sow Extra Early Purple-Top Milan in April in rows 12 to 18 in. apart. Cover seed ½ in. and thin seedlings to stand 3 to 6 in. apart in the row. Cultivate frequently. For succession, sow at intervals until the last week in May. For fall and winter crop, sow any variety in July or August, in rows or broadcast. A packet will sow 50 ft. of row; an oz. 250 ft.; ½ lb. per acre in drills, or 2½ lbs. per broadcast.

WM. HENRY MAULE, PHILADELPHIA, PA. AND CLINTON, IOWA

41
Tomatoes

Super Marglobe

672C Improved Stone (Certified stock)

669C Marglobe (Certified stock)
The popular wilt-resistant tomato (73 days)

681C Pritchard (Certified stock)

719 Victor

It's easy to start tomatoes indoors

705 Super Marglobe

An outstanding tomato; illustrated on front cover in natural color (75 days)

A truly outstanding strain of this most popular of all tomatoes. Super Marglobe is selected for a short, compact, wilt-resistant vine with foliage which will protect the fruit from sunburn and allow it to develop the richest possible scarlet color, for heavy yield, and for an extra large sized fruit still retaining globular shape and refinement from end to end. The solid interior makes for good canning and firmness in shipping. The fruit of Super Marglobe weighs 7 to 8 ozs., is deep, almost globular, with only a minute scar at the blossom-end, and a stem end that makes picking easy. The outside color is bright scarlet, the interior thick walled and firm—the quality unbeatable. This tomato regularly exceeds all expectations.

Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

672C Improved Stone (Certified stock)

(81 days) A large, bright red main-crop tomato which has remained in favor with growers of all classes for many years. It has long been an important canning and market garden variety throughout the country. Remarkable yields are borne on large, vigorous plants which afford excellent cover. The fruits are large, weighing from 6½ to 7½ ozs., flattened in shape, smooth, solid, and uniform. Interior is very meaty; quality is the best. Uncertified seed offered on next page.

Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 80¢; ¼ lb. $2.50.

669C Marglobe (Certified stock)
The popular wilt-resistant tomato (73 days)

In breeding and selecting our stock of Marglobe, we have endeavored to secure a strain that will produce the maximum yield of large-sized, smooth, uniform, bright red fruits that are suitable for long-distance shipping, canning, or for juice production. Vigor, size of vine, and wiltresistance have also been considered; the result is a tomato which is definitely superior to most strains of this variety. Fruits weigh 6½ to 7 ozs., are globular, smooth, and with small blossom-end scars. The interior is remarkably solid, with small cells and heavy walls. Delicious and mild in flavor. Vines are heavy and spreading, with abundant foliage, and are wilt-resistant to a high degree.

Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

681C Pritchard (Certified stock)

Wilt-resistant, self topping (70 days)

Another of Dr. Fred Pritchard's developments; also known as Scarlet Topper. Like others of his varieties, it is wilt-resistant, and produces bright red, globe-shaped fruits. These fruits are medium sized, 5 to 6 ozs., well rounded on the shoulder, and exceptionally firm. The plants of this tomato are of the self-pruning or self-topping type, and, for that reason, ideal for planting in regions having heavy, fertile soils. It is a popular variety in many parts of the Middle West, where other tomatoes frequently make an abnormal growth. Uncertified seed offered on opposite page.

Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

719 Victor

(58 days) This new variety competes in the early group of Earllana maturity, and it has already gained very great favor. It is high yielding, and begins to bear heavily during the earliest part of the season. Fruits are full red, about 4 in. across and flattened globe shape. Vines are not large, and can stand both rich soil and close planting.

Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. $2.25.

SEND YOUR ORDER TO OUR NEAREST OFFICE
Many fine strains to choose from

653C Rutgers (Certified stock) *
Remarkable for its large size and solidity (74 days)

Developed at the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station. At present Rutgers is one of the foremost market and canning varieties in the entire country. Like most tomatoes of commercial importance, it is highly disease-resistant and practically free from the attacks of fusarium wilt. Plants are large and vigorous, with heavy stems and coarse, dark green leaves. Fruits average from 0½ to 7¾ ozs. in weight, are globular in shape, slightly flattened, having well-rounded shoulders and a very small blossoming scar. A most solid interior and heavy walls make it suitable for shipping. The brilliant red color and excellent quality meet the requirements for juice and canning. Uncertified seed offered at the bottom of the page.
Pkt. 15½; ½ oz. 40½; oz. 75½; ¼ lb. $2.25.

651 Maule's Earliest of All *
The favorite of all early tomatoes (55 days)

Maule's Earliest of All is the best early tomato for home gardens and market. Its extreme earliness is not its only merit, for the fruits are large, rich red in color, and extremely meaty. They do not crack, neither do they have a hard core. While they are a trifle irregular in shape, they are not rough.

This famous tomato was introduced by Wm. Henry Maule in 1892, and in the half-century since then it has never been surpassed for earliness. Countless thousands of satisfied customers have grown this time-tested variety, and if you want a supremely fine tomato as well as the very first one in your neighborhood you must grow it too.
Pkt. 15½; ½ oz. 45½; oz. 80½; ¼ lb. $2.55.

659C Greater Baltimore
(Certified Stock)
(78 days) One of the most highly colored of all tomatoes, and therefore particularly desirable for canning, local markets, and all household uses. A heavy producer of medium sized fruits which are uniform, remarkably free from cracks or ridges, and of delicious flavor. Large, spreading plants carry many branches and an abundance of rather small, bluish-green leaves. This tomato shows considerable resistance to heat and drought. Uncertified seed offered at the bottom of the page.
Pkt. 10½; ½ oz. 40½; oz. 75½; ¼ lb. $2.40.

656 Maule's Enormous
(83 days) The very large, deep red tomato originally introduced to the public by us. Maule's Enormous has made a record for both quality and quantity, while the beauty of the fruit makes it an easy and quick seller in all markets. The tomatoes are remarkably solid and firm. They are huge, delicious, and home garden favorites—the red duplicate of Ponderosa. *
Pkt. 15½; ½ oz. 45½; oz. 85½; ¼ lb. $3.50.

Certified vs. Standard Seed

Certified seed is produced from crops inspected by officials of State Agricultural Departments and found true to name and free from disease. Our uncertified seed is produced from the same stock and under the same conditions but has not been inspected for certification. Customers who purchase the certified seed gain the benefit of inspection by an expert and disinterested third party in addition to our own breeders' and growers' efforts. Listed below are six varieties described elsewhere. If you wish to purchase uncertified standard seed use the numbers and prices shown:
653 Rutgers 683 Bonny Best
669 Marglobe 672 Improved Stone
681 Pritchard 659 Greater Baltimore
Any of the above—Pkt. 10½; ½ oz. 35½; oz. 65½; ¼ lb. $1.90.

730 Fordhook Hybrid
An innovation in breeding (60 days)

This is the first hybrid tomato placed on the market. It is about as early as Earliana, yet yields more fruits than any other tomato, regardless of maturity. The fruits are not large, weighing about 5 ozs., but they are of excellent globe shape, and superior to other early varieties in color, smoothness, and flavor. The plants grow with remarkable vigor, as expected in a first generation hybrid, and this free foliag growth protects the fruits from the sun. Wilt-resistant. See page 2 for more information.
In jackets only Pkt. (50 seeds) 25½.

683C Bonny Best
(Certified Stock)
(66 days) This second-early, scarlet-red tomato can be grown successfully in nearly all parts of this country. Matures early enough to be of value to northern growers, while its quality makes it a desirable variety in sections having long growing seasons. Grown not only by home and early market gardeners, but by greenhouse operators as well. Plants are of medium size and bear an abundance of smooth, deep fruit, weighing 4½ to 6 ozs. Uncertified seed offered at the bottom of the page.
Pkt. 15½; ½ oz. 45½; oz. 85½; ¼ lb. $2.50.

671 Oxheart
(86 days) Large size, distinct shape and perfect quality all combine to account for the popularity which Oxheart has attained. It is among the largest of all pink tomatoes; bears a truly enormous crop of solid-fleshed, heavy, heart-shaped fruits, the seed cavities of which have almost disappeared. Grown under good conditions fruits often weigh 2 lbs. or more.
Pkt. 15½; ½ oz. 75½; oz. 1.40; ¼ lb. $4.25.

660 John Baer
(86 days) The rich scarlet-red fruits are thick through and slightly flattened on top, extremely solid, with small seed cavities, and free from stringiness or fiber. They ripen early and produce a tremendous crop of beautiful fruits which are evenly colored all over.
Pkt. 10½; ½ oz. 35½; oz. 65½; ¼ lb. $2.00.

TOMATOES CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE 43
More Tomatoes

655 Jubilee •
New, brilliant orange beauty
(72 days) Everybody everywhere likes Jubilee immensely, and so do we. It's the variety in our own garden, and it is being grown by increasing thousands of gardeners all over the country. We like Jubilee because of its appetizing, rich orange color, its smoothness, and its freedom from cracking. We like it because it's big—most of the fruits weigh ½ lb., or more. But most of all, we like it because it's so solid and so downright good to eat. For slicing, canning and for juice it is the best we've seen. The plants are everywhere you could ask for—vigorous, leafy, large. Try Jubilee. You'll be glad you did.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; ½ lb. 75¢; oz. $1.40; ½ lb. $4.20.

682 Giant Ponderosa
Extremely large; purplish; mild flavor (63 days)
Although introduced many years ago, this attractive purplish-pink-colored tomato is today one of the most popular. Its vigorous vines undoubtedly produce the most gigantic tomatoes ever known, and in great profusion if the soil is not too rich. Ponderosa is essentially a home garden tomato and not suitable for shipping, but many owners of roadside stands have found it very profitable. Because of the fact that these tomatoes are so huge and are unobtainable through commercial channels, home gardeners can display them with genuine pride. Their flavor is mild and preferred by many people because of its low acidity.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 60¢; oz. $1.10; ½ lb. $3.25.

661 Break O'Day
(63 days) Break O'Day is the earliest wilt-resistant variety (except for the new Fordhook Hybrid), and among the earliest of all varieties, producing attractive, red, globe-shaped fruits which weigh from 6 to 7 oz. each. They are of splendid quality and firm enough to stand long-distance shipping. Especially recommended for planting in rich and well-fertilized soils as it will not make an excessive vine growth.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ½ lb. $2.25.

Other tomatoes

If your favorite variety is not described in detail on this or the preceding catalog pages, you will probably find it listed below. The fact that these varieties are not given equal space with the others does not mean they are not as good, but simply that they are popular in special areas or for special purposes.

670 Penn State (62 days)

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ½ lb. $2.75.

666 Dwarf Stone (83 days)
Red-fruited dwarf tree tomato. Use very little space but yields well.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; ½ lb. $2.50.

677 Pear-Shaped Yellow (Preserving Type)
Extremely prolific; yields many small fruits which make wonderful marmalade.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ½ lb. $2.60.

301 Improved Ground Cherry (90 days from seed)
Ask for free recipes for Ground Cherries including cultural instructions.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 75¢; oz. $1.40; ½ lb. $4.20.

658 Spark's Earliana (58 days)
A fine, productive earliest red tomato of many years standing.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ½ lb. $2.60.

664 Matchless (73 days)
The finest deep red color. Large size and long keeping quality.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ½ lb. $2.40.

685 Grothen's Globe (68 days)
A darker red-colored Break O'Day with uniformly red fruits.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ½ lb. $2.50.

662 June Pink (60 days)
Bright pink fruits; Earliana type with somewhat flattened shape.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ½ lb. $2.75.

668 Gulf State Market (73 days)
Pink skinned; good for Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ½ lb. $2.25.
406 Dixie Queen ✱
**Nearly round; very large (88 days)**
Vigorous grower, with large, nearly round melons of uniform size and shape; skin is greenish ivory striped with dark green. Flesh is deep red, crisp and of the finest flavor; it is good clear to the rind, which is thin but tough. Small white seeds. 15 in. long, 12 in. across; weight, 30 to 35 lbs.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. $1.60.

399 Stone Mountain ✱
The famous Dixie Belle melon; extra large (90 days)
The melons are nearly round, blunt at the ends; skin is grayish green; flesh is deep scarlet, of excellent quality, delightful flavor, and without any white hearts or stringiness. Average size melons weigh about 30 lbs. The rind is thin, with flesh edible right down to it. It’s a beauty in anybody’s garden.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

409 Golden Sweet
**Attractive golden flesh (90 days)**
Large, oblong shaped melons with dark green skin and luscious golden yellow flesh which is unbelievably sweet flavored. It is equal to any of the red-fleshed varieties; many gardeners believe it is superior. You’ll be delighted with Golden Sweet.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

390 Early Northern Sweet
(78 days) A very early maturing variety suitable for northern gardens where melons normally fail. Melons are oval in shape, weigh about 12 lbs.; flesh is red and of good quality. The color of the skin is green with narrow stripes of deeper green.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

387 Maule’s Panmure All-Heart ✱
The sweetest red watermelon (85 days)
A famous Maule specialty. Long, heavy fruits, with faint mottling on a dark green, thin, tough rind. The flavor is grand, and the red flesh is so firm it appears to be all heart. The fruit has the advantage of possessing very small seeds, further increasing its attractiveness.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

404 Maule’s Improved Kleckley’s Sweet ✱
(90 days) Large, dark green, oblong shaped melons, 20 in. long, with dark green skin shaded with faint stripes of a lighter green. Flesh is bright scarlet, sweet and solid. Altogether a handsome melon; its tough rind makes it able to stand rough handling.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

393 Kleckley’s Sweet
(90 days) Attractive oblong shape with a dark green rind. The flesh is scarlet, very firm, crisp, and of unequalled quality. Recommended for home gardens, since while the thin rind makes it wonderful for eating it is not tough enough to stand shipping.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. $1.30.

418 Mixed Watermelons
Many varieties (78 to 90 days)
Many varieties in a grand mixture; a choice collection of delicious flavored melons of different shapes from the earliest to the latest ripening over a long period.
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ½ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. $1.10.

---

**Planting Guide**

A rich, warm, sandy soil is the ideal for raising melons; they respond well to fertilizer. Sow the seed when the ground has become warm, placing 6 to 8 seeds in slightly raised hills. Hills should be 8 ft. apart, and thinned to 2 or 3 plants per hill. Cover the seed 1 in. deep. Packet size 10 hills, ounce 30 hills. Keep up cultivation as long as possible. Largest watermelons can be raised by permitting only one or two fruits to ripen on each vine.
Maule’s Famous Lawn Grass Mixtures

891 Maule’s Extra Quality Mixture

Produces a permanent velvety green, deep-rooted sod that presents a good appearance spring, summer and fall. It is made up of grasses that are at their best at different periods and thus a lasting and permanent effect is obtained. It is entirely free from grasses that form clumps. Contains a small percentage of the expensive White Dutch Clover in order to still further thicken the sod. 1/2 lb. 40¢; 1 lb. 70¢; 2 lbs. $1.30; 5 lbs. $3.00; 10 lbs. $5.75; 15 lbs. $8.50; 25 lbs. $14.00; 50 lbs. $27.00; 100 lbs. or more @ 52¢ per lb.

885 Shady Lawn Mixture

This grass mixture will help you do away with unsightly bare spots in shaded areas, since the grasses in this mixture grow naturally in semi-shaded places. 1/2 lb. 40¢; 1 lb. 70¢; 2 lbs. $1.45; 5 lbs. $3.50; 10 lbs. $6.75; 15 lbs. $9.75; 25 lbs. $15.75; 50 lbs. $31.00; 100 lbs. or more @ 61¢ per lb.

797 White Dutch Clover

For extra thick turf sow separately 1/4 lb. for each 2 lbs. of grass seed. 1/2 lb. 45¢; 1 lb. 85¢; 2 lbs. $1.65; 5 lbs. $7.50; 10 lbs. $14.50; 15 lbs. $21.25; 25 lbs. $33.75.

Garden Supplies

Soil Soaker

The most convenient, efficient, economical way to irrigate

A revolutionary new way of watering lawns, shrubs, trees and gardens. It has many advantages over hose or sprinklers, and most important is the fact that it does a much better job of putting the right amount of water where it is needed, and no place else.

This apparatus is a canvas tube 2 in. in diameter with a regular hose attachment at one end and the other end closed. When water is turned into the tube it fills and seeps freely from every pore in the cloth. The water does not run off, even on steep slopes, but soaks right down into the ground exactly where you want it. It releases 20% more water than sprinklers with about 25% saving in water due to less evaporation, runoff, etc. Never wets foliage.

The worst thing about watering a lawn or garden has been the danger of insufficient depth of soaking to help the plants. With the Soil Soaker you can’t miss doing the job right. One of the best garden accessories we know of.

52X01 Insecticide Duster

For use with Rotenone, DDT, or other garden insecticides. This duster is of fine construction, with a long metal tube and nozzle designed to get the dust under the leaves where it does the most good. Very economical of dust, and easy to operate.

Each, $1.60.

52X44 Vegetable Gardening Book

A book that answers all your gardening questions

Here, at last, is a reasonably priced book that gives you all the answers. The dean of the College of Agriculture at Rutgers University says, “It is gratifying to greet a book like this, intensely practical, simple yet comprehensive. . .” Novice or old timer alike will find this book a reliable guide. It treats more than 60 vegetables and herbs in minute detail, giving down-to-earth, complete information about planting, tending, protecting from disease and insects, harvesting, storage, vitamin content, the amount you need per person, and a host of other facts. The best book of its kind ever published.

Price, only 25¢.

Another book, of special interest to flower growers, is described fully on page 66. From a long list we have chosen this one as the best, at a reasonable price.

YOU CAN REALLY DEPEND ON MAULE
Fertilizer

52x27 Bone Meal
Nitrogen immediately available, 3%: phosphorus available for several years, 20%. Provides long-term enrichment, is absolutely safe, and does not render soil acid.
Below ceiling price 5 lbs. 50¢.

52x29 Sheep Manure
Quick acting natural fertilizer provided in a finely pulverized condition. Better than horse manure and much easier to handle. Contains nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash.
Below ceiling price 5 lbs. 45¢.

52x30 PlanTabbs
A complete fertilizer in tablet form. Clean, colorless, and safe. Original 11-15-20 prevar high concentration formula now available.
Ceiling prices 25 tablets 75¢; 75 for $4.50; 200 for $1.00; 1000 for $3.50.

52x54 Vigoro
A balanced plant food that supplies the necessary minerals to make good crops. Five pounds fertilize about 125 sq. ft. Popular 5-10-5 formula suits most gardening needs.
Ceiling price 5 lbs. 75¢.

Insecticides

52x10 Mexogen
Many parts of the east and south are visited annually by hordes of Mexican Bean Beetles which form a serious hazard for all bean crops except soy beans. Mexogen is a spray concentrate specifically designed to combat this pest. It kills the adult, larvae, and eggs. Nonpoisonous to humans.
Ceiling prices 1/2 pt. 85¢; 1 qt. $2.20.

52x39 Roteneone
Roteneone is by all odds the most versatile and effective garden insecticide on the market. Scanned as Stabilized 75 Dust. It contains nothing but rotenone, rotenone by-products, and inert ingredients, so it is perfectly harmless to plants and humans, but deadly to insects. A few insects, like the squash bug, are immune to all insecticides, but rotenone kills all the garden pests you can hope to control, and is the best general insecticide you can buy.
Ceiling prices 1 lb. canister 45¢; 5 lbs. $1.25.

52x40 B-B Dust
A rotenone and sulphur compound used as dust or spray, and positively the most effective control for Mexican Bean Beetles. Many gardeners consider this combination to be the best for general dusting or spraying. The fact that 15% of the dust is sulphur makes the application also useful in the control of fungoid diseases. There are no poisonous ingredients in this dust which will harm humans who eat vegetables treated with it. Used with an efficient duster like the one described on the opposite page, a single bag is usually sufficient for an entire season in the average garden.
Ceiling price 5 lb. bag $1.10.

52x51 Black Leaf 40
The most effective control over aphids, as well as other soft-bodied insects. This is a solution containing 40% nicotine sulphate. Dilute at the rate of one teaspoonfull to a gallon of water.
Ceiling price 1 oz. 40¢; 5 ozs. $1.10; 1 lb. $2.50.

52x15 Red Arrow
A highly concentrated solution, the principal basis being the powerful rotenone. This solution is the one to use if you prefer to spray instead of dust rotenone in your garden. During the war hallucinogens were used in its manufacture, but it is back to full killing power now. Nonpoisonous.
Ceiling price 1 oz. bottle 40¢; 4 ozs. $1.25.

52x36 Hammond's Slug Shot
An old-time standard bug killer, improved with new ingredients to make it a fungicide as well. Good for controlling Mexican Bean Beetles as well as many other insects. Contains sulphur, nicotine, chlorinated, and other effective chemicals. May be used either as dust or spray. This compound is poisonous and vegetable should be washed thoroughly if dust is placed on them.
Ceiling price 1 lb. slitter-top carton 40¢; 1 lb. $1.25.

52x16 Bordeaux Mixture
A fungicide of highest value. Used to prevent mildew, blight, black rot, leaf curl and other fungal diseases. It also repels insects like flea beetles. May be used in combination with such insecticides as arsenate of lead. Use in sprays for tomatoes, potatoes, roses, hollyhocks, pansies, etc.
1 lb. 50¢.

52x52 Arsenate of Lead
The most famous poison of them all. Can be mixed for sprays, used as a dusting powder, or mixed with other sprays or dusts to provide the lethal punch to all leaf-eating insects. Don't forget it's poisonous.
Below ceiling 1 lb. 45¢.

52x37 Hotkaps
Used to lengthen the growing season, obtain extremely early crops, and protect young plants from wind, heat, rain, hail, insects, and frost. The reinforced wax paper plant covers are actually miniature greenhouses forcing tender plants ahead at top speed during the uncertain spring weather. The 100 and 250 size packages contain fiberboard sets.
25 Hotkaps and a cardboard setter 65¢; 100 Hotkaps $2.20; 250 for $3.90.

52x44 Rootone
This hormone powder, containing the most widely effective plant hormones known, stimulates the formation of roots on cuttings and hastens the germination of seed. Just dust your seed with Rootone powder or dip cuttings in the powder before planting. You will be pleasantly surprised at the strong, sturdy roots and superior vigor that result.
1/4 oz. package 25¢; 2 ozs. jar $1.00.

52x58 Semesan
The first step in making your seed planting successful. Semesan is a mercury compound for the treatment of seeds. May be used either dry or in solution to prevent damping off and to control many seed and soil-borne diseases.
Garden packet 12¢.

52x38 Transplantone
Transplantone contains the safest and most widely effective plant hormones, together with such vitamins as C and B1 that are effective in assisting root development. You can move plants with less wilt or the usual setback after transplanting. This means earlier flowering on some plants and earlier crops on vegetables such as tomatoes and peppers.
1/2 oz. package 25¢; 2 ozs. $1.00; 4 lb. $4.00.

52x56 Legume Aid
An inoculant for garden beans (including soy beans), peas, and lima beans. These bacteria cause nodules to form on the roots of these crops, fixing nitrogen from the air, and increasing both the plant's vigor and the fertility of the soil.
Garden packet 12¢.

52x50 Misty Sprayer
A handy and efficient hand pump sprayer with 1 qt. capacity. This implement is sturdily made of galvanized metal, and should last for many years.
75¢ each.

Garden Supplies

52x26 Mologen
A safe, effective preparation for the elimination of moles. It is a powdered bait simply placed at intervals in the mole tunnels. Quick acting. Secure.
1/2 lb. can 60¢; 1 1/2 lbs. $1.50.

52x12 Large Sprayer
An excellent large garden sprayer with a 4-gallon capacity. Operates by compressed air, throwing a thick, fog-like spray. Made of galvanized metal. Includes carrying strap, right length hose, and angled nozzle. We have a limited supply at $7.00 each.

WM. HENRY MAULE, RELIABLE SEEDSMEN 47
The flowering bulbs and roots offered on this and the next page are a veritable treasure house of wonderful plants. Since the initial work is already done in bringing the bulbs to blooming size what you actually do when you plant them is to reap the beautiful harvest of skilled growers’ efforts. Whether for indoor or outdoor culture, full directions for growing accompany each shipment. Everything is postpaid.

**Hardy Garden Lily Bulbs**

Lilies are easily grown in any garden, well-drained soil, and when once established will increase in beauty each year. Lily bulbs differ greatly in size according to variety; some are 1 in. across, others 3 in. or more. We supply the sizes that will give the best results. In planting, a general rule to follow is, cover bulbs with soil to the depth of three times their greatest diameter. Complete cultural instructions accompany all bulb shipments.

- **72B36 Collection of Four**
  - Showy Hardy Garden Lilies
  - Included are one bulb each of: *Superbun*, *Canadense*, *Coral Lily*, and *Regal Lily* (4 bulbs in all, value $1.40) for only $1.00.

- **72B30 Philadelphia (Flame Lily)**
  - Brilliant orange-scarlet upright blossoms with large, dark maroon spots. The plants grow 1½ to 3 ft. tall. Plant in partial shade. 3 bulbs each; 3 for $9.50; 12 for $35.00.

- **72B41 Superbun (American Turk’s Cap)**
  - Brilliant orange-scarlet shaded yellow and spotted with purplish crimson at the base; red anthers. 5 to 6 ft. tall. Blooms from July until September. Grows anywhere. 30¢ each; 3 for $8.00; 12 for $2.75.

- **72B42 Canadense** *(Canadian Lily)*
  - Lovely bright orange, bell-shaped flowers 3 in. across, marked with purplish black and having rich red anthers, borne in graceful, drooping clusters during late June and July, 3 ft. high. 35¢ each; 3 for $1.05; 12 for $3.50.

- **72B43 Carolinianum**
  - A showy lily with slender stems bearing reflexed orange-scarlet flowers spotted maroon. Likes a well-drained situation and blooms during July and August. One of the few lilies with fragrance. 2 to 3 ft. 50¢ each; 3 for $1.35; 12 for $5.00.

- **72B44 Concolor** *(Star Lily)*
  - An excellent rock garden lily, 12 to 18 in. tall, with one to six dainty, erect, star-shaped flowers varying in color from scarlet-orange to red-orange with maroon spots. The charming little blossoms are only ½ in. long. Blooms during June and July. 35¢ each; 3 for $1.05; 12 for $3.50.

- **72B27 Coral Lily** *(Tenuifolium)*
  - Graceful, nodding, coral-red flowers with petals beautifully reflexed. Grow 1½ to 2 ft. tall, bloom in June and July, and are most desirable in borders or rock gardens. The most brilliantly colored lily of all. Plant in a sunny position. 35¢ each; 3 for $1.05; 12 for $3.50.

**Dahlias Roots**

From a long list of dahlias we have selected those listed because of their strong growing habits and fine flowering qualities. Whether you select the large-flowered Decorative, or Cactus, or the small-flowered Pompon varieties, you will find that they are all lovely in the garden and fine for cutting.

**INFORMAL DECORATIVE**

- **76B30 Clara Carder** The largest of the pinks. Clear cyclamen-pink. 60¢ each; 3 for $1.65.
- **76B59 Jane Cowl** Buff and salmon shades. Immense beautiful blooms. 40¢ each; 3 for $1.05.
- **77B40 Margaret W. Wilson** Creamy white shaded pink. 35¢ each; 3 for 90¢.
- **77B61 Palo Alto** Soft apricot-buff suffused coral red. 60¢ each; 3 for $1.65.
- **77B62 Prince of Persia** The color of the huge flowers is clear scarlet-red. 60¢ each; 3 for $1.65.

**77B99 Collection**

5 Roots—One each of the above 5 Dahlias (value $2.50) for only... $2.00

**POMPOM OR LILIPUT**

Smallest of all dahlias and most free blooming.

- **76B08 Amber Queen** Apricot shade.
- **76B45 Dee Dee** Lovely lavender.
- **76B48 Morning Mist** White tipped lavender.
- **76B68 Golden Yellow** Rich yellow.
- **76B79 Joe Fetto** Pure white. Profuse.
- **77B20 Mary Munns** Rich fuchsia-red.

**77B95 Collection**

6 Roots—One each of the above 6 Pompoms (value $2.10) for only... $1.75

**77B96 Bargain Collection**

If you will leave the selection to us, we will send you 6 different named, large-flowered dahlias, each labeled, 6 roots in all (our choice), for only... $1.50

**Strong Divisions of Field Grown Clumps**

**FORMAL DECORATIVE**

- **76B10 Avalon** Light lemon-yellow; popular.
- **76B70 Jean Kerr** Pure white; very profuse.
- **76B74 Jersey’s Beauty** Light salmon-orange.
- **77B24 Mrs. I. de Ver Warren** Mauve pink. Any of the above five: 35¢ each; 3 for 90¢.

**77B67 Jersey’s Beacon** Dazzling Chinese scarlet.

**77B50 Jersey’s Triumph** Copper flushed bronze.

Either of these two: 45¢ each; 3 for $1.20.

**76B32 Coral Beauty** Lovely coral-pink.

**77B73 Salmon Supreme** Salmon - orange-pink.

**77B67 Red Eagle** Very vivid red.

**77B58 White Supreme** Long stems. Any of the above four: 50¢ each; 3 for $1.35.

**77B83 Wm. H. Hogan** Garnet red tipped white.

**77B86 Rusty Tarn**

**77B74 Sultan of Hillcrest** Yellow and pink. Any of the above three: 60¢ each; 3 for $1.80.

**77B14 Baurers Ideal** Glowing deep red.

**77B13 Blue River** Very deep bluish lilac.

**77B15 Picardy** Pink and gold. Any of the above three: 75¢ each; 3 for $2.10.

**77B16 White Victory** White flushed lavender. 85¢ each; 3 for $2.55.

**77B84 Special Collection**

Distinct Formal Decorative Dahlias

5 Roots—One each of Salmon Supreme, White Supreme, Kentucky, Avalon, and Wm. H. Hogan (value $2.30) for only... $1.75

**77B89 Special Collection**

5 Roots—One each of the above 5 named Cactus and Semi-Cactus Dahlias (value $3.40) for only... $3.00

**CACTUS AND SEMI-CACTUS DAHLIAS**

Most graceful and artistic of dahlias. The true Cactus have narrow rolled petals while the petals of the Semi-Cactus are broader, twisted, with the ends rolled together.

C = Cactus; S. C. = Semi-Cactus.

**76B50 Shower of Gold (C)** Gold and amaranth flowers. Well shaped and large flowered. 85¢ each; 3 for $2.35.

**77B47 Dancing Sultana (C)** An oriental red, Vigorous. 85¢ each; 3 for $2.65.

**77B56 Golden Harvest (S. C.)** Extra large, light yellow flowers. Very choice. 60¢ each; 3 for $1.80.

**77B00 Jean Trimbee (S. C.)** Beautiful petunia-violet color. 75¢ each; 3 for $2.10.

**77B05 Snow Boy (C)** Large pure white. Unusually charming. Profuse bloomer. 60¢ each; 3 for $1.80.
Amaryllis
70B04 Giant American Hybrids
Huge flowers carried on strong stems. Mixture contains self-colors, as well as penciled varieties. Not hardy. 
55¢ each; 3 for $1.50; 12 for $5.75.

Anemone—Windflower
70B08 De Caen, Single Poppy-Flowered
Wide range of colors. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 75¢; 100 for $4.75.
70B09 St. Brigid
An extra choice mixture of semi-double and double flowers in many showy colors. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 90¢; 100 for $6.50.

Caldium
Attractive foliage plants of fine decorative value. While Fancy Leaved is for both indoors and outdoors, Esculentum is for garden only. Not hardy.
70B38 Fancy Leaved
Richly colored and marbled foliage in combinations of red, green, and white. In many plants the leaf veins are of a contrasting color. 35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for $3.50.
70B36 Esculentum (Elephant’s Ear)
Enormous rich green leaves often measuring 2½ ft. long and 2 ft. wide. Succeeds in deeply spaded rich garden soil exposed to the full sun. 25¢ each; 3 for 70¢; 12 for $2.50.

Montbretia
72B5 Mixed
Like a small gladiolus in shape, the gay flowers come in shades of yellow, salmon, orange and scarlet in mixture. Fine for cutting. Not hardy. 2 ft. tall. 3 for 30¢; 12 for $1.00; 100 for $7.50.

Gladiolus Bulbs
Lovely to plant in beds, borders or groups here and there in annual or perennial plantings. Ideal for house decoration. Cut spikes when the lowest flower shows color, and all the others on the spike clear to the top will open. Plant bulbs every 2 or 3 weeks up to July 1 for a succession of bloom.

S8B66 Anna Eberius
Deep velvety purple—most unusual color at one time. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for $7.00.
70B67 Bagdad
Smoky old rose. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for $7.00.
70B05 Betty Snow
Rosy lavender with lighter throat. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for $7.00.
70B68 Betty Nuthall
Glowing orange-pink. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for $6.00.
70B70 Debonair
La France-pink shading to shrimp pink with creamy mark in throat. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for $6.00.
70B50 Dr. F. E. Bennett
Fiery orange-scarlet. 3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for $7.00.
70B53 Giant Nymph
Light rose-pink with creamy throat. 3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for $6.00.

Picardy

Callas
70B40 White (Elisabetha)
Large white flowers of cornucopia form sometimes wrongly called lilies. Plant roots singly in pots of quite rich soil, provide good drainage, and water freely while in active growth. Easily grown; fine for cutting. Not hardy. 40¢ each; 3 for $1.10; 12 for $3.60.
70B42 Golden Yellow (Elliotiana)
Bright golden yellow flowers produced freely on long, straight stalks. Although not quite so large flowering as the white, it will be found of great decorative value, the attractive yellow flowers standing out in bold contrast to the lovely, showy, variegated green and white foliage. Plant one root to a pot. Not hardy. 35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for $3.50.

Oxalis
Bloom all summer, the plants are fine for borders, rock gardens, pots and hanging baskets. Not hardy.
72B62 Lasiandra
Rosy crimson. 3 for 30¢; 12 for $1.00.
72B66 Pink (Shaprock foliage)
72B64 White (Devoid)
Any of the above 3 colors of Oxalis:
12 for 25¢; 100 for $1.50.

Tuberose
74B18 Excelsior, Dwarf Pearl
Large double white flowers with a rich, heavy fragrance. Closely set on heavy upright stalks. Make a nice showing in the garden and highly prized for cut flowers. Do best in a well-drained soil and sunny, somewhat sheltered warm location. Not hardy. Because of State laws, we regret we are unable to ship tuberose bulbs to California. 3 for 35¢; 12 for $1.20; 100 for $8.50.

Tuberous Rooted Begonias
Grown in pots, the plants will bloom for many weeks during the spring and early summer. Planted outdoors in a half-shady position, they will flower continuously until frost. Not hardy.
70B50 Frilled and Crested Mixed
Flowers of largest size in many exquisite colors. Some have attractively frilled and ruffled edges, others have a distinct, cushion-like center. 3 for 75¢; 12 for $2.75.

Double Flowering
70B45 Pink
95¢ each. 3 for 2.75.
70B46 Salmon
95¢ each. 3 for 2.95.
70B47 Scarlet
95¢ each. 3 for 3.
70B48 Yellow
12 for $3.50.
70B44 Mixed Colors
Fine double blooms in all colors. Free blooming. 3 for 95¢; 12 for $3.50.

70B49 Collection of Four Begonias
One bulb each of the above four colors (value $1.40)

70B61 City of Portland
Exquisite, large, rich pink blooms; green foliage. 4½ ft. tall.
70B29 Eureka
Creamy white flowers of heavy texture. 4½ ft.
70B35 Hungary
Magnificent rose-pink; green foliage. 3½ ft.
70B50 King Humbert
Velvety orange-scarlet, tinted rose; bronze red leaves with a metallic iridescence. Height, 4½ ft.
70B60 Mrs. Alfred P. Conard
Exquisite bright salmon-pink. Most attractive. Height, 4½ ft.

Canna Roots
Cannas are most showy flowering plants. Their tall, stately growth and their bold colorful blooms make them a foremost bedding plant for tall groups. We send out dormant 2-½ to 3½ eyehole divisions. We suggest starting them early indoors, setting the plants out when soil has become warm.

70B16 Special Collection
Three each of Golden Dream, Maid of Orleans, Picardy, Minuet, and Red Phipps (value $1.50) for...

70B16 Collection
15 Bulbs—Three each Golden Dream, Maid of Orleans, Picardy, Minuet, and Red Phipps (value $1.50) for...

WM. HENRY MAULE
**Alyssum—Sweet Alyssum**

The annual forms are of very quick growth and popular for edgings, borders, rock gardens, pots and boxes. Sowings two to three weeks from early spring to mid-July, will insure blooms until frost. Perennial alyssums are showy, spring-flowering plants so popular in rock gardens.

913 **Violet Queen** Fragrant, bright violet flowers with tops in cluster being white. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢.

914 **Little Gem** The best pure white dwarf alyssum. Grows 4 to 5 in. high. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; ½ oz. 40¢.

915 **Sweet** (Maritimum) Always dependable. Pure white, honey-scented flowers cover the spreading plants. 10 in. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; 1 oz. 35¢.

916 **Saxatile compactum** (Perennial) Bright golden yellow flowers very early in the spring. 9 to 12 in. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

**Agaterum—Floss Flower**

Profuse blooming plants covered throughout the summer and fall with clusters of snowy, fluffy flowers. Ideal for borders, edgings, bedding, rock gardens, pots or cutting. Grows anywhere in sun or half-shade.

902 **Dwarf Blue** Bushy plants, 6 to 8 in. tall, with many heads of deep lavender-blue flowers. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢.

**Begonias, Everblooming**

Begonias are ideal for beds, borders, pots and window boxes. Outdoors, they bloom profusely in sun or half-shade until frost; indoors, they bloom all the year round. 10 in.

1138 **Choicest Mixed** Well-balanced mixture which includes white, salmon, and many shades of red and pink, with both green and bronze foliage. Fibrous-rooted. Pkt. 25¢; 2 pkts. 45¢.

**Black-Eyed Susan Vine**

*Thunbergia alata* 1942 **Mixed** Beautiful in window boxes or trailing on the ground. Yellow, buff, orange and yellow flowers, some with black eye. 4 to 6 ft. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

**Blue Lace Flower—Dianthus**

1151 Large, delicate, lace-like flowers of lavender-blue, about 2½ in. across. Good for cutting. Blooms all summer. 1½ ft. tall. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢.

**Blue Sage—Salvia**

Grows quickly from seed. Blooms all summer and fall.

1725 **Farinaceae, Blue Bedder** Flowers are dark blue, stems and calyx violet-white. 2½ ft. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

1728 **Azurina grandiflora** (Perennial) Long spikes of bright sky-blue flowers in August and September. Prefers full sun. 3 ft. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

**Calceolaria**

1155 **Mixed Colors** (House Plant) Peculiar, pouch-like blooms in many colors, some attractively blotched, spotted, tigered or laced. Very colorful. Pkt. 25¢; 2 pkts. 45¢.

**Calendula—Scotch Marigold**

Calendulas bloom all summer until frost where summers are not too hot. In warm sections, sowings made in late June will provide choice flowers in late summer and fall. 1½ to 2 ft.

1169 **Art Shades** Extra choice mixture of apricot, cream, orange, picotee and many other colors. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1164 **Glowing Gold** Large double flowers of a glowing gold color. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1156 **Golden Ball** Deep golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1167 **Masterpiece** Rich orange with reddish orange-brown center. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1141 **Orange Fantasy** Deep copper orange, edged deep maroon-red. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1188 **Yellow Colossal** Bright yellow flowers sometimes 4½ in. across. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1142 **Yellow Shaggy** Flowers 3 in. across, and almost as deep, petals quilted and cut. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

1161 **Mixed Varieties** Well blended. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; ½ oz. 40¢.

**Cactus from Seed**

1154 **Mixed Varieties** (House Plant) A choice assortment of many interesting types and forms that are easily grown from seed. It is surprising how quickly they grow. Complete culture given on the seed packet. Pkt. 15¢; 100 seeds 40¢.

**Caster Oil Bean—Ricinus**

Tall, annual, large-leaved showy plants of tropical appearance; handsome and quite effective as specimen plants on the lawn or as a background or screen. Quick growers. Do best in a warm, sunny location. Said to keep moles out of the ground.

1714 **Zanibarosa** The tallest growing caster oil bean, reaching a height of 12 to 14 ft. The large, rich green leaves often grow 2 ft. across. Pkt. 10¢; 25¢.

1715 **Mixed** Green, red and bronze leaved varieties in mixture. 8 to 10 ft. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢.

**Coreopsis**

1255 **Corymbosa** (Perennial) One of the easiest grown hardy plants. Blooms from May until fall if plants are not allowed to go to seed. The flowers are long-stemmed and useful for cutting. 2 to 3 ft.

1255 **Double Yellow** Very showy, large, double and semi-double, golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

**Cydonia—Cathedral Bells**

1243 **Sandens** An annual climber that makes a growth of 10 to 20 ft. Its large, bell-shaped flowers turn from clear green in the bud to rich purple-blue when fully developed. Each bloom is an inch or more across. They are followed by large, plum-shaped fruits. This dainty foliaged plant climbs by means of tendrils, clinging to a rough surface. Ideal for porches, arbors, or any place where shade is desired. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

**Cyclamen**

1258 **Giant Mixed** (House Plant) Wonderful house plants with large, colorful, fragrant blooms held above the ornamental foliage. It takes cyclamen seed about 11 days to germinate, and 16 to 18 months to produce blooming plants. Our mixture is a careful blend of the best and clearest colors. Pkt. (10 seeds) 25¢; 100 seeds $2.25.
1198 Giant Marguerite Carnation

Carnations
Carnations are excellent for beds, borders and cutting; flowers last a long time on the plants or in water. Plants delight in a well-drained soil rich in lime, and a sunny location. If seed of the perennial varieties is started early indoors, many plants will flower the same season. May also be potted.

GIANT MARGUERITE
1198 Finest Mixed Come into bloom about 5 months after sowing. Our mixture includes all colors, such as scarlet, crimson, rose-pink, salmon, maroon and yellow, besides white. Flowers are large, 2 to 2 1/2 in. across, beautifully fragrant, highly fragrant and borne on fine long stems unsurpassed for cutting. 12 to 15 in. Hardy in mild climates. Pkt. 15c; 1/4 oz. 50c; 1/2 oz. $1.00.

ENFANT DE NICE
1196 Mixed Colors (Perennial) A French Hybrid strain with very large, double, fragrant flowers, 2 3/4 to 3 1/4 in. across, in many lovely colors. 1 1/2 ft. Pkt. 15c; 1/4 oz. 50c; 1/2 oz. $1.00.

IMPROVED GIANT (CHABAUD'S)
1191 Mixed Colors This mixture is truly a marvelous one. It includes white, rose, crimson, and yellow self colors plus many striped and fancy picotee and bizarre blossoms in endless variation. Pkt. 15c; 1/4 oz. 60c; 1/2 oz. $1.00.

1205 Created Cockscomb, Empress

Cosmos—Cockscomb
Celtis is a family name referring to a large group of flowers. They vary from the dwarf Cristata and Plumed to the tall, feathery, unbelievable plumes of the Plenumos. All are exceptionally tidy.

CRISTATA OR CRESTED
1204 Dwarf, Mixed Colors Many magnificent colors in mixture. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c.

1205 Empress Very large showy plumes of dark crimson; bronzy red foliage. Pkt. 15c; 1/4 oz. 50c.

DWARF PLUMED
Compact, well-branched plants, 1 ft. tall, each branch tipped with a showy, silky plume. Excellent for beds, borders, edgings and pots.

1202 Fire Feather Brilliant fiery red. Pkt. 15c; 1/4 oz. 50c.

1260 Cosmos, Orange Flare

Cosmos
Always a favorite but more so now than ever, with the introduction of extra early strains. Easily grown. Showy in the garden and most desirable for cutting.

1145 Annual Campanulas

Campanula
Corkerry Bells
Most useful and beautiful subjects in the garden. Easily raised from seed and succeed in any good, well-drained soil. The Annual varieties bloom in less than 6 months from seed; Biennial varieties bloom the second year, after which the plants die.

ANNUAL CAMPAANULAS
Flowers and plants are shaped like those of the well-known biennial Canterbury Bells, but blooms are produced from seed in less than 6 months. 2 to 2 1/4 ft.

1145 Mixed Colors Shades of blue, lavender, rose, pink and white. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c; 1/2 oz. 60c.

BIENNIAL CAMPAANULAS
Pyramid-shaped plants covered with large, bell-like blooms during late May and June. 2 to 2 1/4 ft.

1147 Double Mixed in blue, pink and white. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c.

1173 Cup-and-Saucer, Mixed Colors White, rose, and blue cup-and-saucer-shaped blooms in a lovely mixture. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c.

Cornflowers, Double
Centaura cyanus fl. pl.
Popular, easily grown plants doing well in almost any soil or location. Fine for garden display and cutting. Large double flowers throughout the summer and fall. 2 to 2 1/4 ft.

1213 Blue Any of these: Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c.

1223 Red Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c.

1229 Rose Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c.

1230 White Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c.

1218 Mixed Colors All the above. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 30c; 1/2 oz. 50c.

1209 Pride of Castle Gould Celosia

PLUMOSA—TALL PLUMED
Large, silky plumes of brilliant colors. Blooms from midsummer until frost. Very effective in beds. 2 1/2 to 3 ft.

1209 Pride of Castle Gould Enormous plumes which are attractively curled in such a way as ostrich feathers, to which they may be likened. Many colors in mixture. Pkt. 15c; 1/4 oz. 50c.

1207 Giant Plumed, Mixed Colors Large, silky plumes of all the exquisite colors that are found in celosias. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c.

1213 Chinese Forget-Me-Not

Chinese Forget-Me-Not
Cynoglossum amabile
Of easiest culture in ordinary garden soil and a sunny place. Produces graceful, loose sprays of large, Forget-Me-Not-like blooms continuously throughout the summer on strong plants about 20 in. high.

1253 Blue Rich turquoise-blue. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 30c.

1253 Mixed Colors. Pkt. 20c; 1/4 oz. 60c.

1253 Chinese Forget-Me-Not

1232 Single and Double Flowering, Mixed Early and late varieties; pink, crimson and white flowers. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c; 1/2 oz. 50c.

1235 Dwarf Mixed Compact, showy plants, about 1 ft. high and as much across, covered with large blooms in many self colors and color combinations. Pkt. 35c; 2 pkts. 60c.

1351 Mixed Colors Crimson, pink and white. The most famous cosmos, colors, are included in this well balanced mixture. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 75c.

SPECIAL MIXTURE
1360 Single and Double Flowering, Mixed Early and late varieties; pink, crimson and white flowers. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz. 35c; 1/2 oz. 50c.
**1975 Tahoka Daisy**

**1975 Bushy plants with flowers 2 in. or more across; lilac-blue petals surrounding a deep golden yellow disc-like center. Blooms early and profusely during the summer and fall. 20 in.**

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢

---

**1978 Exhibition Dahlia**

**Dahlias from Seed**

It requires only about 2 weeks longer for dahlias to flower from seed than from roots. The seed should be started in boxes just as with choice annuals or early vegetables, and the little plants get out when the weather warms up. Seeds saved from the finest double flowers of the large flowered types will produce some singles and semi-doubles and may be different in type from the parents. There is always a possibility of raising some fine new dahlias—as many amateurs have done.

**1278 Exhibition Mixed** Seed saved from the very largest blooms; should produce some worth while giant flowered varieties. 3 to 5 ft.

Pkt. 85¢; 2 pcks. $1.50.

**1277 Decorative Mixed** Seed saved from choice varieties of the Pompom and Semi-Pompom types. Mixed colors. 3 to 5 ft.

Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 60¢.

**1274 Large-Flowered Mixed** Fine assortment of many colors saved from the finest large double flowers. 3 to 5 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢.

---

For Dahlia roots see page 48.

---

**1381 Coral Bells**

**Coral Bells—Heuchera**

**1381 Mixed Colors (Perennial)** The slender spikes of tiny bell-shaped blossoms are borne most freely in June and July. Good for rock gardens, borders, or cutting. Pink, rose, coral, crimson and white in mixture.

Pkt. 25¢; 2 pcks. 45¢.

---

**1283 Alaska** Glistening white, single flowers, 4 to 5 in. across small golden centers.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢.

---

**1298 Chinese Annual, Mixed Colors** Small, graceful plants with many single flowers of the clearest, brightest blues and purest white seen in delphinium. A lovely little plant, growing only 1 ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; ¼ oz. 75¢.

---

**1296 Mixed Varieties** Included in this mixture are the most popular types and varieties of everlasting—Strawflowers, Eucalyptus, Cleome, Amaranth, Rhodanthe, Statices, etc. It is interesting to see the many different kinds of everlasting. They are beautiful in the garden or cut, but are mostly grown to dry for mixed winter bouquets. For this purpose, cut the flowers before they are fully developed, remove foliage, bunch loosely, and hang heads downward in a shady, airy place until dried. Easily grown in a sunny location and good soil.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 40¢.

---

**Foxglove, Giant Shirley**

**1315 Giant Shirley, Mixed Colors** Large bells in many bright colors, some attractively blotched or spotted crimson, maroon or chocolate. 6 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.

---

**1315 Foxglove, Giant Shirley**

**Feverfew—Matricaria**

Old fashioned flowers of easiest culture and distinct charm. Possess a characteristic aromatic odor. Fine for borders, beds and cutting. Blooms all summer and fall.

---

**1336 Snowball** Pure white, double, ball-shaped flowers; compact plants, 10 in. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

---

**1330 Golden Ball** Small, double, golden yellow button—chrysanthemum-like flowers on dwarf plants, 8 in. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 30¢.

---

**1458 Finest Mixed** 2 ft. Very colorful mixture.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢.

---

**Four O’Clocks**

**Mirabilis—Marvel of Peru**

Free blooming annuals for bedding, for a temporary foundation planting, or for a low hedge. The many colored flowers open in the early afternoon.

---

**958 Columbine—Aquilegia**

**Columbine—Aquilegia**

(Perennial) Attractive plants with showy, oddly formed flowers in great profusion during May and June. Excellent for garden display and cutting. Easily grown in ordinary, well-drained soil and a sunny or semi-shaded location. 2½ to 3 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.

---

**958 Best Mixed** Very choice mixture of beautiful colors and color combinations. The graceful flowers with their long spurs are most attractive.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.

---

**1283 Shasta Daisy, Alaska**

---

**1310 Feverfew, Golden Ball**

---

**1298 Deep Blue Shades** Range from darkest blue to deepest purple.

Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 60¢.

---

**1299 Light Blue Shades** Azure-blue, turquoise-blue and other exquisite light blue shades mixed.

Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 60¢.

---

**1299 Prize Mixed** Colors range from cornflower-blue to prune-violet; light lavender, mauve, and heliotrope, with many opalescent variations; crested centers or "beard" in white, cream and black.

Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. $1.00.

---

**1298 Azalea Mixed** Mixed Colors. These are the battle-royal of azalea mixtures. They come in many colors and are very showy. 6 ft.

Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.

---

**1298 Prime Mixed** Bold mixture of excellent flowers from the fine 1916 selection. 4 ft.

Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.
**Geranium**

*Tender Perennial* As fine for bedding as they are for pot culture; they are, undoubtedly, one of the most popular plants for either purpose. If the seed is sown in February or March, plants will bloom that summer. Geraniums can be had in flower almost all the year round; outdoors in the summer and indoors during the winter.

**Hibiscus—Mallow Marvels**

3182 Giant, Mixed Colors *Perennial*. Huge, showy blooms, 6 in. or more across, are borne profusely on strong, shrub-like plants, 5 ft. tall, during August and September. Easily grown, doing well in almost any situation, in a dry or moist place. It is useful in tall borders or for planting among shrubbery. Flowers are white and shades of red and rose.

**Hardy Sweet Pea**

Lathyrus latifolius

1334 Mixed Colors *Perennial*. Trail- ing or climbing plants with showy clusters of Sweet Pea-like flowers from June through September. Succeeds in almost any soil or location. Useful for cutting, training over fences or arbors, or for ground cover. 5 to 6 ft.

**Heliotrope**

1375 Giant Mixed Its fragrance and its long season of bloom have endeared heliotrope to generations of gardeners. Besides the familiar purple, there are other colors included, from white to violet-blue. Excellent bedding plants outdoors in the summer, and desirable pot-plants indoors during the winter.

**Gourd**

May be trained on trellises, arbors or fences, or may be grown as you would squash or other vine crops. The ripened fruits are very ornamental— the smaller ones make excellent toys for children, while the larger ones make useful bowls, dipkens, etc.

**Kochia— Burning Bush**

1417 Giant Christmas Ornamental foliage plants that are oval in shape, stand about 3 ft. tall, and resemble closely trimmed little evergreens. The plant is an emerald green all summer, but in the late fall it turns to a fiery red.

**Collection of Double Mixed Hollyhocks**

5 Pkts. — One each of Scarlet, Rose, Newport Pink, Yellow, Salmon-Pink and White — six separate colors (value $0.60) for only 60¢

**Lady’s Slipper—Balsam**

1127 Double Mixed Very large double blooms, about 2½ in. across, in many pleasing colors.

**Hollihocks**

Well-known garden favorites

Just as popular today as ever. Hollyhocks are lovely garden subjects, useful in the tall border or background, and particularly delightful along fences or walls. Do best in rich, well-drained soil and a warm, sunny location.

**ANNUAL HOLLYHOCKS**

1385 Mixed Colors Named annual because plants will flower the first year if seed is sown early. Our mixture contains single, semi-double and double flowers in many exquisite colors. Plants will live over the winter and continue to self-seed each season for years. 5 to 6 ft.

**PERENNIAL DOUBLE FLOWERED**

1399 Mixed Colors Well-known strain; plants 5 to 6 ft. tall, the spikes thickly studded with large, double crepe-like blooms from late spring until midsummer. Splendid assortment of double flowers in a wide range of colors.

**WM. HENRY MAULE PROVIDES THE BEST IN FLOWER SEEDS**
**Dwarf Marigolds**

**NEW HYBRID**

**1554 Burpee's Red and Gold**

This is a first generation hybrid between a French and an African inbred strain. It is one of the earliest of all marigolds; in bloom 8 weeks from seed, continuing to flower profusely until frost. Red and yellow variegated double flowers 2½ to 3 in. across; some all red, 1½ ft. Especially suited for borders and beds; highly prized for cut flowers.

Pkt. (75 seeds) 15¢; 150 seeds 25¢.

**DWARF DOUBLE FRENCH**

All varieties grow 1 ft. tall except Spry, which reaches only 9 in. These are some of the most useful and attractive flowers in the garden, since they bloom with great profusion over a long period. The blossoms are 1½ in. across, and the compact plants are absolutely ideal for borders.

**1521 Harmony** Cushion-like centers of fluted orange petals surrounded by reddish brown outer petals. Early and profuse. A well known and favorite variety. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

**1452 Mixed Colors** This mixture includes many varieties in addition to those listed. It provides a complete range of Marigold colors, but keeps strictly within the Dwarf Double French type so you can use it where uniformly low plants are needed.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; ½ oz. 40¢.

**DWARF SINGLE FRENCH**

**1548 Flash** (All-America Silver Medal Winner for 1943) Brilliant new flower with 1½ in. single blossoms in massed, fiery display. Color varies from tangerine with overlay of red, bronze, and yellow to solid red as weather changes from hot to cool. Plants 18 in. tall, compact, and mound shaped. Blooms constantly from about 8 weeks from planting until frost. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.

**MINIATURE**

**1520 Signata pumila** Tiny yellow orange-starred flowers; fine, lacy foliage. Only 6 in. high. The flowers are single, with few petals, but such a mass of them are constantly in bloom that the plants are literally covered until frost. A distinctive novelty. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢.

**TALL SINGLE FRENCH**

**1533 Flaming Fire** An exception to the other varieties on this page, this French Marigold attains a height of 2½ ft. Flowers are 2 in. across, borne on long stems. Blooms vary in color with the seasons; often yellow, yellow spotted red, and red flowers will be found on the same plant at one time. Begins blooming about 12 weeks from planting. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; ¼ oz. 40¢.

56 WM. HENRY MAULE
Tall African Marigolds
CARNATION FLOWERED AFRICAN MARIGOLDS

The carnation flowered marigolds are all tall, averaging 2 1/2 ft. in height, and large flowered. The blossoms are loosely and informally formed, with the result that they appear to be extra large, warmly colored carnations. All except Guinea Gold and Real Gold are of the new, odorless foliage type, making them even more attractive as cut flowers than ever before.

1559 Mayling Named in honor of Madame Chiang Kai-shek. Mayling does honor to China, the land from which the first odorless foliage marigold originally came. This flower is huge, 3 in. across, fluffy, and with a golden primrose color that is the purest, clearest thing imaginable. The plants grow 2 ft. tall and blossom freely, making a cheerful bank of color in solid plantings. The foliage is odorless.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢; 1 oz. 85¢.

1560 Burpee Gold An improved strain of this fine variety, one of the first odorless foliage marigolds. It has glorious, deep orange blossoms that look very much like carnations. The flowers grow 3 1/2 in. across, with the petals loosely arranged. The plants grow about 2 1/2 ft. tall. Somewhat earlier and finer flowering than Guinea Gold; first flowers in 12 weeks.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

1563 Oriole The carnation-like flowers are large, 3 1/2 in. across, of a new and sparkling shade of bright golden yellow. Plants grow 2 1/2 ft. tall and have odorless foliage. Beautiful form, good substance, and long stems. A flower you will be proud to display in your garden.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢; 1 oz. 85¢.

1565 Guinea Gold Orange-gold blooms like carnations in appearance. Many people prefer this variety to the newer carnation flowered types because it retains the characteristic marigold foliage odor. This repels such pests as Japanese beetles, yet is a clean, attractive scent to many gardeners.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢.

1556 Mixed (odorless foliage) The finest mixture of odorless Marigolds in a complete color range of the carnation flowered type. Included are deep orange, golden orange, golden yellow, lemon yellow, and primrose; flowers grow 3 to 3 1/2 in. across on long, strong stems. Plants grow 2 1/2 ft. high; begin to bloom in 90 days from seed, continuing until frost.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢.

1570 Real Gold Of all carnation flowered marigolds, this new All-America bronze medal winner is the largest in size of bloom. The blossoms are beautifully formed, 4 1/2 in. across. They are beautiful gold in color — an orange with enough yellow to make it vivid, lively, and compellingly attractive. Plants grow about 2 ft. tall, with bushy, prolific, and continue to bear flowers freely until frost.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢.

1523 MAULES SPECIAL MARIGOLD MIXTURE

Flowers are of many shapes: ball, carnation and peony-flowered; they average somewhat over 4 in. across. Colors run from the deepest orange to lightest primrose — 2 1/2 to 3 ft. tall; early, some mid-season and late.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢.

1570 Real Gold Marigold

TALL DOUBLE AFRICAN

Large, double flowers on long, stiff stems. Excellent for beds, borders and cutting. 2 1/4 to 2 1/2 ft.

1449 Lemon Alldouble Light lemon yellow.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢.

1453 Lemon Ball Canary-yellow; sponge-like.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢.

1454 Orange Ball Intense orange; sponge-like.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢.

1447 Orange Alldouble Rich orange flowers.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢.

1549 Orange Supreme Peony-like flowers of intense orange on long stems.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢.

1471 Yellow Supreme Large, frilled-petaled peony-like blooms; creamy yellow.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢.

1551 Sunset Giants Most of the flowers are extremely large, often 5 in. across. Colors range from deep orange to delightful primrose-yellow, 3 1/2 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢.

1456 Mixed Colors Fine assortment.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢; 1 oz. 45¢.

MARIGOLDS ARE VERY EASILY GROWN IN ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY

4151 Tall Double African Marigold Collection

4 Pkts.—One each of Guinea Gold, Lemon Alldouble, Orange Alldouble, and Yellow Supreme (value 90¢) for only .................. 40¢.
Larkspur

Long spikes, double flowers, colors more effective in the garden, especially when several colors are planted close together. Some of our prettiest cut flowers. Likes a sunny place and rich, well-drained garden soil. Sow where plants are to remain. Eats rapid growth; quick growers.

**GIANT IMPERIAL**

New type—the attractive spikes stand upright, close to the center stalk, like delphiniums. A great improvement in larkspurs. 3 to 4 ft.

1490 **Blue Bell** Clear azure-blue.

1437 **Carmine King** Carmine rose.

1419 **Dark Blue Spire** Intense Oxford-blue; always admired.

1501 **Los Angeles Improved** Brilliant rose on salmon.

1427 **Ruby** An altogether new Larkspur color, and one seldom found in any flower. The blossoms look like ruby gems, with subtle color shading giving them a living glow.

1435 **White Spire** Pure snow-white.

Any of the above are available.

6 Pkts., $1.00; 1/2 oz., 50c.

1441 **Mixed Colors** All the above colors carefully blended.

Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 60c.

4355 Giant Imperial Larkspur Collection

Lantana

1418 **Dwarf Hybrids, Finest Mixed** Showy clusters of verbena-like flowers from midsummer until frost. Our mixture contains yellow, orange, red, and pink shades. May be grown in pots the year round. 1/2 ft. Seed is slow germination. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz., 40c.

1470 **Lobelia** Dwarf plants, compact in habit, for edgings, garden decoration, rock gardens, and pot culture. 4 to 6 in.

1430 **Crystal Palace Compacta** Deep blue. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz., 50c.

58 MAULE'S SEEDS

1405 Heavenly Blue Morning Glory

**Morning Glory (Day Blooming)**

Grows anywhere. Free and continuous blooming until frost. The flowers open in the morning and close about noon. 10 ft.

1405 **Heavenly Blue** Bright sky blue, flowers 4 in. and more across, with showy white throats. The vines are simply covered with flowers when in full bloom. Best spot for planting is in full sunlight.

Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c.

1486 **Giant Mixed** Wide range of rich colors; extra large flowers. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c.

1487 **Scarlett O’Hara** All-America Gold Medal Winner. Nearest approach to scarlet in morning glories. Flowers grow 3 1/2 to 4 in. across; bright rose-red. This variety is an ideal companion for Heavenly Blue.

Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c.

1543 **Orange Glory** Flowers often grow 4 in. across. Rich bright orange with a touch of garnet-brown at base of upper petals. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c.

1545 **All Colors Mixed, Dwarf Double Flowering** Unusually colorful mixture of many shades. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb. $1.00.

**TALL DOUBLE FLOWERING (GOLDEN GLEAM TYPE)**

Exquisitely sweet-scented, double and semi-double flowers. 3 in. across. Long, stiff stems above the foliage of the trailing plants. Fine for beds, borders or cutting.

1526 **Golden Gleam** Beautiful, rich golden yellow. Sweet-scented; long stemmed. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz.

1544 **Tigered Flowered Mixed** Large double flowers of many bizarre marbling. Very showy. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb. $1.00.

1525 **Burmec’s Double Hybrids, Mixed Colors** Wonderful array of colors, ranging from light primrose to dark mahogany, many never before seen in nasturtiums. Some are solid colors; others are showy markings. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz.; 35c; 1/4 lb. $1.00.

885 **Nicotiana** Flowering Tobacco

Long, tube-shaped petals; like flowers, the petals of which form a beautiful five-pointed star. Bloom from midsummer to frost. Fragrant.

1575 **Affinis Hybrids** Shades of rose, red, crimson and white in mixture. 2 1/2 ft. Pkt. 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c.

1526 **Nasturtium, Golden Gleam**

Nasturtium

**DWARF DOUBLE FLOWERING GLOBE-SHAPED PLANTS**

Flowers are of the same form as Golden Gleam, but the plants are dwarf, globe-shaped and bushy, about 1 ft. tall. Ideal for beds, borders, rock gardens and pot culture.

1566 **Cherry Rose** Soft but bright cherry rose. Pkt. 15c; 1 oz., 50c.

1543 **Orange Glory** Flowers often grow 4 in. across. Rich bright orange with a touch of garnet-brown at base of upper petals. Pkt. 15c; 1 oz., 50c.

**TALL DOUBLE FLOWERING (GOLDEN GLEAM TYPE)**

**Primula—Primroses**

A flower of many species of which two of the best known are listed here. The very old garden plant Polyanthus is listed as Perennial Primrose.

**PRIMROSES FOR INDOORS**

(Home Plants) Particularly desirable indoors during the winter or early spring months. Showy and colorful plants which flower freely and continuously with a minimum amount of care. In a living room, greenhouse or conservatory, where light and heat conditions are satisfactory.

1699 **Obconica Grandiflora, Mixed Colors** Clusters of large flowers in many pretty pastel and other desirable colors. Gorgeous mixture. Free blooming. Plant in soil that drains readily and try to keep the temperature below 65°. Pkt. 25c; 2 pkts. 45c.

**PERENNIAL PRIMROSES**

Ideal for planting in moist places, along shady walks, and in the rock garden. They bloom in April and May and freely produce their colorful flowers in clusters. Germination is slow and irregular, and planting should be kept shaded until plants start. Transplant as seedlings appear. Plants grow 6 to 8 in. tall.

1704 **Veris, Giant Mixed** (Polyanthus) Large clusters of big blooms in mixed colors, including white, yellow, pink, crimson, copper, blue, violet, purple, cream, and orange. Pkt. 10c; 1/2 oz., 50c.
Phlox Drummondii

Annual phlox is certainly most brightly colored. It is particularly showy, and most effective when planted in masses in mixture. Begins to bloom in early summer and continues until fall if plants are not allowed to go to seed.

Tall Large Flowered

1654 Mixed Colors Well-balanced blend of all colors, including apricot, primrose, scarlet, rose, violet, and white.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. $1.00.

Giant Flowered

1695 Art Shades Very large individual flowers, 1½ to 1½ in. across, in massive trusses on plants 9 in. tall. Wonderful mixture of soft colors—salmon with white eye; deep salmon with cream eye; apple blossom pink; soft rose; light blue with white eye; pale violet with white eye, and others.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. $1.00.

Dwarf Compact

1694 Mixed Many colors in mixture. These neat little plants, about 6 in. tall, with their even, compact growth, are splendid for beds, borders, rock gardens, pots and window boxes.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. $1.00.

Poppies

For bedding, edging taller annuals, or wherever a bright show of color is wanted, use poppies. Easy to grow in ordinary soil and a sunny location.

1671 Double Shirley, Mixed Colors Double and semi-double flowers in a pleasing mixture of many showy colors. 18 in. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢.

ICELAND Poppies (Perennial)

Colorful silken flowers on graceful wiry stems, 15 to 18 in. long. Will bloom the first year if sown curvy.

1667 Mixed A choice blend of the finest colors.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢.

Pinks—Dianthus

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Dwarf, compact plants, about 1 ft. tall, of the easiest culture. Flowers are brilliantly colored, of different forms, to 1 in. across. Bloom from July until frost.

1270 Floradale Flowers are very large, single, and have deeply fringed petals. Every color known in dianthus is in this mixture, and in addition to self colors there are flowers of many fancy patterns. Bushy, compact, free flowering plants. 12 in. tall.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢.

1294 Double Mixed Heirloom Marvelous colors from white to crimson, laced and striped; fine double blooms. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢.

1510 Single and Double, Mixed Some are edged and spotted, others beautifully eyed with contrasting colors. All combinations known in pinks.
Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢; ½ oz. 70¢.

1509 Fringed, Double Mixed Laced Large, fringed, carnation-like flowers, many with fine fringes, some with contrasting colors on the edges. The most impressive.
Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢.

PERENNIAL PINKS

Popular, profuse blooming hardy plants; flower in spring and early summer. Many will bloom first year if seed is started early.

1303 Allwoodii Large double, semi-double and single flowers in a charming range of colors and markings. 1 ft. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

1512 Wintertide Flowers are large, single and delightfully sweet-scented. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 55¢.

1946 Red Hot Poker—Tritoma

1946 Early Hybrids (Tender Perennial) Stately, impressive plants with narrow, grass-like leaves and spear-like spikes of pale yellow to orange-scarlet flowers through August and September. Showy in the garden; fine to cut. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢.

1593 Maule's Special Giant Pansies This is a fancy blend assembled for advertising purposes. Its value is 35¢ per pkt., but we are glad to offer it to our regular customers as well as to new ones at only............. Pkt. 10¢.

Pansies

For many years we have specialized in pansies—and today Maule's Pansies are grown all over the world by those who want the very best at low cost. Plant in rich, well-drained soil in a sunny position; keep flowers picked for continuous bloom. For earliest blooms, start seed indoors.

GIANT PHENOMENAL

1600 Mixed Colors The very largest, choicest and most "phenomenal" of pansies. The mixture is especially rich in pansies of the ruffled type, and there are many and varied colors and color combinations. The presence of many pansies of those wine-red shades so rare among flowers has endeared it to many Maule customers. Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 85¢; ¼ oz. $1.25.

MASTERPIECE (RUFFLED)

1595 Mixed Colors So ruffled and waved that flowers appear double. Our mixture contains many colors, mostly rich, dark and velvety shades. Not the largest of pansies, but one of the most beautiful. Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 75¢; ¼ oz. $1.25.

IMPROVED SWISS GIANTS

1610 Mixed Colors The richly colored blooms are extremely large, round and crinkled. There is a predominance of deep red. The flowers are marked with blotches of deeper contrasting color.
Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 75¢; ¼ oz. $1.25.

TRIMARDEAU OR GIANT BEDDING

1602 Mixed Colors Excellent pansies for edging and bedding where color effect is of more importance than size of blooms. Flowers are suitable for cutting.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 85¢.

MAULE'S PRIZE GIANTS

1614 Mixed Colors Very large flowers in an endless variety of the most beautiful colors. There are the finest solo-colors, including white, yellow, pink, rose, blue, purple and the rare and desirable red shades. Some of the pansies are velvety and bordered with contrasting colors, while others have clearly defined mahogany-brown, black or purple eyes. Some are wide and flaring, while others are attractively waved. They are large, 3 in. or more across, of perfect form, heavy substance, and very long-stemmed. Pkt. 35¢; ½ oz. $1.00; ¼ oz. $1.75.

OREGON GIANTS

1594 Superline Mixture Grown for us in Oregon; flowers are of the largest size—well-grown blooms measuring 4 in. across. A gracefully waved edge adds to the charm of these giant flowers, which otherwise are more flat-topped than other pansies. Extra long stems. Colors range from white to richest purple.
Pkt. 35¢; ½ oz. $1.00; ¼ oz. $1.75.
Giant Petunias

The giant petunias listed on this page are the aristocrats of the family. They produce the largest, fanciest, most unique blooms of all. The supremely fine results obtained from these petunias justify the extra care necessary to start the plants indoors.

Giant Ruffled Petunias

The largest of all petunias; when well grown blooms measure 5 to 6 in. across. Edges of petals are deeply waved or ruffled. Their extra feature of contrasting vein coloring adds so much to the marvelous beauty of these Giant Single Petunias. unsurpassed for bedding, cutting and pots.

Dwarf Giants of California

1620 Finest Mixed Compact, stocky plants with truly enormous, heavily ruffled and wavy flowers, 4 to 5 in. across, in an unusually large variety of the finest colors. Superb for bedding and desirable for pot culture. This mixture belongs in the Giant Ruffled group, but its individuality in colors and its distinctly dwarf habit of growth place it almost in a class of its own. Extra care when the plants are small insures the finest flowers.

Special Blend

1638 Finest Mixed Ruffled Giants A well-balanced blend of Giant Ruffled Petunias; many gorgeous colors—with wide-open, light or dark throat, netted and veined, often in stunning contrasting colors. These are very free flowering and always admired. Since these are the largest flowered of all petunias, they are hobbyists’ favorites. Just get a ruler and see how wide a 6 in. blossom is! Very special price

New!

Alldouble Petunia

1624 Colossal Shades of Rose

All-America Silver Medal winner for 1946. The most gigantic double blossoms ever seen in petunias. This new variety often produces flowers over 5 in. across, and they are always fully double, with fringed or ruffled petals. The blossom colors are most delightful, ranging from pale rose-pink to deepest rose mauve. Plants grow 20 in. tall.

1613 America

Alldouble Petunia

1613 America All-America 1943 Silver Medal Winner.

Dwarf Petunia

The first Alldouble Petunia ever created in America and one of the finest and most novel of the new flowers. Plant habit is compact and uniform, 1 ft. high and 1½ ft. across; begins to bloom very early and continues to flower profusely until frost. The rose-pink flowers, 2 in. or more across, come 100% true for doubleness. Ideal for beds, borders and pots.

1644 Giant Fringed Petunia

Giant Single Petunias

Blooms are quite large, 4 in. or more across. They are smooth edged; that is, they are not fringed or ruffled, but deeply five-lobed. As with other giant petunias, seed should be started indoors in boxes six to eight weeks before your usual planting time.

1649 Giant Single Flowered, Finest Mixed

Bright showy colors and color combinations in mixture. Wonderful for massed effect.

Giant Fringed Petunias

Flowers are attractively fringed or frilled about the edges, and have a delicacy and grace all their own. Large, single blooms, 4 in. or more across. Sow the seed indoors two months ahead of your usual planting time.

1645 Finest Mixed, Giant Fringed

Only the choicest fringed petunias are included. There are many rich colors, some blotched and variegated.

1645 Giant Fringed Petunia

1649 Giant Single Flowered Petunia

Pkt. (100 seeds) $1.00.

Pkt. 125; ½ oz. 75c; ¼ oz. 1.25.

Pkt. 20c; ½ oz. 70c.

Pkt. 20c; ½ oz. 60c.
Bedding Type Petunias

Dwarf Compact Varieties of Bedding Petunias

Little bushy plants about 1 ft. high, so completely covered with flowers that the foliage is hidden from view. Ideal for edgings to taller plants, beds, borders, and pot culture.

**1611 Cream Star**  Soft creamy white flowers deepening to golden yellow towards throat; shaped like a five-pointed star. All-America winner.
  Pkt. 25¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

**1637 Rose of Heaven**  Bright rose petals with lighter colored throat. Showy and effective.
  Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

**1635 Rosy Morn**  Clear rose-pink, with a white throat adding to its fragility and attractiveness.
  Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

**1621 Snowball**  The blooms are so white and so profusely formed that the plants look like little mounds of snow, the blossoms actually hiding the foliage.
  Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢.

**1707 Salmon Supreme**  The flowers are rich coral-salmon changing to soft salmon-pink, 2 in. across, and are produced freely on neat plants of rounded and compact form.
  Pkt. 25¢; ¼ oz. 85¢; ½ oz. $1.50.

**1607 Twinkles**  A bicolor petunia of great grace and attractiveness. Twinkles is a brilliant rose color, marbled in various ways with white. These markings most frequently take the form of a star, as shown in the illustration below. A most desirable bedding flower.
  Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

**1640 Finest Mixed, Dwarf Compact Petunias**  Colors are rich and varied. Makes a grand display.
  Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 45¢; ½ oz. 75¢.

---

Large Flowered Bedding or Balcony Petunias

These are the largest flowered of the bedding type, and make excellent plants for window boxes, porch and balcony boxes, and large beds. Branches are long and trailing.

**1641 Balcony Blue**  A popular color, deep violet-blue of unvarying intensity and soft, velvety texture. This color combined with Balcony White makes a lovely bed or vase of cut flowers.

**1643 Balcony Crimson**  Deep crimson of unusual vivacity. Always attracts attention because of its brightness and cheerful appearance.

**1644 Balcony Rose**  Bright and showy, combines well with other colors. The most familiar petunia color and the one which has endeared this flower to generations of gardeners.

**1659 Balcony White**  Pure white, without veining or throat marking of any other color. This solid white makes it a perfect companion to all other varieties.

**1666 Blue Wonder**  Silvery mid-blue flowers. A wonderful improvement over other blue petunias. The blue of this variety closely approximates the familiar blue found in cornflowers.

Any of the above: Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢.

---

**4159 Balcony Petunia Collection**

4 Pkts.—One each of Blue, Crimson, Rose and White—very popular for hanging baskets or window-box planting, as well as for bedding or ground cover (value 60¢) for only 50¢.

**4162 Old Glory Bedding Petunia Collection**

3 Pkts.—One each of Red, White and Blue for a glorious display (value 30¢) for only 25¢.

WM. HENRY MAULE, SEEDSMEN
Salpiglossis
Painted Tongue, Velvet Trumpet
1721 Emperor Mixed Colors
Large, trumpet-like flowers, velvety in texture and of the richest colors—beautifully penciled, netted and veined with golden yellow, crimson and purple. Blooms from July until frost. Desirable for bedding and excellent for cutting. 21/2 ft. tall. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢; 1 oz. 40¢.

Sanvitalia—Creeping Zinnia
1719 Procumbens
Small, deep golden yellow, zinnia-like double flowers are freely borne on spreading plants which grow about 6 in. tall. Blooms all summer and fall. Excellent for edgings, rock gardens, and graves in dry places. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 40¢.

Snow-on-the-Mountain
Euphorbia
1329 Variagata
Showy foliage plants, the top leaves attractively marked with white. While they may be planted in beds, they are mostly used as a background to dwarfer plants, for foundation plantings or groups. They prefer a sunny location. 3 to 4 ft. tall. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢.

Star of Texas
Salvia
1768 Flowers are light canary-yellow with a lighter colored center; single, daisy-like, with long, pointed petals. Stems are thin and strong, and although they are not very long, they are suitable for cutting. Does well in dry, open places. Bushy, erect plants, 1 1/2 ft. high. Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢.

Statice—Sea Lavender
Sinuata
Clusters of colorful, straw-like everlasting flowers of great value, either fresh or dried. 2 ft. 1770 Blue
1771 Rose
1772 White
1773 Mixed Colors
Above and others. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

1756 Bonduelli, Improved

1757 Statice Sinuata, Mixed
MAULE’S SEEDS

Scabiosa
Also known as Pincushion Flower, Sweet Scabious, and Mourning Bride. Blooms from midsummer until frost. An annual, but seed sown early in spring is very freely and greatly improved. Does well in any good soil and a sunny location.

MEDIUM TALL LARGE FLOWERED DOUBLE
Plants average 2 ft. Pretty in beds and borders; highly prized for cutting. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

1731 Peace
The flowers are 1 1/2 to 2 in. across, of perfect form, almost spherical in shape, pure white without any tingeing of pink or mauve. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

1744 Heavenly Blue
Flowers are round, soft azure-blue and borne most profusely on long stems well above the foliage. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

TALL LARGE FLOWERED DOUBLE
Plants grow about 3 ft. tall. Unsuspected for cutting as blooms as long as a long time. Pkt. 25¢; 1/4 oz. 1.00; 1/2 oz. 1.75.

1747 Blue Cockade
Deep azure-blue. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 60¢; 1/2 oz. $1.00.

1735 Pompadour
Large flowers, 2 1/4 in. across. Intense blackish purple blending into lighter rose-purple, heavily edged white. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 60¢; 1/2 oz. $1.00.

1739 Red
Rich, glowing color. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 60¢; 1/2 oz. $1.00.

1736 Shasta
Pure white. Any of the above. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

1742 Mixed Colors
All the above. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢; 1/2 oz. 60¢.

1748 Giant Hybrids
Extra large, very double blooms in a charming mixture of colors, including rare shades. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 45¢.

1453 Collection of Four Lovely Scabiosas
4 Pkts.—One each of Red, Blue Cockade, Pompadour, and Shasta (value 40¢) for only 30¢.

1743 Perennial Scabiosa
PERENNIAL SCABIOSA
(Blue Bonner)
1743 Caucasica
Artistically shaped flowers of a soft, charming shade of lavender-blue are freely borne on long stems. 2 ft. Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 60¢.

1757 Scabiosa, Giant Hybrids

1766 Red Sunflower

Scarlet Sage
(Salvia)
Popular for beds and borders. Do not other plant brings such vivid color to the garden from early summer until fall. May be used for cutting. Start seeds indoors; set plants out when weather gets warm.

1724 America or Globe of Fire
Quite early and very free blooming. Bright scarlet-red spikes cover the globular plants. 1½ ft. Pkt. 25¢; 1/4 oz. $1.00; 1/2 oz. $1.75.

1723 Bonfire
Well-rounded, sturdy bushes of even height with rather upright, stately spikes of scarlet-red carried well above the foliage. 2 ft. tall. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 60¢; 1/2 oz. $1.00.

1726 Scarlet Bedder
Plants are neatly rounded, quite compact, about 1 ft. tall, and literally covered with showy, stocky, scarlet flower spikes. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 60¢; 1/2 oz. $1.00.

1762 Chrysanthemum-Flowered Double
Golden yellow blooms, 6 to 8 in. across, and double to the very center. 5 to 7 ft. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢.

1768 Annual Sweet William,
Dianthus barbatus

1922 Annual Sweet William,
Dianthus barbatus

1992 Vinca rosea—Periwinkle

Vinca rosea—Periwinkle
Periwinkles are just about the surest fire flowers there are. They grow readily and are practically immune to disease and insect damage. The leaves are glossy green; the blossoms are attractive, five petal shaped flowers of shades of rose and pink as well as white. Blossoms in midsummer and continues until late fall. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 40¢.

Viola cornuta—Tufted Pansy
2026 Finest Mixed (Perennial)
Flowers the first year if seed is sown early. May until frost, smaller flowered than pansies, but bloom over a longer period. Many colors. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢.
Snapdragons

Snapdragons are easily grown in ordinary well-drained garden soil in either full sun or semi-shade. Flowers are freely produced for several months and until frost where conditions are favorable. For earliest blooms sow seed indoors about six weeks before your regular outdoor planting time.

RUST-RESISTANT TALL GIANT SNAPDRAGONS

The tallest spikes and the largest flowers. Plants grow 2 to 3 ft. tall. They are base branching, each plant producing up to 18 long, graceful spikes covered with large flowers.

963 Copper Shades
968 Crimson With carmine tube.
977 Golden Rod Wonderful plants.
969 Pink Shades
970 White Giant Faintly spotted yellow on the lip.
978 Yellow Giant Canary yellow with white tube.

Any of the above:
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; ½ oz. 85¢.

950 Mixed Colors The above and other desirable shades. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; ½ oz. 70¢; ½ oz. $1.25.

4108 Tall Giant Rust-Resistant Snapdragon Collection

6 Pkts.—One each of the above 6 separate colors for a beautiful display in the garden or in vases (Value 90¢) for only 75¢.

SUPER MAJESTIC, RUST-RESISTANT

972 Mixed Colors Highly immune to the rust disease. Stalks grow about 2 ft. tall and there are usually 10 to 20 spikes per plant. All the colors found in this wonder flower are in this mixture and there are others never seen before in snapdragons.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 55¢; ½ oz. 90¢.

SEMI-TALL, LARGE FLOWERED

Neat, bushy, compact growing plants, about 15 in. tall, each bearing many long, dense spikes of large flowers. They are very free flowering.

939 Rose Brilliant shade of rose.
954 Golden Large, golden yellow.
955 Mauve Soft orchid-mauve.
941 Purity Glistening pure white.

Any of the above:
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; ½ oz. 75¢.

940 Mixed Colors, Semi-Tall Large Flowered A well-blended mixture of all colors.
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; ¼ oz. 60¢.

4113 Semi-Tall Large Flowered Snapdragon Collection

4 Pkts.—One each of the four named separate varieties (Value 60¢) for only 45¢.

MAJESTIC SEMI-TALL GIANT FLOWERED

Flowers are as large as those of the tall giant type, but the massive, Byzantine-like spikes grow only 1½ to 2 ft. tall. The flowers are closely set on the spikes.

936 Eldorado Deep golden yellow.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; ½ oz. 75¢.

957 Mixed Colors, Majestic Giant Flowered The above and other lovely colors including white, salmon-rose, and scarlet in a wonderful mixture.
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; ¼ oz. 70¢.

MAULE'S FLOWERS 63
Maule's Wonderful Zinnias

Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias

Flowers are very large, grow up to 6 in. across, and about 2 in. in depth; they greatly resemble giant dahlias. Plants grow about 3 ft. tall, are sturdy, well branched, and hold their showy, long-stemmed flowers well above the foliage. Bright and attractive in the garden, beds, or borders, and wonderful for cutting.

2071 Canary Bird Delicate primrose yellow, the color varying as the flowers mature.
2058 Dream Deep lilac lavender changing to rich purple.
2063 Exquisite Light rose outer edges with deep rose center.
2062 Golden Dawn Golden yellow.
2057 Illumination The name aptly describes the vivid, luminous, deep Tyrian rose color.
2061 Oriole Bright glinting orange center, the outer petals a rich gold, showy bicolor.
2063 Polar Bear These big white zinnias make lovely bouquets alone or in combination with others.
2052 Purple Prince Extremely brilliant purple.
2073 Scarlet Flare Opening flowers are brightest orange-scarlet becoming intense red as they mature.
2095 Will Rogers Most brilliant scarlet-red.

Any of the above Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias:

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; ¼ oz. 60¢.

2065 Maule's Special
Giant Dahlia Flowered Mixture

A blend that cannot be outdone. All the separate varieties described above are in the mixture to assure the most pleasing effect.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

4197 Special Collection
Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias

6 Pkts., One each of Canary Bird, Exquisite, Purple Prince, Oriole, Polar Bear, and Will Rogers. The best assortment of large flowered zinnias money can buy.

Value 90¢, for only 50¢.

Burpee's Super Giants

Biggest and Newest Zinnias

2035 Special Mixture Bigger than Dahlia Flowered, with a wide diversity of colors and flower forms. Rare tones of apricot, cream, buff, and salmon; shades of rose and orange, as well as white, scarlet, and crimsons. Many are of two or more combinations of colors. Flowers 5½ to 6½ in. across; some like Dahlia Flowered, with curled and twisted petals somewhat similar to the David Burpee Zinnias. An extremely fine new variety.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; ¼ oz. 70¢.

Fantasy Zinnias

2089 Star Dust Beautiful golden yellow, well-rounded flowers, 3 to 3½ in. across. Petals are narrow, tubular and prettily twisted, which gives them the appearance of a small shaggy chrysanthemum.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; ¼ oz. 60¢.

2096 Mixed Colors Flowers of a most artistic form, borne on long, stiff stems. Colors include red, yellow, orange, pastel pinks, lavender and cream. 2 to 2½ ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

Cupid Zinnias—Smallest of All

2089 Mixed Colors Flowers grow less than 1 in. across and are borne continuously from early summer until frost. Fine for beds, borders, edgings, and rock gardens. Flowers are borne on stems long enough for cutting. Our mixture contains rich scarlet, bright yellow, purple, white, and other shades. 1 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; ¼ oz. 50¢.

Miscellany

We present here a few items which refuse to be classified, but which, we think, are worth a place in your garden. They are all hardy annuals, and will be found to be useful in the garden.

2024 Maule's Wonder Garden Special Mixture

A surprise mixture of the easiest and surest growing annual flower seeds (no climbers) that may be sown broadcast, to give a natural or wild effect in the garden, in flower beds, borders, or corners. With little care, a charming effect may be had from early summer to frost.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ½ lb. $1.00.

4135 The Children's Garden

Here's a group of 12 different annual flowers chosen because of their attractiveness and extreme ease of growing. These flowers are offered in full-size packets at a great bargain. Sweet Alyssum, Empress Celosia, African Marigold Mixed, Mignonette Mixed, Dwarf Nasturtium Mixed, Calendula Mixed, Dwarf Petunias Mixed, Pinks Single and Double Mixed, Aster American Beauty Mixed, Portulaca Single Mixed, Cornflowers Mixed, and Zinnia California Giants Mixed.

12 Pkts., One of each (value $1.35) for only $1.00.

4101 Maule's Dollar Flower Garden

These four packets make a whole flower garden in themselves, and the group is being advertised in magazines this year as Maule's Dollar Flower Garden for 10¢. This unheard-of bargain has been purchased by many thousands of prospective Maule customers, but we feel that it is only fair to offer the same seeds at the same price to our friends who receive our catalog year after year. Accordingly, we will send the four packets listed above (Collection 4101), value $1.00, for only 10¢.
Zinnias are Easy to Grow

David Burpee Zinnias

2026 Finest Mixed While the flower heads are very large, it is their shaggy, chrysanthemum-like form that is most striking. The petals are attractively curled and quilled, and even the leaves are curiously twisted. Unusual range of colors, such as apricot, cream, buff, burnt orange, rose, and peach. Some flowers are solid colors while others are a blend of two or three colors. 3 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 40¢.

Lilliput, Baby or Pompon Zinnias

The little pompon flowers, an inch or more across, are most appealing whether seen in borders, beds, or as cut flowers. The plants grow 12 to 18 in. high, are bushy and very free blooming. Nice as edgings to taller zinnias.

2025 Black Ruby
2062 Canary Yellow
2074 Crimson Gem
2077 Golden Gem
2078 Lilac Gem
2079 Rosebud
2080 Salmon Rose
2081 White Gem

Any of the above Lilliput Zinnias:

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

2076 Mixed Colors A well-balanced blend of the above and other colors.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢.

4186 Collection 5 Lilliput Zinnias

5 Pkts.—One each of Crimson Gem, Golden Gem, Lilac Gem, Salmon Rose, and White Gem (value 30¢) for only 40¢.

California Giant Zinnias

Large, flat blooms that are most graceful and attractive, 3 to 6 in. across, and about 1 in. thick, and composed of overlapping loosely arranged petals. The plants grow 3 ft. tall.

2091 Enchantress Two-tone rose.
2039 Lavender Gem Deep lavender.
2043 Lemon Queen Lemon-yellow.
2053 Orange King Orange-scarlet.
2052 Purity Pure white.
2065 Rose Queen Clear bright rose.
2053 Scarlet Gem Glowing scarlet.
2054 Violet Queen Purplish violet.

Any of the above California Giants:

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢.

2064 Mixed Colors All of the separate colors have been carefully blended into a grand mixture.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢.

4188 Collection of 4 Choice California Giant Zinnias

4 Pkts.—One each of Rose Queen, Lemon Queen, Purity, and Scarlet Gem (value 40¢) for only 25¢

Cut-and-Come-Again Zinnias

Flowers measure about 3½ in. across and the more you cut, the more the plants will bloom. These are medium sized zinnias, both in plant and blossom, and frequently blend better in mixed cut flowers than the massive blooms of the giant types.

2028 Canary Yellow
2029 Crimson
2031 Golden Orange
2032 Pinkie
2033 Salmon Rose
2027 Bright Scarlet
2034 White

Any of the above 7 colors:

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢.

2040 All Colors Mixed All the above and others are included in this mixture of Cut-and-Come-Again Zinnias.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢.

Double Mexican or Miniature Zinnias

2038 Mixed Colors Flowers are semi-double and double, 1 to 1½ in. across, in shades of orange, yellow and maroon, bordered creamy white. 12 to 18 in. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢.

2054 California Giant Zinnias, Mixed Colors

MAULE'S SEEDS
FREE LEAFLETS order by number
A1 Suggestions for Vegetable Gardener...
A2 Insect Pests and Plant Diseases...
A3 Canning, Freezing, and Drying Vegetables...
A4 Starting Seeds Indoors...
A5 Winter Storage of Vegetables...
A6 Little Known Vegetables and Their Uses...
A7 Flowering Bulbs...
A8 Root Crops...
A9 Lettuce and Other Greens...
A10 Garden Pea Culture...
A11 Onions from Seed or Sets...
A12 Culture and Use of Vegetable Soy Beans...
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUANTITY</th>
<th>CATALOG NUMBER</th>
<th>NAME OF VARIETIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Total amount to enclose**  

**DEAR FRIEND:** Will you send us the name of a friend or two of yours who would like to have a copy of our seed catalog? If you will do us this favor, please use a separate slip of paper. Thank you very much.

**All goods are sold under The Maule Guarantee**  
We guarantee the vitality and purity of Maule’s seeds and bulbs to the full amount of the purchase price. We guarantee to refill your order or refund any time within a year the full amount paid us for seeds, bulbs or roots if you are not satisfied with the results. We send you only the highest quality seeds and bulbs and gladly stand behind them. But weather, soil and care also influence crops, so in no case shall we be responsible for any amount beyond the sum you actually pay us for the seeds, bulbs or roots.

Printed in U. S. A.
Wm. Henry Maule
Philadelphia 32, Pa. or Clinton, Iowa

Send me the following, in accordance with the Maule guarantee:

Name. .................................................................

Please write plainly. Ladies use Mrs. or Miss

R. D. or St. ............................................................

Post Office ...........................................................

State .................................................................

Express Office
(if different from P.O.) ...........................................

AMOUNT ENCLOSED $.............................

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUANTITY</th>
<th>CATALOG NUMBER</th>
<th>NAME OF VARIETIES</th>
<th>PRICE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AMOUNT TO CARRY TO NEXT PAGE $.............................

TOTAL $.............................
The **HOW-TO-DO-IT** page

"How to Make Sauerkraut"
"How to Make Cantaloupe Butter"
"How to Make Dried Corn"
"How to Make Dill Pickles"

**FREE with each purchase**
- #131 Maule’s Genuine Surehead Cabbage - Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢
- #371 Maule’s Perfection Muskmelon - Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢
- #231 Aristogold Bantam Evergreen - Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 40¢; lb. 70¢
- #260 National Pickling Cucumber - Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢
4226 AMERICAN BEAUTY ASTER COLLECTION
Wilt Resistant
6 Pkts.—One of each color shown
here, value 90¢, for only 50¢

1079 All colors mixed Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢